TKM COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Government Aided and Autonomous)

celebrating 60 years of excellence



B. Tech Curriculum 2024

Preface to the Curriculum

The new undergraduate curriculum of TKM College of Engineering is designed to provide students with the skills and knowledge they need to become competent engineers capable of tackling real-world problems in a variety of fields. The curriculum is carefully designed to expose students to both theoretical and practical aspects of engineering and provide them with hands-on experience in the latest technologies and tools used in the industry. The courses given in the curriculum are tailored in a student centric fashion to ensure that they receive well-rounded education with the flexibility to customize their own learning experience according to their interests and career goals.

The allocation of 170 credits, of which 167 are from courses and 3 from activity points, over a period of four years, with each year comprising of two semesters. All courses in the curriculum are designed to highlight the significance of applying knowledge to engineering and technology challenges, fostering creativity, innovation, and developing entrepreneurial capabilities.

The curriculum includes project-based courses that emphasize hands-on learning and real-world applications supported by the fundamentals of engineering. These courses are offered with lab components, which allow students to gain practical experience in applying the concepts that they have learned. Additionally, there are basic science courses with lab components, core courses without practical components and lab courses to provide breadth wise knowledge in the area of recent technological trends. These variety of courses ensure that students receive a well-rounded education. They also get the flexibility to customize their own learning experience according to their interests and career goals. In addition to the core courses, students have the opportunity to choose from a wide range of elective courses in specialized areas.

The industry internship included in the curriculum will give students the opportunity to apply their theoretical knowledge to practical situations and expand their industrial knowledge. The students can opt for MOOC courses corresponding to Professional Elective and Open Elective Courses during their 7th and 8th semesters, which will give them opportunity for doing internships.

Moreover, the extracurricular activities that students can participate in to earn activity points will provide them with a well-versed education and help them develop important skills such as leadership, teamwork, and communication. This is a great initiative to ensure that students not only excel academically but also develop important life skills that will help them in their future endavours.

GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE

1. Credit and Courses:

| Classification | Credit assigned |
|---|-----------------|
| 1 Hour Lecture [L] per week | 1 Credit |
| 1 Hour Tutorial [T]per week | 1 Credit |
| 1 Hour Project [J] per week | 1 Credit |
| 2 Hours Practice/Practical [P] per week | 1 Credit |

Credits are a unit of measurement for course work and are based on the number of hours of instruction required per week. One hour of classroom lecture (L) that is 60 minutes long per week, is considered as one Instructional Unit or one Credit. The same goes for a tutorial (T) or a project (J) that is 60 minutes long per week.

In addition, a minimum of 2hours per week of laboratory session, practical or field work, training (P) or a combination of these, carried out during all weeks of the semester, is also considered one Instructional Unit or one Credit.

Credit pattern

The B.Tech. program curriculum has a total of 167 academic credits and 3 additional pass/fail credits that can be gained through 100 activity points. The program will accommodate courses from other disciplines also, so that students have multi-disciplinary exposure. Additionally, the program provides sufficient opportunities for students to enhance their communication, soft skills and managerial skills, along with technical skills. Depending on the program, the courses fall under engineering, basic science, humanities science, and management categories. The structure of the UG program essentially have the following categories of courses with the breakup of credits as given below:

| S1 No: | Category | Co | Credit Breakup | | | | |
|--------|--|------|-------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| 1 | Humanities and Social Sciences including | HSI | MC | 16 | | | |
| | Management courses | | | | | | |
| 2 | Basic Science courses | BS | SC | 22 | | | |
| 3 | Engineering Science courses including workshop, | | | | | | |
| | drawing, basics of electrical/ mechanical/computer | ES | SC | 27 | | | |
| | etc. | | | | | | |
| 4 | Professional Core Courses | PC | CC | 59 | | | |
| 5 | Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen | PEC | | 12 | | | |
| | specialization/ branch | [MS] | [IEC] | 12 | | | |
| 6 | Open Electives - Electives from other technical and | OEC | [IEC] | | | | |
| | /or emerging areas | OEC | | 9 | | | |
| 7 | Major Project, seminar and internship in industry or | PR | O I | 17 | | | |
| | elsewhere | PK | 00 | 17 | | | |
| 8 | Mandatory Courses | M | С | 5 | | | |
| 9 | Mandatory Student Activities | S | A | 3 | | | |
| | Total Credit | | | 170 | | | |
| | Optional Specialization | | | | | | |
| 10 | Honors | Н | R | 20 | | | |
| 11 | Minor | M | R | 20 | | | |
| | Total credits with optional specialization | | | 190 | | | |

10 to 15 % deviation in credits is permitted under each discipline. While developing the curriculum, the department offering the program should ensure that the above distribution shall be attained by the students upon their completion of their program. Either Minor or Honors can be opted from the optional specialization.

The courses are organized into 1/2/3/4/5/6/14 credit courses based on the content delivery mechanism and desired depth of the course. The delivery methods include Theory-only, Theory with tutorial, Theory with practice, Theory with project etc. The L-T-P-J notation for each course signifies the allocation of hours for content delivery in terms of Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Practical (P), and Project (J) per week, as well as the credit earned from the course. Apart from lecture, tutorial, practical/practice and the project hours, the curriculum offers Self learning hours(S) that indicates the number of hours students are expected to spent for activities outside the class defined by the faculty handling courses, and for the activities that support learning, initiated by the students themselves without the guidance from the faculty concerned. For each course, Self-learning hours per week is calculated as:

$$S = (L*1+T*0+P*1+[J/2])$$

where J belongs to the project component of a project-based course. Thus, the L-T-P-J-S-C for each course indicates the number of hours scheduled as Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Practical (P), Project (J), Self-study hours (S) and the total instructional delivery indicated as Credits (C).

$$C = L + T + [P/2] + J$$

For mandatory courses, irrespective of number of hours allotted in L-T-P-J the credit assigned will be 1.

| S1 No. | Lecture-Tutorial- Practical/ Project [L-T-P-J] | Self-learning hours[S] | Credit [C] | Description |
|-----------|--|---------------------------|---------------|---|
| 1 | 1-0-0-0 | 1 | 1 | Theory course without End |
| 2 | 2-0-0-0 | 2 | 2 | Semester Examination [ESE] |
| 3 | 2-0-2-0 | 4 | 3 | Theory course integrated with practical |
| 4 | 2-2-0-0 | 2 | 4 | |
| 5 | 2-1-0-0 | 2 | 3 | Theory course with tutorial |
| 6 | 3-1-0-0 | 3 | 4 | |
| 7 | 3-0-0-0 | 3 | 3 | Theory course |
| 8 | 3-1-2-0 | 5 | 5 | Theory course integrated with |
| 9 | 2-1-2-0 | 4 | 4 | practical and tutorial |
| 10 | 1-0-2-0 | 3 | 2 | Theory course integrated with practical without ESE |
| 11 | 3-0-2-0 | 5 | 4 | Theory course integrated with practical |
| 12 | 2-0-2-2 | 5 | 5 | Project based course |
| 13 | 0-0-2-0 | 2 | 1 | Practical course without ESE |
| 14 | 0-0-4-0 | 4 | 2 | Practical course without ESE |
| 15 | 0-0-6-0 | 6 | 3 | Seminar |
| 16 | 0-0-14-0 | 12 | 7 | Major Project |
| | I | Mandatory Course | s with 1 | credit |
| 17 | 2-0-0-0 | 2 | 1* | Theory Courses |
| | 3-0-0-0 | 3 | | |
| 18 | 2-0-2-0 | 4 | 1* | Theory course integrated with lab |
| 19 | 0-0-0-2 | 1 | 1* | Socially Relevant Project |
| | | Minor/ Honor | rs Cours | e |
| 20 | 4-0-0-0 | 4 | 4 | Theory course |
| 21 | 0-0-0-4 | 2 | 4 | Project only course |

^{*}Credit for Mandatory Courses

Course Category:

In general, the curriculum of each program consists of courses that are categorised into different heads such as Program Core (PCC), Professional Elective (PEC), Project-based courses (PBC), and Open Elective courses (OEC). The details of such courses are given below.

Program Core (PCC) or Professional Core

Program or Professional Core (PCC) courses are program-specific and are typically designed to provide students with a strong foundation in the core concepts and skills of their chosen field of study. By completing the PCC courses, students will have a solid understanding of the fundamental principles and practices in their field, which will prepare them for more advanced coursework and professional work in the future.

Project Based Course (PBC):

Project-based courses (PBC) are designed to provide students with a deeper knowledge and understanding of real-world challenges and problems in their field of study. Through PBC courses, students have the opportunity to actively explore and apply theoretical knowledge to real-world problems. This can help them develop problem-solving skills and gain practical

experience that will be valuable in their future careers. Doing multiple projects can also help students develop a range of skills that include project management, teamwork, communication and presentation skills.

Professional Elective (PEC):

Professional Elective (PEC) courses are designed to provide students with an opportunity to study more advanced, applied, or specialized courses than the basic courses they study as part of their program or professional core courses. PEC courses can help students gain in-depth knowledge of a specific sub-field. These courses are typically more focused and specialized than program core courses, and can help students develop expertise in a particular area in their discipline.

PEC courses provide students with the flexibility to tailor their education to their interests and career goals.

Micro specialization:

Electives can be streamlined to certain sub-disciplines of the B.Tech program, which are sometimes referred to as micro-specializations. This allows students to graduate with different micro-specializations by selecting a set of professional elective courses that are aligned with industry requirements or higher studies. A micro-specialization can be acquired by opting any two theory courses from the list of professional electives which is in line with a Program Core Course.

Open Elective courses (OEC):

Open Electives are courses that students need to study in other discipline alongside their primary area of study. These courses are designed to give students greater flexibility over their curriculum, allowing them to pursue their interests and passions. Open Electives promote cross-disciplinary and multidisciplinary learning. Students have the freedom to choose suitable courses from different streams. This can be a great way to broaden the knowledge and skills and to explore new areas of interest.

Seminar

Seminars are given to provide opportunity for students to make technical presentation on their research or ideas on a specific topic, to a peer audience. Seminars can be used to enhance students' communication skills, critical thinking skills, and ability to synthesize information from technical publications. It can be also used to encourage students to read and collect recent and reliable information from technical publications including peer-reviewed journals, conference papers, books, project reports, and other sources. The purpose of seminars is to create a learning environment where students can engage in active discussions and develop their presentation skills. Participating in seminars, students can gain valuable experience and develop the skills they need to succeed in their future careers.

Major Project:

Every student need to complete major project that spans through 7th and 8th semester. The project in the seventh semester shall be continued as the project in the eighth semester.

<u>Minor and Honours courses:</u> The Minor in Engineering program allows students to obtain degree in another domain. They also get interdisciplinary experience and exposure to concepts and perspectives.

- ➤ The student should earn additional 20 credits to be eligible for the award of B. Tech Degree with Minor.
- ➤ Out of the 20 credits, 12 credits should be earned by undergoing a minimum of three courses, of which one course shall be a mini project based on the chosen area.
- > The remaining 8 credits could also be acquired through 2 MOOCs.

This program gives a great opportunity for students to broaden their understanding of the engineering profession.

Honors

Honors is intended for a student to gain advanced knowledge in an area with their B.Tech discipline in emerging/advanced areas in the branch of engineering concerned. Upon completion of Honors, a student will be better equipped to perform research in their branch of engineering.

- ➤ The student should earn additional 20 credits to be eligible for the award of B. Tech Degree with Honors.
- ➤ Out of the 20 credits, 12 credits should be earned by undergoing a minimum of three courses, of which one course should be a mini project based on the chosen specific area.
- ➤ The remaining 8 credits could be acquired through 2 MOOCs

Activity points:

To qualify for a B. Tech degree, all students are required to earn 100 activity points from various activity segments listed by the institution. These activity points are awarded on a pass/fail basis and are mandatory for obtaining the degree. While these activity points carry three credits, no grade is given for these credits, and they are not included in the calculation of the CGPA. The purpose of these activity points is to encourage students to participate in various extracurricular activities, such as sports, cultural events, and community service. For lateral entry students who join from the third semester, the activity point requirement is reduced to 75. The points earned by the student will be indicated in the consolidated academic statement, which is a record of the student's academic performance during their program.

The activity points can be earned by undertaking activities from different categories. Some of the categories are:

- (i) Internship
- (ii) MOOC/GRE/ TOEFL /GATE/ IELTS/MAT/SAT/CAT etc/ Foreign language proficiency
- (iii) Participation and organization of Co-curricular activities, Extracurricular activities.

Detailed list of activities and the related points are published along with the curriculum.

Socially Relevant Projects

The main purpose of Socially Relevant Projects is to connect the students with the society for mutual benefit. The community will benefit from the focused contribution of students towards local development. At the same time, the institution finds an opportunity to develop social sensibility and responsibility among students.

The objectives of Socially Relevant Projects are:

- ✓ To provide students with an opportunity to engage in meaningful community service and apply their learning to real-world situations.
- ✓ To promote civic responsibility and leadership skills among students, and to foster a deeper understanding of social issues.
- ✓ To facilitate the development of partnerships between colleges and local communities, and to contribute to local development.
- ✓ To encourage students to think critically and creatively about social issues, and to develop innovative solutions to address them.
- ✓ To promote interdisciplinary learning and collaboration, and to provide opportunities for students to apply their knowledge and skills across different fields.

Activities for Socially Relevant Project

- ❖ Conducting surveys and research on social issues and concerns to gain a better understanding of the problem and identify potential solutions.
- ❖ Developing and implementing educational programs to promote awareness and understanding of social issues and concerns.
- ❖ Collaborating with local NGOs and community groups to organize events and activities that promote social welfare and community development.
- ❖ Developing and implementing social welfare programs that address the needs of marginalized and vulnerable communities, such as homeless individuals, refugees, and low-income families.
- ❖ Conducting community service activities, such as volunteering at local shelters, food banks, and community centers.
- ❖ Developing and implementing environmental conservation programs that promote sustainable practices and reduce the impact of human activities on the environment.

- ❖ Creating and distributing educational materials, such as pamphlets and brochures, to raise awareness about social issues and concerns.
- ❖ Organizing fundraising events to support social welfare programs and community development initiatives.
- * Engaging in advocacy and lobbying efforts to influence public policy and promote social justice.

Procedure for doing Socially Relevant Project

- Assign a group of students or a single student to a particular habitation, village, or municipal ward in the near vicinity of their place of stay.
- Conduct a survey of the habitation to gain a better understanding of the social issues and concerns that need to be addressed. A common survey format could be designed to ensure consistency.
- ❖ Develop a project work related to the student's domain or subject area that addresses the identified social issues and concerns. The project should be designed to be socially relevant and have a positive impact on the community.
- ❖ Implement the project work with the help of the local community and relevant authorities. This could include organizing awareness programs, developing and implementing educational programs, conducting community service activities, and engaging in advocacy and lobbying efforts.
- ❖ Monitor and evaluate the project work to ensure that it is having the desired impact on the community. This could include conducting surveys and research, gathering feedback from the local community, and tracking key performance indicators.
- ❖ Document the project work and its impact on the community, and share the findings with relevant stakeholders, including the local community, government authorities, and academic institutions

Internships

Internships offer students an excellent opportunity to gain industry exposure and prepare for their future work environment. All B.Tech students shall complete a minimum of six to eight weeks of internship in any reputed industry, research organization, or another esteemed institute of higher learning. This requirement can be fulfilled any time after their first year of study and before the seventh semester. The training can be undertaken in a single stretch or in segments, with each segment lasting at least two weeks. Students should select the organization for their internship in consultation with their senior faculty advisor. Additionally, the curriculum provides the option to undertake full-semester internship in the 7th or 8th semester.

Structure of Course code:

Each course will be identified by a unique Course Code consisting of eight alpha numeric characters (Two digits, three alphabets which together followed by three digits) and is represented as **YYXXCSNN**, which can be interpreted as: YY – Regulation Year XX - Stream Code C- Course Delivery Mode, S – Semester Number (it can have a number from 1 to 8) NN-Course Sequence Number

For eg: 24CET303- is a theory course offered by the civil engineering department in the third semester of the 2024 scheme.

24MEL408 - is a laboratory course offered by the mechanical engineering department in the fourth semester of the 2024 scheme.

24CSP607 - - is a laboratory course offered by the computer science department in the sixth semester of 2024 scheme.

| Year of Regulation YY | Course category XX | Course delivery mode C | Semester Number S | Serial No. of course NN |
|-----------------------------|---|---|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 24 for 2024 regulation | BY -BIOLOGY CE - CIVIL ENGINEERING CH - CHEMICAL ENGINEERING CS - COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING CY - CHEMISTRY EC- ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING EE - ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING ER - ELECTRICAL & COMPUTER ENGINEERING AI - COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING AI - COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING SCIENCE COURSE HU - HUMANITY, SOCIAL SCIENCE AND MANAGEMENT MA - MATHEMATICS MC- MANDATORY COURSE ME - MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PY - PHYSICS | T - THEORY ALONE P - THEORY INTEGERATED WITH PRACTICAL COURSE L-LABORATORY COURSE J - THEORY NTEGERATED WITH PROJECT (PROJECT BASED COURSE) E - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSE O - OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE H - HONORS COURSE M - MINOR COURSE S - SEMINAR R - RESEARCH BASED MINI PROJECT D - PROJECT N - INTERNSHIP | 1 2 3 etc. | 01 02 03 etc. |

Assessment

In each semester, students shall be evaluated both by Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and End Semester Examinations (ESE) or by Continuous Internal Assessment alone based on

the credit assigned to the course. The Continuous Internal assessment shall be on the basis of the day-to-day work, periodic tests, assignments, quizzes, presentations and other suitable tools devised by the faculty. The faculty member(s) concerned should carry out the CIA for the courses allotted to them in the following perspectives with respect to all courses:

- Evaluation with respect to knowledge
- Evaluation with respect to Understanding
- Evaluation with respect to skill
- Evaluation with respect to Applications and/or
- Higher Order Thinking Skills

For the Practice part of a course or a pure Practice (Laboratory/Practical) course; due weightage shall be given for carrying out experiments, observations, collection of data, analysis, interpretation of results, inference etc. Timely submission of record work shall also carry due weightage based on the type of laboratories and the course. The CIA marks for individual courses shall be computed by giving weightage to the parameters given in the table below.

| Mark Distribution of CIA | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|--------|------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------|----------------|--|
| | | | The | eory [L- 1 | r] | Prac | tical [P] | Proje | ect [J] | | |
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | #Class work | Lab Exam | Evaluation 1 | Evalaution-2 | Report | Total Marks | |
| 1-0-0-0 | 5 | 25 | 20 | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | - | 50 | |
| 2-0-0-0 | 5 | 35 | 30 | 30 | - | _ | _ | - | - | 100 | |
| 1-0-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 20 | _ | 25 | 40 | _ | - | _ | 100 | |
| 0-0-2-0 | 5 | _ | _ | _ | 35 | 10 | _ | - | _ | 50 | |
| 0-0-4-0 | 5 | _ | _ | _ | 25 | 30 | _ | - | _ | 60 | |
| 2-1-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | - | - | _ | - | - | 40 | |
| 3-0-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | - | - | _ | - | _ | 40 | |
| 3-1-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | - | - | _ | - | _ | 40 | |
| 4-0-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | - | - | _ | - | _ | 40 | |
| 2-0-2-0 | 5 | 10 | _ | 15 | 15 | 15 | - | - | - | 60 | |
| 3-1-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 10 | 10 | | | | 60 | |
| 2-1-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 10 | 10 | - | - | - | 60 | |
| 3-0-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 10 | 10 | - | - | - | 60 | |
| 2-0-2-2 | 5 | 10 | _ | 15 | 10 | | 5 | 10 | 5 | 60 | |
| 2-2-0-0 | 5 | 10 | 12.5 | 12.5 | | | | | | 40 | |
| ^2-0-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 20 | | *45 | 20 | | | | 100 | |
| &0-0-4-0 | 5 | | | | 55 | 40 | | | | 100 | |

[^] For Idea lab only, & For Manufacturing Practices only *Split up is given in the syllabus

Assessment of Assignment component of CIA

Based on the course category the number of assignments that shall be given for each course may vary. The table given below gives the details about it.

| Course Category | L-T-P-J | Credit | Assessment of Assignment component of CIA |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---|
| Theory Course | 1-0-0-0 | 1 | |
| | 2-0-0-0 | 2 | One assessment per two and |
| Theory Embedded with Practical | 1-0-2-0 | 2 | half module |
| Theory Course | 2-1-0-0 | 3 | |
| | 2-2-0-0 | 4 | 7.6 |
| | 3-0-0-0 | 3 | Minimum two assessments per |
| | 3-1-0-0 | 4 | two and half modules. If more |
| | 4-0-0-0 | 4 | numbers are given, best two shall be considered for the |
| Theory Embedded with Practical | 2-0-2-0 | 3 | calculation of CIA. |
| | 3-1-2-0 | 5 | calculation of CIA. |
| | 2-1-2-0 | 4 | |
| | 3-0-2-0 | 4 | |
| Project Based Course | 2-0-2-2 | 5 | |

Evaluation Type, CIA & ESE Mark Distribution:

The evaluation type, CIA & ESE mark distribution for courses with various course structures are given in the following table:

| Evaluation Type | Course Category | L-T-P-J | Credit | CIA Mark | ESE Mark | CIA % | ESE % |
|--------------------|------------------------|----------|--------|-------------|-------------|----------|----------|
| | Theory Course | 1-0-0-0 | 1 | 50 | | | |
| | Theory Course | 2-0-0-0 | 2 | | | | |
| | Theory integrated with | 1-0-2-0 | 2 | 100 | | | |
| | Practical | | | | | | |
| CIA only | Practical | 0-0-2-0 | 1 | 50 | - | 100% | - |
| | Fractical | 0-0-4-0 | 2 | | _ | | |
| | Seminar | 0-0-6-0 | 3 | 100 | | | |
| | Project [Minor/Honor] | 0-0-0-4 | 4 | 100 | | | |
| | Major Project | 0-0-14-0 | 7 | | | | |
| | | 2-1-0-0 | 3 | | | | |
| | | 2-2-0-0 | 4 | | | | |
| | Theory Course | 3-0-0-0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 40% | 60% |
| | | 3-1-0-0 | 4 | | | | |
| CIA + ESE | | 4-0-0-0 | 4 | | | | |
| CIA + ESE | | 2-0-2-0 | 3 | | | | |
| | Theory integrated with | 3-1-2-0 | 5 | | | | |
| | Practical | 2-1-2-0 | 4 | 60 | 40 | 60% | 40% |
| | | 3-0-2-0 | 4 | | | | |
| | Project Based Course | 2-0-2-2 | 5 | | | | |

Evaluation pattern for End Semester Examination

The end-semester examination shall have the learning assessments from the following perspectives for all courses:

- Evaluation with respect to Knowledge
- Evaluation with respect to Understanding
- Evaluation with respect to Applications

Separate evaluation pattern shall be followed for ESE, as given in table below.

| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | ESE Marks | | | |
|--|--|--|--------------|--|--|--|
| PATTERN 1 | 10 Questions, each question carries 2 marks Marks: (2x10 = 20 marks) | 1 | 60 | | | |
| | TERN 1 10 Questions, each questions will be module, out of which should be answered can have a maxin divisions. Each question carries Marks: (5x8 = 40 mar Time: 3 hours Total Marks: 20 Total Marks: 20 Total Marks: [5x8 = 4 2 questions will be module, out of which should be answered can have a maxin divisions. Each question carries Marks: (5x8 = 40 mar Time: 2.5 hours Total Marks: 0 Total Marks: 0 Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 mar Time: 2.5 hours Total Marks: 0 Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 mar Time: 2.5 hours Total Marks: 0 Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 mar Time: 2.5 hours Total Marks: [5x12 = 60 mr Time: 3 hours Total Marks: 0 Total Marks: [5x12 = 60 mr Time: 3 hours Total Marks: 0 Total Marks: 5x12 = 60 mr Time: 3 hours Total Marks: 0 Total Marks: 5x12 = 60 mr Time: 3 hours Total Marks: 6x12 = 60 mr Time: 3 hours Total Marks: 6x12 = 60 mr Time: 3 hours Total Marks: 6x12 = 60 mr Time: 3 hours Total Marks: 6x12 = 60 mr Time: 3 hours | | | | | |
| PATTERN 2 | NIL | Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) | 40 | | | |
| | Total Marks: 0 | Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks] | | | | |
| PATTERN 3 [For the course 24EST108/24EST206 Engineering Graphics 2-2-0-0 | NIL | Each question carries 12 marks. Marks: (5x 12 = 60 marks) | 60 | | | |
| | Total Marks: 0 | Total Marks: [5x12 = 60 marks] | | | | |
| 24CHP701 Computer-Aided Process Design | NIL | 2 Questions, each question carries 40 marks. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub-divisions. Marks: (1x40 = 40 marks Time: 2.5 hours | 40 | | | |
| (2-1-2-0) | Total Marks: 0 | Total Marks: (1x40 = 40 marks) | COLA | | | |

The condition for passing a course shall be 40% for the End Semester Examination, 40% of CIA, and 50% for CIA and ESE put together. Letter grade 'F' will be awarded to the student for a course if either their marks for the ESE is below 40 % or mark for the CIA is below 40 % or the overall mark [Continuous Internal Evaluation + End Semester Examination] is below 50 %. For courses with only CIA [having no ESE], a minimum of 50% of CIA mark is required for passing.

Grade and Grade point

Grading is based on the overall percentage marks obtained by the student in a course. The grade card shows the grades obtained for the courses the student has registered. Semester grade card gives the grade for each registered course, Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) for the semester as well as Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA). The details of assigning Grades and the corresponding Grade point are given in the table below.

| Grades | Grade Point [GP] | % of Total Marks obtained |
|--------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| S | 10 | 90% and above |
| A+ | 9.0 | 85% and above but less than 90% |

| A | 8.5 | 80% and above but less than 85% |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---|
| B+ | 8 | 75% and above but less than 80% |
| В | 7.5 | 70% and above but less than 75% |
| C+ | 7.0 | 65% and above but less than 70% |
| С | 6.5 | 60% and above but less than 65% |
| D | 6 | 55% and above but less than 60% |
| P [Pass] | 5.5 | 50% and above but less than 55% |
| F [Fail] | 0 | Below 50% (CIA + ESE) or Below 40 % for ESE Below 40 % for CIA Below 50% for courses with only CIA and no ESE |
| FE | 0 | Failed due to lack of eligibility criteria |
| I | 0 | Could not appear for the end semester examination but fulfils the eligibility criteria. |
| First Class with Distinction | | CGPA 8.0 and above |
| First Class | | CGPA 6.5 and above |
| Equivalent percentage mark shall b | e = 10 * CGPA | |

Allotted and Cumulative Credits

The allotted and cumulative credits of circuit and non-circuit branches are given in table below

| Semester | | t branches , EE, ER AI] | Non-Circuit branches [CE, ME &CH] | | | | |
|----------|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Allotted Credits | Cumulative Credits | Allotted Credits | Cumulative Credits | | | |
| First | 20 | - | 23 | - | | | |
| Second | 23 | 43 | 21 | 44 | | | |
| Third | 24 | 67 | 23 | 67 | | | |
| Fourth | 22 | 89 | 22 | 89 | | | |
| Fifth | 21 | 110 | 21 | 110 | | | |
| Sixth | 20 | 130 | 20 | 130 | | | |
| Seventh | 21 | 151 | 21 | 151 | | | |
| Eighth | 16 | 167 | 16 | 167 | | | |

Circuit branches: Computer Science & Engineering [CS], Electronics & Communication [EC], Electrical & Electronics [EC], Electrical & Computer Science [ER] and Computer Science & Engineering [AI]

Non-Circuit branches: Civil [CE], Mechanical [ME] and Chemical Engineering [CH]

CURRICULUM: CIVIL ENGINEERING

| | FIRST SEMESTER | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------|----------|----------|--|---|---|---|---|----|-----------------|-------------------|-----|-------------------|
| Sl No | Slot | Code | Category | Title | L | Т | P | J | S | No. of Hours | No. of Credits | _ | tal rks ESE |
| 1 | A | 24MAP101 | BSC | Calculus and Linear Algebra | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 60 | 40 |
| 2 | В | 24CYP103 | BSC | Engineering Chemistry | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 3 | С | 24EST106 | ESC | Engineering Mechanics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 4 | D | 24EST108 | ESC | Engineering Graphics | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 40 | 60 |
| 5 | G | 24ESL109 | ESC | Manufacturing Practices | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 100 | |
| 6 | K | 24MCT110 | MC | Sports and Wellness | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1* | 100 | |
| 7 | I | 24EST115 | ESC | Introduction to Electrical & Electronics Engineering | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 100 | 7 |
| 8 | Y | 24ESL116 | ESC | Space Planning Lab | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 50 | |
| | TOTAL | | | | | | | | 26 | 28 | 22 | | |

| | | | | SECOND SEM | EST | ER | | | | | | | |
|----------|-------|----------|----------|---|-----|----|---|---|----|--------|---------|----------|-----|
| Sl No | ot | C . 1 . | gory | mid - | _ | T | _ | _ | C | No. of | No. of | To Ma | |
| | Slot | Code | Category | Title | L | Т | P | J | S | Hours | Credits | CIA | ESE |
| 1 | A | 24MAP201 | BSC | Differential Equations and Transforms | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 60 | 40 |
| 2 | В | 24PYP202 | BSC | Engineering Physics | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 3 | С | 24ESP204 | ESC | Problem solving and Programming | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 4 | D | 24ESP205 | ESC | Technical English for Engineers | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 60 | 40 |
| 5 | N | 24MCP210 | MC | IDEA Lab | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 1* | 100 | |
| 6 | 0 | 24HUL209 | HSMC | Design Thinking | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 50 | |
| 7 | E | 24HUT211 | HSMC | Universal Human Values-II | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| | TOTAL | | | | | | | | 27 | 29 | 21 | | |

| | | | | THIRD SEMESTER | | | | | | | | | tal rks |
|----------------|---------|----------|----------|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---------|-----|------------|
| Sl No | Slot | Code | Category | Title | L | Т | P | J | S | Hours | Credits | CIA | ESE |
| 1 | A | 24MAT301 | BSC | Probability Distributions and Complex Analysis | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 40 | 60 |
| 2 | K | 24EST302 | ESC | Material Science and Engineering | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 100 | |
| 3 | В | 24CEP303 | PCC | Mechanics of Solids | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 4 | С | 24CEP304 | PCC | Surveying and Geomatics | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 5 | D | 24EST305 | ESC | Engineering Geology | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 60 | 40 |
| 6 | Е | 24HUT310 | HSMC | Life Skills and Professional Ethics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 7 | S | 24CEL307 | PCC | Civil Engineering Drawing | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 60 | 40 |
| 8 | M/ R | 24CEM309 | MR/RL | MINOR/REMEDIAL | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 4/0 | 40 | 60 |
| TOTAL 25 27 22 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | FOURTH SEMESTER | | | | | | | | | | Tot Mar | - |
|----------------|---------------------------|--------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------|-----------|------------|-----|
| Slot | Code | Category | Title | L | Т | P | J | s | Hours | Credits | CIA | ESE |
| A | 24CET401 | PCC | Structural Analysis | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 40 | 60 |
| В | 24CET402 | PCC | Soil Mechanics | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| С | 24CEP403 | PCC | Fluid Mechanics | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| D | 24CEJ404 | PBC | Transportation Engineering | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 60 | 40 |
| E | 24HUT410 | HSMC | Disaster Management and Resilient Infrastructure | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| F | 24MCT406 | МС | Environmental Sciences | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 1* | 40 | 60 |
| G | 24CET407 | PCC | Construction Technology | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 100 | |
| M/H/ R | 24CEM409 / 24CEH409 | MR/HR/R L | MINOR/HONOURS/ REMEDIAL | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 4/4 /0 | 40 | 60 |
| TOTAL 22 26 22 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | FIFTH SEMESTER | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----------|---------------------------|--------------|--|---|----|----|---|----|-------|---------------|-------|-------|
| Sl | Slot | Code | Category | Title | L | Т | P | J | S | Hours | Credits | Total | Marks |
| No | SI | Coue | Cate | Title | L | 1 | 1 | , | 3 | Но | Cre | CIA | ESE |
| 1 | A | 24CET501 | PCC | Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 40 | 60 |
| 2 | В | 24CEJ502 | PBC | Foundation Engineering | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 60 | 40 |
| 3 | С | 24CET503 | PCC | Environmental Engineering | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 4 | D | 24CEP504 | PCC | Design of Structures I | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 5 | Е | 24HUT51 0 | HSMC | Management for Engineers | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 6 | F | 24MCT50 6 | МС | Constitution of India | | МО | OC | | 3 | | 1* | | |
| 7 | G | 24CET507 | PCC | Artificial Intelligence for Civil Engineers | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 100 | |
| 8 | M/H /R | 24CEM50 9/ 24CEH509 | MR/HR /RL | MINOR/HONOURS/ REMEDIAL | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 4/ 4/ 0 | 40 | 60 |
| | TOTAL | | | | | | | | 24 | 23 | 22 | | |

| | | | | SIXTH SEMESTER | | | | | | | | | otal irks |
|----------|-----------|-----------------------|--------------|--|---|---|---|---|----|-------|---------------|---------|--------------|
| Sl No | Slot | Code | Category | Title | L | Т | P | J | S | Hours | Credits | CI A | ESE |
| 1 | A | 24CET601 | PCC | Quantity Surveying and Valuation | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 2 | В | 24CEJ602 | PBC | Design of Structures II | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 60 | 40 |
| 3 | С | 24EST603 | ESC | Computer Based Numerical Techniques | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 4 | D | 24CEE6X4 | PEC | Professional Elective-1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 5 | E | 24CEE6X5/ 24CEI6X5 | PEC/ IEC | Professional Elective- 2 / Industry Elective | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 6 | F | 24CES606 | SR | Seminar | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 10 0 | |
| 7 | U | 24SPJ607 | MC | Socially Relevant Project | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1* | 10 0 | |
| 8 | L | 24CEL608 | PCC | Environmental Engineering Lab | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 50 | |
| 9 | M/H/ R | 24CEM609/ 24CEH609 | MR/HR/ RL | MINOR/HONOURS/ REMEDIAL | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 4/ 4/ 0 | 40 | 60 |
| | | • | ГОТАL | | | | | | 24 | 26 | 21 | | |

X - Serial No. of Elective course in the respective basket.

| SEVENTH SEMESTER | | | | | | | | | | | Total M | larks | |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|---|---|---|----|---|----|-------|---------|-------|-----|
| SI No | Slot | Code | Category | Title | L | Т | P | J | S | Hours | Credits | CIA | ESE |
| 1 | A | 24CEP701 | PCC | Construction Project Management (Internship Students: Online Classes with virtual lab) | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 60 | 40 |
| 2 | В | 24HUT702 | НЅМС | Finance and Accounting for Engineers (Internship Students: Online Classes with virtual lab | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 3 | С | 24CEE7X3 | PEC | Professional Elective-3 (Internship Students: MOOC Approved by the Institute/Online Classes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 4 | D | 24CEO7X4/ 24CEI7X4 | OEC /IEC | Open Elective 1/ Industry Elective (Internship Students: MOOC Approved by the Institute/Online Classes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 5 | U | 24CED705 | PR | Major Project | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 14 | 14 | 7 | 100 | |
| 6 | L | 24CEL706 | PCC | Design Studio (Internship Students: Online Classes with virtual lab) | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 50 | |
| 7 | M / H / R | 24CEM709 /24CEH709 | PRM/H R | PROJECT IN MINOR/HONOURS/ REMEDIAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 29 | 20 | 4/4/ | 100 | |
| | TOTAL | | | | | | | | | 30 | 21 | | |

Option 2: Full semester Internship in an Industry/organization (7th or 8th semester)

| | | | | EIGHTH SEMESTER | | | | | | | | | tal rks |
|----------------|---------|---------------------------|----------|--|---|---|----|---|----|-------|---------|-----|------------|
| Sl No | Slot | Code | Category | Title | L | Т | P | J | S | Hours | Credits | CIA | ESE |
| 1 | A | 24CEE8X1 | PEC | Professional Elective-4/MOOC (Internship Students: MOOC Approved by the Institute/Online Classes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 2 | В | 24CE08X2 | OEC | Open Elective-2 / MOOC (Internship Students: MOOC Approved by the Institute/Online Classes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 3 | С | 24CE08X3 | OEC | Open Elective- 3/ MOOC (Internship Students: MOOC Approved by the Institute/Online Classes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 |
| 4 | U | 24CED804 / 24CEN804 | PR/IP | PROJECT/ INTERNSHIP Option 1: Major Project Phase -II (For the students who have not opted for internship in S8) Option 2: Internship (4- 6 Months) | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 14 | 14 | 7 | 100 | |
| 5 | H/ R | 24CEH809 | PRH | Project in Honours/ Remedial | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | | | 4/ 0 | 100 | |
| TOTAL 23 23 16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Professional Electives and Micro Specialisation

| Micro Specialization Group ID | Specialization | Prerequisite Core course (s) | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Gr-I | Structural Engineering | Structural Analysis (S4), Design of Structures I (S5) | | | | |
| Gr-II | Construction Technology and Management | Construction Technology (S4), Material Science and Engineering (S3) | | | | |
| Gr-III | Geotechnical Engineering | Soil Mechanics (S4), Foundation Engineering (S5) | | | | |
| Gr-IV | Water Resources Engineering | Fluid Mechanics (S4), Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering (S5) | | | | |
| Gr-V | Environmental Engineering | Environmental Engineering (S5) | | | | |
| Gr-VI | Transportation Engineering | Transportation Engineering (S4) | | | | |

| Semester VI | PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE I | Micro specialization |
|-------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| CEE614 | PRESTRESSED CONCRETE | Gr-I |
| CEE624 | ADVANCED CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY | Gr-II |
| CEE634 | GEOTECHNICAL SITE INVESTIGATION | Gr-III |
| CEE644 | MECHANICS OF FLUID FLOW | Gr-IV |
| CEE654 | OPEN CHANNEL HYDRAULICS | Gr-IV |
| CEE664 | ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT | Gr-V |
| CEE674 | TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT | Gr-VI |

| Semester VI | PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE II/ INDUSTRIAL ELECTIVE | Micro specialization |
|-------------|---|----------------------|
| CEI615 | PRE-ENGINEERED STRUCTURES | Gr-I |
| CEE625 | HOUSING PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT | Gr-II |
| CEI635 | CONSTRUCTION METHODS AND EQUIPMENT | Gr-II |
| CEI645 | VALUATION OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES | Gr II |
| CEI655 | REINFORCED SOIL STRUCTURES AND GEOSYNTHETICS | Gr-III |
| CEI675 | REMOTE SENSING AND GIS | Gr-IV |
| CEI685 | INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT | Gr-V |
| CEI695 | RAILWAY AND TUNNEL ENGINEERING | Gr-VI |

| Semester VII | PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE III | Micro Specialisation |
|--------------|---|-------------------------|
| CEE713 | STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS AND EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT DESIGN | Gr-I |
| CEE723 | ADVANCED STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS | Gr-I |
| CEE733 | BUILDING SERVICES | Gr-II |
| CEE743 | REPAIR AND REHABILITATION OF BUILDINGS | Gr-II |
| CEE753 | ADVANCED FOUNDATION ENGINEERING | Gr-III |
| CEE763 | INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT | Gr-III |
| CEE773 | APPLIED HYDROLOGY | Gr-IV |
| CEE783 | DESIGN OF HYDRAULIC STRUCTURES | Gr-IV |
| CEE793 | ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING | Gr-V |
| CEE7103 | TRANSPORTATION PLANNING | Gr-VI |
| CEE7113 | OPTIMISATION TECHNIQUES IN CIVIL ENGINEERING | - |

| Semester VIII | PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE IV | Micro Specialisation |
|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CEE 811 | ADVANCED STRUCTURAL DESIGN | Gr-I |
| CEE 821 | BRIDGE ENGINEERING | Gr-I |
| CEE 841 | CONSTRUCTION PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT | Gr-II |
| CEE 851 | GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES | Gr-III |
| CEE 861 | GEOENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING | Gr-III |
| CEE 871 | HYDROCLIMATOLOGY | Gr-IV |
| CEE 881 | IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE ENGINEERING | Gr-IV |
| CEE 891 | SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT | Gr-V |
| CEE 8101 | AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT | Gr-V |
| CEE 8111 | HIGHWAY MATERIALS AND DESIGN | Gr-VI |
| CEE 8121 | MULTI MODAL URBAN TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS | Gr-VI |

Micro

Open Electives

Semester VII OPEN ELECTIVE I

| 24CEI714 | ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT |
|----------|---------------------------------|
| 24CEI724 | ROAD SAFETY AND MANAGEMENT |
| 24CEI734 | PROJECT MANAGEMENT |

Semester VIII OPEN ELECTIVE II

| 24CEO812 | REMOTE SENSING AND GIS |
|----------|---|
| 24CEO822 | SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION ENGINEERING |
| 24CEO832 | MODERN CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS |

Semester VIII OPEN ELECTIVE III

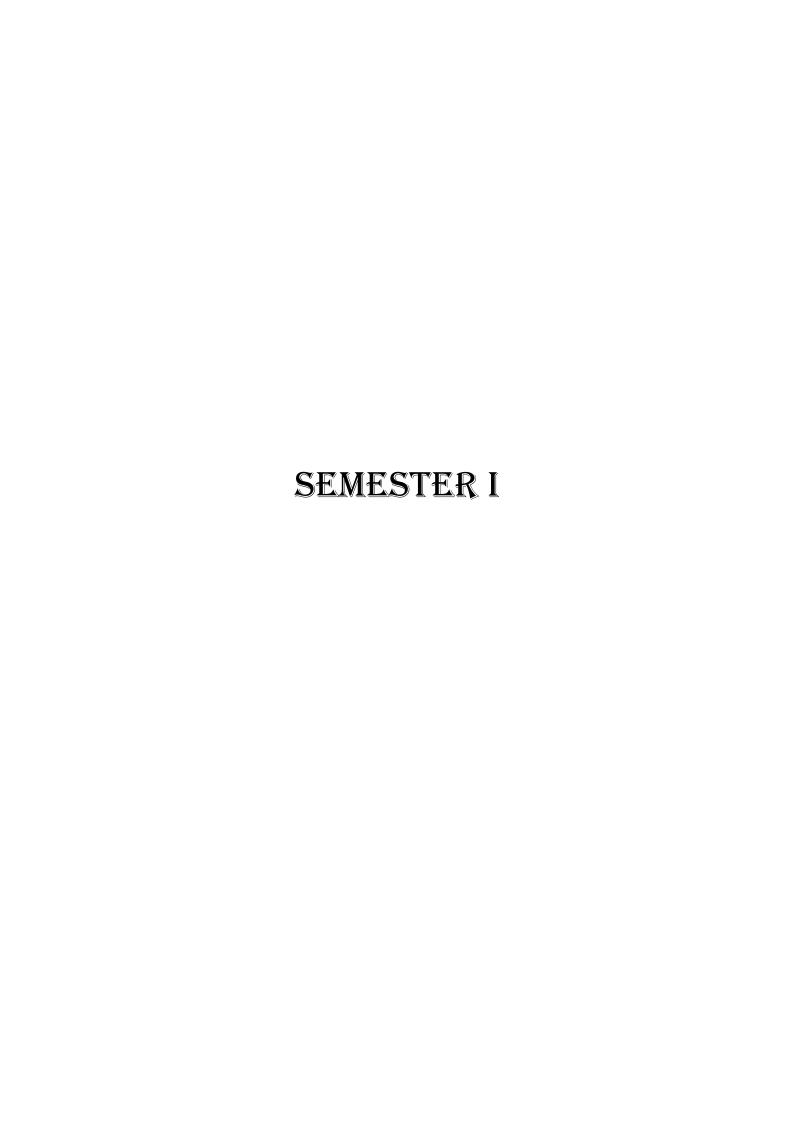
| 24CEO813 | DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| 24CEO823 | VIBRATION ENGINEERING |
| 24CEO833 | INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM |
| 24CEO843 | SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT |

Honours and Minor Courses

| HONOURS | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|---|---|--|--|--|
| BAS | SKET 1 | ВА | SKET 2 | BASKET 3 | | | |
| STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT | | GEOT | ORTATION AND ECHNICAL INEERING | WATER RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING | | | |
| 24CEH419 | MODERN CONSTRUCTI ON MATERIALS | 24CEH429 | TRANSPORTATI ON DATA ANALYSIS | 24CEH439 | ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY AND MICROBIOLOGY | | |
| 24CEH519 | ADVANCED MECHANICS OF SOLIDS | 24CEH529 | PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION AND MANAGEMENT | 24CEH539 | WATER CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS | | |
| 24CEH619 | FUNCTIONAL DESIGN OF BUILDINGS | 24CEH629 | EARTH DAM AND EARTH RETAINING STRUCTURES | 24CEH639 | ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND CONTROL TECHNIQUES | | |
| 24CEH719 | STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS | 24CEH729 | ADVANCED SOIL MECHANICS | 24CEH739 | HYDROINFORMATI CS | | |
| 24CEH819 | MINI PROJECT | 24CEH829 | MINI PROJECT | 24CEH839 | MINI PROJECT | | |

Minor in Civil Engineering

| 24CEM309 | BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AND STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS |
|----------|--|
| 24CEM409 | CLIMATE CHANGE AND SUSTAINABILITY |
| 24CEM509 | ECOFRIENDLY TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS |
| 24CEM609 | GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION AND GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES |
| 24CEM709 | MINI PROJECT |



| 24MAP101 | CALCULUS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA | L | Т | P | J | S | С | Year of Introduction |
|--------------|---|------|------|-----|------------------|-----|-----|----------------------|
| | | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 2024 |
| Preamble: | | | | | | | | |
| and Linear A | enables the students to understand basi Algebra. The topics like Multivariable Cal ad applications, Vector Differentiation, | culı | us a | and | l A _I | pli | cat | ions, Multiple |

physical phenomena involving continuous changes of variables or parameters and

Prerequisite: Calculus of univariate functions and matrix theory.

has applications across all engineering domains.

| Course Outco | omes: After the c | ompletion of the co | ourse the student v | will be able to |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|

- **CO 1** Apply the concept of partial derivatives to evaluate the extrema of two variable functions. [**Apply level**]
- **CO 2** Use multiple integrals to find the area and volume of geometrical shapes, mass and center of gravity of plane laminas. [**Apply level**]
- CO 3 Utilize vector calculus techniques to solve problems related to vector fields in various disciplines. [Apply level]
- **CO 4** Apply appropriate techniques such as Green's theorem, Stokes' theorem and divergence theorem to evaluate vector integrals for different types of regions and surfaces. [**Apply level**]
- **CO 5** Use the Gauss elimination method to solve given systems of linear equations and to determine whether a matrix is diagonalizable. [**Apply level**]

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|------------|------|------|------|
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | | | ✓ |

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

| | Continuou | s Assessme | End Semester | | |
|------------------|-----------|------------|--------------|-------------|--|
| Bloom's Category | Test1 | Test 2 | Other tools | Examination | |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Analyse | | | | | |
| Evaluate | | | | | |
| Create | | | | | |

Assessment Pattern for Lab component

| Places a Catagory | Continuous Assessment Tools | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Bloom's Category | Class work | Test1 | | | | |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |

| Understand | ✓ | ✓ |
|------------|---|---|
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ |
| Analyse | | |
| Evaluate | | |
| Create | | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| | | Theory [L- T] | | | Practio | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|------------|--------|---------|------------|----------|----------------|--|
| | Course Structure [L-T-P] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Class work | Lab Exam | Total Marks | |
| | 3-1-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 10 | 10 | 60 | |

Total Marks distribution

| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|
| 100 | 60 | 40 | 2.5 hours | | |

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | ESE Marks |
|-----------|----------------|--|-----------|
| PATTERN 2 | | 2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours | 40 |
| | Total Marks: 0 | Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks] | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I : (Multivariable Calculus and Applications)

Partial derivatives, Partial derivatives of functions of two variables, The partial derivative functions, Partial derivatives viewed as rates of change and slopes, Implicit partial differentiation, Partial derivatives of functions with more than two variables, Higher-order partial derivatives, Equality of mixed partials, Differentiability, Differentials, Local linear approximations, The chain rule, Chain rules for partial derivatives, Other versions of the chain rule, Implicit differentiation, Maxima and minima of functions of two variables - Extrema, Finding relative extrema, The second partials test.

MODULE II: (Multiple integrals and applications)

Double integrals (Cartesian), Double integrals over nonrectangular regions, Reversing the order of integration, Change of coordinates (Cartesian to polar), Finding area and

volume using double integrals, Application of multiple integrals-mass and center of gravity of inhomogeneous laminas using double integral. Triple integrals, volume calculated as triple integral (exclude problems of intersection of solids), and triple integral in cylindrical coordinates.

MODULE III: (Vector Differentiation)

Vector valued functions of single variable, derivative of vector function and geometrical interpretation, motion along a curve –velocity, speed and acceleration. Concept of scalar and vector fields, Gradient and its properties, directional derivative, divergence and curl, Line integrals of vector fields, work as line integral, Conservative vector fields, independence of path and potential function (results without proof).

MODULE IV: (Vector Integration)

Green's Theorem (for simply connected domains, without proof) and applications to evaluating line integrals and finding areas. Divergence theorem (without proof) and its applications to flux integrals, Stokes' theorem (without proof) and its applications to finding line integrals of vector fields and work done. Evaluation of Surface integral using Stokes' theorem.

MODULE V: (Linear Algebra)

Systems of linear equations, Solution by Gauss elimination, row echelon form and rank of a matrix, fundamental theorem for linear systems (homogeneous and non-homogeneous, without proof), eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Diagonalization of matrices.

Text books

- 1. H. Anton, I. Biven, S. Davis, "Calculus", Wiley, 10th edition, 2015.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2016.

Reference books

- 1. J. Stewart, Essential Calculus, Cengage, 2nd edition, 2017
- 2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9 th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
- 3. Peter V. O'Neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Cengage, 7th Edition, 2012
- 4. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36 Edition, 2010.
- 6. Dr. Joydeep Dutta, Calculus of Several Real Variables, IIT Kanpur, [NPTEL], https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111104125 (Relevant sections)
- 7. Prof. Gilbert Strang, Linear Algebra [MITOPENCOURSEWARE] https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-06-linear-algebra-spring-2010/ (Relevant sections)

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | |
|------|---|-------------|
| No. | | No. of Hour |
| 110. | | [45 hours] |
| | MODULE 1 [9 hours] | 1 |
| 1.1 | Partial derivatives, Partial derivatives of functions of two variables | 1 |
| 1.2 | Implicit partial differentiation, Partial derivatives of functions with more than two variables | 1 |
| 1.3 | Higher-order partial derivatives, Equality of mixed partials | 1 |
| 1.4 | Differentials | 1 |
| 1.5 | Local Linear approximations | 1 |
| 1.6 | Chain rule, Implicit differentiation | 1 |
| 1.7 | Total derivative | 1 |
| 1.8 | Maxima and minima of functions of two variables -Extrema, | 1 |
| | Finding relative extrema, The second partials test. | |
| 1.9 | Maxima and minima of functions of two | 1 |
| | variables(continued) | |
| | MODULE II [10 hours] | |
| 2.1 | Double integrals (Cartesian)-evaluation | 1 |
| 2.2 | Double integrals(continued) | 1 |
| 2.3 | Change of order of integration in double integrals | 1 |
| 2.4 | Change of coordinates (Cartesian to polar) | 1 |
| 2.5 | Finding areas and volumes | 1 |
| 2.6 | Finding areas and volumes(continued) | 1 |
| 2.7 | Mass and center of gravity of plane laminas | 1 |
| 2.8 | Triple integrals | 1 |
| 2.9 | Volume calculated as triple integral (exclude problems of the intersection of solids) | 1 |
| 2.10 | Triple integral in cylindrical coordinates | 1 |
| | MODULE III [9 hours] | |
| 3.1 | Vector valued function of a scalar variable | 1 |
| 3.2 | Derivative of vector valued function of scalar variable - geometrical meaning | 1 |
| 3.3 | Motion along a curve-speed, velocity, acceleration | 1 |
| 3.4 | Gradient and its properties | 1 |
| 3.5 | Directional derivative | 1 |
| 3.6 | Divergent and curl | 1 |
| 3.7 | Line integrals with respect to arc length, line integrals of vector fields. | 1 |

| 3 | .8 Work done as line integral | 1 |
|-----|---|---|
| 3.9 | Conservative vector field, independence of path, potential function | 1 |
| | MODULE IV [9 hours] | |
| 4.1 | Green's theorem and its applications | 1 |
| 4.2 | Green's theorem and its applications(continued) | 1 |
| 4.3 | Green's theorem and its applications(continued) | 1 |
| 4.4 | Divergence theorem and applications | 1 |
| 4.5 | Divergence theorem and applications(continued) | 1 |
| 4.6 | Divergence theorem and applications(continued) | 1 |
| 4.7 | Stokes theorem and applications | 1 |
| 4.8 | Stokes theorem and applications(continued) | 1 |
| 4.9 | Stokes theorem and applications(continued) | 1 |
| | MODULE V [8 hours] | |
| 5.1 | Systems of linear equations, Solution by Gauss elimination | 1 |
| 5.2 | Row echelon form, | 1 |
| 5.3 | Finding rank from row echelon form | 1 |
| 5.4 | Fundamental theorem for linear systems (homogeneous and non-homogeneous, without proof) | 1 |
| 5.5 | Eigenvalues and eigenvectors | 1 |
| 5.6 | Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors | 1 |
| 5.7 | Diagonalization of matrices | 1 |
| 5.8 | Diagonalization of matrices(continued) | 1 |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | Experiment |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| 1 | Introduction | 4 | Introduction to Python and general Syntax |
| 2 | Linear Algebra | 4 | List, Arrays, Matrices and their operations, rank, Solution of system of linear equations, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Diagonalization of matrices. |
| 3 | Visualizing Functions | 2 | Plotting and visualizing curves and surfaces, Symbolic Computations. |
| 4 | Extrema | 2 | Derivatives, evaluating extremum of a single variable function. |

| | | 2 | Evaluating maxima and minima of functions of several variables. | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|---|--|
| | | 2 | Understanding integration as an area under the curve. | |
| 5 | Integration | 2 | Evaluating area using double integrals. | |
| | | | Evaluating triple integrals. | |
| 6 | Gradient, Curl and Divergence. | 2 | Evaluating gradient, curl and divergence. | |

CO Assessment Questions

- 1. A manufacturer makes two models of an item, standard and deluxe. It costs Rs. 40 to manufacture the standard model and Rs. 60 for the deluxe. A market research firm estimates that if the standard model is priced at rupees x and the deluxe at rupees y, then the manufacturer will sell 500(y x) of the standard items and 45,000 + 500(x 2y) of the deluxe each year. How should the items be priced to maximize the profit?
- 2. Determine the dimension of the rectangular box open at the top, having a volume 32 cubic ft and requiring the least amount of material for its construction.
- 3. The temperature T(x,y,z) at any point (x, y, z) in space is given by $T(x,y,z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$. Find the differential dT at a point (a,b,c), and use it to approximate the change in temperature when the coordinates change by small amounts $\delta x, \delta y$, and δz .

1

2

- 4. Use a CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB/Python) to generate a contour plot of f(x,y) = 2y2x yx2 + 4xy for $-5 \le x \le 5$ and $-5 \le y \le 5$, and use the plot to approximate the locations of all relative extrema and saddle points in the region. Check your answer using calculus, and identify the relative extrema as relative maxima or minima.
- 5. **Team Work**: Use the method of least squares(refer exercise 13.8 in text 1) to find the values of m and b in the regression line y=mx+b that best fits the data (x_1, y_1) , (x_2, y_2) , . . . , (x_n, y_n) . The team has to make a presentation elaborating the solution and illustrating the method on any data set (using any programming language).
- 1. Consider a thin metal plate that occupies the triangular region R in the xy-plane with vertices at (0, 0), (2, 0), and (0, 3). The temperature on the plate is given by $T(x,y) = x^2 + y^2$, where x and y are the coordinates of a point. Find the average temperature over the region R.
- 2. A water tank has the shape of a hemisphere with a radius of 4 meters. The tank is filled with water up to a height of h meters. Find the total

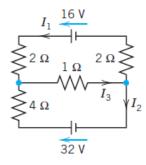
- weight of the water in the tank using a double integral, assuming the density of water is constant.
- 3. Find the mass and centre of gravity of a triangular lamina with vertices (0,0), (2,1), (0,3) if the density function is f(x, y) = x + y.
- 4. Use a CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB/Python) to approximate the intersections of the curves $y = \sin x$ and y = x/2, and then approximate the volume of the solid in the first octant that is below the surface $z = \sqrt{1 + x + y}$ and above the region in the xy-plane that is enclosed by the curves.
- 5. **Team Work**: The following initial steps can be used to express a triple integral over a solid G as an iterated triple integral: First project G onto one of the coordinate planes to obtain a region R, and then project R onto one of the coordinate axes. Describe how you would use these steps to find the limits of integration. Illustrate your discussion with an example using any software. The team has to make a presentation elaborating the procedure.
- 1. A heat-seeking particle is located at the point (2, 3) on a flat metal plate whose temperature at a point (x, y) is $T(x,y) = 10 8x^2 2y^2$. Find an equation for the trajectory of the particle if it moves continuously in the direction of maximum temperature increase.
- 2. A vector field F(x, y, z) = (y, x, 2z) represents the velocity of a fluid flow in three-dimensional space. Determine the divergence and curl of F, and interpret the physical meaning of these vector operations.
- 3. A vector field $F(x,y,z) = (x^2,xy,yz)$ represents a force field in three-dimensional space. Show that F is conservative and find a potential function for F. Also, evaluate the work done by F along a curve C from point A(1,2,0) to point B(3,1,4).
- 4. Visualize any five vector fields relevant to your domain using CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB/Python).
- 5. **Team Work**: Suppose that C is a circle in the domain of a conservative nonzero vector field in the xy-plane whose component functions are continuous. Explain why there must be at least two points on C at which the vector field is normal to the circle. Also, illustrate using figures drawn in any software. Does the result remain true if the circle C is replaced by a square? Explain. The team has to make a presentation elaborating the solution.
- 1. Suppose we have a region R in the xy-plane bounded by a simple closed curve C. The temperature distribution in this region is given by the function $T(x,y) = 2x^2 3y^2$. Calculate the total heat flux across the boundary curve C using Green's theorem.
- 2. Find the outward flux of the vector field $F(x, y, z) = z\hat{k}$ across the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ using divergence theorem.
- 3. Calculate the work done by force field F(x, y, z) = 2xi + 3yj + 4zk where

3

4

C is the curve defined by the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$ in the counterclockwise direction using Stokes' Theorem.

- 4. Use a CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB/Python) to verify Green's Theorem for the function $F = e^y \mathbf{i} + y e^x \mathbf{j}$ where
 - (a) C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$
 - (b) C is the boundary of the region enclosed by $y = x^2$ and $x = y^2$.
- 5. **Team Work**: Explain with graphics how a rolling planimeter is used to calculate the area of a region. Describe the relationship between these devices and Green's Theorem. Illustrate an example. The team has to make a presentation elaborating the solution.
 - 1. Using Kirchhoff's laws and showing the details, find the currents:



2. Find the growth rate in the Leslie model (see Example 3. Sec8.2 Text2)

with the matrix as given $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3.45 & 0.60 \\ 0.9 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.45 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.

5

3. A system is represented by the state equation $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{dx_1}{dt} \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} +$

 $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$. Show that it is controllable.

4.In circuit theory a set of linear equations with electrical components such as resistance inductance capacitors current voltage etc. Identify a problem solved using matrix algebra and solve it using

CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB/Python).

5. **Team Work**: Identify five application-oriented problems from your domain and its solution. Give a PPT illustrating the relevance of the problem.

| | | L | Т | P | J | S | C | Year of |
|----------|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------------|
| 24CYP103 | ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY | | | | | | | Introduction |
| | (Non-circuit Branches) | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 2024 |
| | (Non Circuit Branciscs) | | | | | | | |

Preamble: Enable the students to build a solid foundation in fundamentals of chemistry, to correlate theoretical concepts with their industrial/engineering applications and to get hands-on laboratory experience on the principles discussed in theory sessions. The course imparts knowledge on various important topics like atomic and molecular structure, electrochemistry, organic reactions, etc., as they apply to the field of engineering and to familiarize the students with different application-oriented topics like spectroscopy, water chemistry, etc. It helps the learners to prepare them for advanced concepts in chemistry and to do interdisciplinary research.

Prerequisite: Higher secondary chemistry.

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- CO1 Illustrate molecular orbital energy level diagram of diatomic molecules [Understand level]
- CO2 Identify the suitable spectroscopy technique for the characterization of engineering materials and interpret spectral data [Apply level]
- CO3 Design electrochemical cells, compare the working of different electrochemical energy storage devices and describe corrosion control methods [Understand level]
- CO4 Illustrate 3D structures and isomers of organic molecules, identify major chemical reactions that are used in the synthesis of molecules [Apply level]
- CO5 Investigate various water quality parameters and describe different water treatment processes [Apply level]
- CO6 Interpret molecular/system properties, gain skills to synthesize materials and carryout quantitative chemical analysis [Apply level]

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|------|------|------|
| CO 1 | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | ✓ |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

| | Continuou | s Assessme | End Semester Examination | |
|------------------|---------------|------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Bloom's Category | Test 1 Test 2 | | | |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Analyse | | | | |
| Evaluate | | | | |
| Create | | | | |

| Assessment Pattern for Lab component | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Plaam's Catagory | Continuous Assessment Tools | | | | | |
| Bloom's Category | Class work | Test1 | | | | |
| Remember | | | | | | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| Analyse | | | | | | |
| Evaluate | | | | | | |
| Create | | | | | | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| | a) | Theo | ry [L- T] | | Practio | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------|----------------|
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Class work | Lab Exam | Total Marks |
| 2-1-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 10 | 10 | 60 |

Total Marks distribution

| Total Marks | | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration | | |
|-------------|-----|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|
| | 100 | 60 | 40 | 2.5 hours | | |

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | ESE Marks |
|-----------|----------------|--|-----------|
| PATTERN 2 | | 2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours | 40 |
| | Total Marks: 0 | Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks] | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Atomic and Molecular Structure

Atomic and molecular orbitals - Postulates of molecular orbital theory - Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO) - Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules - Molecular orbital energy level diagrams of N_2 and O_2 - Metallic bonding - Limitations of Valence Bond Theory (VBT) - Introduction to Crystal Field Theory (CFT) - Band structure of solids and the role of doping on band structures.

MODULE II: Spectroscopic Techniques and Applications

Introduction to spectroscopy - Beer Lambert's law (Numericals)- UV-vis spectroscopy (introduction, various electronic transitions and applications)-

Vibrational spectroscopy (introduction, Number of vibrational modes of CO_2 and H_2O , applications) - Surface characterization techniques: introduction and applications of X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) and Auger electron spectroscopy (AES) - Diffraction: introduction and applications of X-Ray Diffraction (XRD)

MODULE III: Electrochemistry and Corrosion

Introduction - Differences between electrolytic and electrochemical cells - Daniel cell - Redox reactions - Cell representation - Construction and working of Calomel electrode - Electrochemical series and its applications - Nernst Equation (Derivation not required) - Single electrode and cell (Numericals) - Applications - Primary cells and secondary cells with examples - Construction and working of Lithium-ion cell - Introduction to fuel cell - Mechanism of electrochemical corrosion - Galvanic series - Cathodic protection.

MODULE IV: Stereochemistry and Organic Reactions

Representations of three-dimensional (3D) structures of organic molecule - Structural isomerism - Stereoisomerism - Optical activity - Introduction to reactions involving substitution, addition, elimination, oxidation, reduction, cyclization and ring openings

MODULE V: Water Chemistry

Water characteristics - pH - Methods of estimation, significance - Acidity and alkalinity- titrimetric analysis - Normality equation (Numericals). Hardness - Types of hardness- Temporary and Permanent - Disadvantages of hard water - Units of hardness- ppm and mg/L -Degree of hardness (Numericals) - Estimation of hardness- EDTA method (Numericals). Water softening methods-Ion exchange process-Principle, procedure and advantages. Estimation of chloride (Argentometric titration). Reverse osmosis - principle, process and advantages. Disinfection methods - chlorination, ozonation and UV irradiation. Dissolved oxygen (DO) -Estimation (Winkler's method-only brief procedure), BOD and COD definition, estimation (only brief procedure) and significance (Numericals).

Text books

- 1. AICTE's Prescribed Textbook: Chemistry I with Lab Manual, Khanna Book Publishing.
- 2. Engineering Chemistry, by Manisha Agrawal.
- 3. University chemistry, by B. H. Mahan.
- 4. Chemistry: Principles and Applications, by M. J. Sienko and R. A. Plane.
- 5. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C. N. Banwell.
- 6. Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B. L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M. S. Krishnan.
- 7. Physical Chemistry, by P. W. Atkins.
- 8. A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, Shashi Chawla
- 9. Organic Chemistry: Structure and Function by K. P. C. Volhardt and N. E. Schore, 5th Edition

Reference books

- 1. Muhammed Arif, Annette Fernandez, Kavitha P. Nair, Engineering Chemistry, Owl Books, 2019.
- 2. Ahad J., Engineering Chemistry, Jai Publication, 2019.
- 3. Roy K. Varghese, Engineering Chemistry, Crownplus Publishers, 2019.
- 4. Soney C. George & Rino Laly Jose, Text Book of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand & Company Pvt Ltd, 2019.
- 5. Jain and Jain, Engineering Chemistry, DhanpatRai Publishers, 17th Edition, 2018.
- 6. Wiley India, Engineering Chemistry, ISBN 9788126543205

COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | No. of |
|-----|--|--------|
| No. | | Hours |
| | MODULE 1 | |
| 1.1 | Atomic and molecular orbitals - Postulates of molecular orbital theory | 1 |
| 1.2 | Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO) | 1 |
| 1.3 | Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules- Molecular orbital energy level diagrams of N_2 | 1 |
| 1.4 | Molecular orbital energy level diagrams of O ₂ | 1 |
| 1.5 | Metallic bonding - Limitations of Valence Bond Theory (VBT) | 1 |
| 1.6 | Introduction to Crystal Field Theory (CFT) | 1 |
| 1.7 | Band structure of solids | 1 |
| 1.8 | Role of doping on band structures | 1 |
| | MODULE II | |
| 2.1 | Introduction to spectroscopy | 1 |
| 2.2 | Beer Lambert's law (Numericals), UV-vis spectroscopy - introduction | 1 |
| 2.3 | Various electronic transitions – applications | 1 |
| 2.4 | Vibrational spectroscopy - introduction | 1 |
| 2.5 | Number of vibrational modes of CO ₂ and H ₂ O - applications | 1 |
| 2.6 | Surface characterization techniques: introduction and applications of X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) and Auger electron spectroscopy (AES) | 1 |
| 2.7 | Diffraction: introduction and applications of X-Ray Diffraction (XRD) | 1 |
| | MODULE III | |
| 3.1 | Introduction - Differences between electrolytic and electrochemical cells - Daniel cell - Redox reactions | 1 |
| 3.2 | Cell representation - Construction and working of Calomel electrode | 1 |
| 3.3 | Electrochemical series and its applications | 1 |

| 3.4 | Nernst Equation (derivation not required) - Single electrode and cell (Numericals) – Applications | 1 |
|-----|--|---|
| 3.5 | Primary cells and secondary cells with examples - Construction and working of Lithium-ion cell | 1 |
| 3.6 | Introduction to fuel cell - Mechanism of electrochemical corrosion | 1 |
| 3.7 | Galvanic series - cathodic protection. | 1 |
| | MODULE IV | |
| 4.1 | Representations of three-dimensional structures of organic molecule | 1 |
| 4.2 | Structural isomerism | 1 |
| 4.3 | Stereoisomerism | 1 |
| 4.4 | Optical activity | 1 |
| 4.5 | Introduction to reactions involving substitution, addition | 1 |
| 4.6 | Introduction to reactions involving elimination, oxidation | 1 |
| 4.7 | Introduction to reactions involving reduction, cyclization and ring openings | 1 |
| | MODULE V | |
| 5.1 | Water characteristics - pH – Methods of estimation, significance | 1 |
| 5.2 | Acidity and alkalinity– Titrimetric analysis – Normality equation (numericals). | 1 |
| 5.3 | Hardness - Types of hardness- Temporary and Permanent - Disadvantages of hard water -Units of hardness- ppm and mg/L -Degree of hardness (Numericals) | 1 |
| 5.4 | Estimation of hardness-EDTA method (Numericals) | 1 |
| 5.5 | Water softening methods-Ion exchange process-Principle, procedure and advantages. Estimation of chlorides (Argentometric titration) | 1 |
| 5.6 | Reverse osmosis – principle, process and advantages - Disinfection methods - chlorination, ozonation and UV irradiation. | 1 |
| 5.7 | Dissolved oxygen (DO) -Estimation (Winkler's method - only brief procedure-), BOD and COD definition, estimation (only brief procedure) and significance (Numericals). | 1 |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT (Any 7 experiments to be conducted)

| No. | No Tonic | | Experiment | |
|------|--------------------------|-------|--|--|
| 110. | 10010 | Hours | <i>Disposition</i> | |
| 1 | Electrochemistry | 10 | Experiment 1: Estimation of iron from iron ore/alloy Experiment 2: Determination of cell constant and conductivity of solutions Experiment 3: Potentiometric redox titration Experiment 4: Calibration of pH meter and determination of pH of solutions Experiment 5: Determination of pKa of weak acid using pH meter | |
| 2 | Spectroscopy | 4 | Experiment 6: Analysis of IR spectra (minimum 3 spectra) Experiment 7: Analysis of XPS, AES, XRD spectra (minimum 3 spectra) | |
| 3 | Polymer and nanomaterial | 8 | Experiment 8: Synthesis of urea-formaldehyde Experiment 9: Synthesis of polyaniline Experiment 10: Synthesis of silver nanoparticles using chemical reduction method Experiment 11: Biogenic Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles using plant extract | |
| 4 | Water Chemistry | 6 | Experiment 12: Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA method Experiment 13: Determination of chloride content of water. Experiment 14: Determination of total acidity and total alkalinity of water sample | |
| 5 | Others | 8 | Experiment 15: Estimation of copper in brass Experiment 16: Identification of components in a mixture using TLC Experiment 17: Chemical analysis of a salt. Experiment 18: Chemical oscillations- Iodine clock reaction. | |

| | CO Assessment Questions | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1 | Illustrate why the molecular orbital energy level diagram for O2 is different | | |
| | from N ₂ | | |
| | a) Choose a molecule. Find its IR spectrum from the web using any one of | | |
| 2 | the following sources (i) AIST: Spectral Database for Organic Compounds | | |
| | (SDBS), https://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre_index.cgi (ii) NIST | | |
| | chemistry webbook, https://webbook.nist.gov/chemistry/ (iii) Sigma | | |
| | Aldrich, https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/IN/en (iv) KnowItAll, | | |
| | https://www.knowitallanyware.com/#search. | | |

| | Interpret the spectrum in your own words highlighting how you can elucidate the structure of the molecule of your choice from the spectrum. b) Compare XPS and AES techniques and identify when each testing method is used. |
|---|---|
| | a) Write the cell reactions of the following cell. $Cd/CdSO_4(0.01)//$ $CuSO_4(0.5M)/Cu$. Sketch the electrochemical cell. |
| 3 | b) Prepare a presentation on the topic "Energy storage devices; past, present and future" |
| | c) Write a report on the topic "Corrosion Control in Industry" |
| 4 | Select an organic molecule and draw its sawhorse projection. Illustrate the interconversion of sawhorse projection to Fisher projection via Newman projection |
| | b) Illustrate the possible isomers (both structural and stereo) for the molecular formula C_xH_yO (e.g., $C_4H_{10}O$). |
| 5 | a) Prepare a table containing various water quality parameters and explain how you can implement them to improve the quality of your local water source. |
| | b) Prepare a report on disinfection methods most commonly used in drinking water supply systems in the USA. |
| | a) Estimate the amount of iron from iron ore using volumetric and potentiometric titrations, compare the results and identify which |
| 6 | technique is more accurate. |
| | b) Collect water from three different sources. Measure their conductivity and pH and interpret the results. |

| 24EST104 | FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL | L | т | P | J | s | С | Year of Introduction |
|----------|-------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------------|
| | ENGINEERING | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2024 |

Preamble:

To provide the students with fundamental knowledge in the field of Electrical Engineering. This course will enable the students to analyze electrical and magnetic circuits. The students will be able to choose appropriate electric machines for various applications.

| | 11 | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Prere | Prerequisite: Nil | | | | | | | | | |
| Cours | e Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 1 | Solve DC electrical circuits using Circuit laws. (Apply level) | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 2 | Solve simple magnetic circuits (Apply level) | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 3 | Analyze simple A.C. electrical circuits (Analyse level) | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 4 | Identify the benefits of three-phase systems for industrial electrical applications (Understand level) | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | Explain the principle of operation of electrical machines (Understand level) | | | | | | | | | |

| | CO - PO MAPPING | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 2 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 3 | 3 | | | | 2 | | | 2 | 1 | | | |
| CO 4 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Assessment Pattern | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bloom's Category | Contin | uous Asses | End Semester | | | | | | |
| 2.00m s catogory | Test1 | Test 2 | Other tools | Examination | | | | | |
| Remember | √ | √ | √ | √ | | | | | |
| Understand | ✓ | √ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Apply | ✓ | √ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Analyse | | | ✓ | | | | | | |
| Evaluate | | | | | | | | | |
| Create | | | | | | | | | |

| Mark Distribution of CIA | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|------------|---------------|--------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Course Structure | Attendan | 7 | Theory [L- T] | | | | | | |
| [L-T-P-J] | ce | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Marks | | | | |
| 3-0-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 40 | | | | |

| Total Mark distribution | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Total Mark | cs CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | Duration | | | | |
| 100 | 40 | 60 | 3 | hours | | | |
| End Semeste | r Examination [ESE |]: Pattern | | | | | |
| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | | ESE Marks | | | |
| PATTERN 1 | 10 Questions, each question carries 2 marks Marks: (2x10 =20 marks) | 2 questions will be from each module, which 1 question she answered. Each concan have a maximus sub divisions. Each question can marks. Marks: (5x8 = 40 marks: 3 hours | out of lould be question am of 2 | 60 | | | |
| | Total Marks: 20 | Total Marks: [5x8 = 4 | 40 marks] | | | | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Introduction to electrical and magnetic circuits

Introduction: Importance of Electrical Engineering in day-to-day life, types of Electrical elements - Ideal and practical Sources.

D. C. Circuits: Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws; Loop current; Steady state analysis with independent sources; Power and energy; Star- Delta conversion (Analysis of resistive networks only).

Magnetic circuits: MMF, field strength, flux density, reluctance, energy stored in magnetic circuits, Simple problems in series magnetic circuits.

Electromagnetism: Faradays Laws, Lenz's Law, Fleming's Rules, Statically and dynamically induced EMF; Concepts of self-inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling. Simple numerical problems.

MODULE II: Single Phase AC Circuits

Single Phase system: Generation of sinusoidal voltage. Series Circuits: Common signals and waveforms (Sine, Square, Triangle), RMS and Average value, form factor and peak factor of AC waveforms, Impedance of series circuits (RL, RC and RLC circuits). Phasor diagram of series circuits; Real, reactive and apparent power, power factor, Power triangle, Numerical Problems.

MODULE III: Three Phase System

Three Phase System: Generation of three phase voltages- advantages of three phase systems, star and delta connection, three wire and four wire systems, relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents. Expressions for power in three phase circuits; definition of phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced load; Relationship between line and phase values of balanced star and delta connections; Power in balanced three phase circuits. Numerical Problems.

MODULE IV: DC Machines and Transformers

DC Machines: Working principle of DC generator - types and constructional features - EMF equation of generator - Numerical Problems.

DC motor: Working principle - Significance of Back EMF - torque equation – types - characteristics (series and Shunt motors only) and applications - necessity of a starter for DC motor - Numerical Problems.

Transformer: Principle of operation and construction of single-phase transformers (core and shell types) - emf equation, losses.

MODULE V: AC Machines and Energy storage

Three Phase Induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field - principle of operation, types and constructional features - Slip and its significance - applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors - Necessity of a starter - stardelta starter.

Energy storage devices: fundamentals of batteries - types - primary - Secondary batteries, Lead-Acid Batteries, Lithium-Ion Batteries - characteristics-advantages - disadvantages

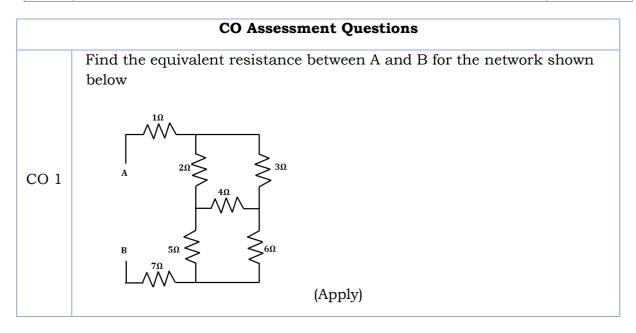
Text books

- 1. Hughes, Electrical Technology, Pearson, 10th Edition, 2011.
- 2. Fitzgerald and Higginbotham, Basic Electrical Engineering, McGraw Hill Inc, 1981.
- 3. D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, Basic Electrical Engineering, 3rd Edition, TMH, 2009
- 4. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, McGraw-Hill Education, Revised first edition, 2019.

- 1. W. H. Hayt, Jr J. E. Kemmerly and S. M. Durbin, Engineering Circuit Analysis, 7th Edn TMH, 2010.
- 2. Electrical Engineering Fundamental, Vincent Del Toro, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics, B.L. Theraja, S Chand and Company, Reprint Edition 2013.
- 4. Principles Electrical Engineering and Electronics, V.K Mehata, Rohit Mehta, S Chand and Company, 2nd edition, 2015.
- 5. M.S. Sukhija and T.K. Nagsarkar, Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 6. S. B. Lal Seksena and Kaustuv Dasgupta, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Cambridge University Press.
- 7. NPTEL course on Basic Electrical Technology, Prof. G. D. Roy, IIT Kharagpur.

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | | | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| No. | | No. of | | | | |
| | | Hours (36 | | | | |
| | | Hours) | | | | |
| | MODULE 1 | | | | | |
| | Importance of Electrical Engineering in day-to-day life, types of | | | | | |
| 1.1 | Electrical elements, Ideal and practical Sources | 1 | | | | |
| 1.2 | Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws; Loop current method | 1 | | | | |
| | Steady state analysis with independent sources; Power and | | | | | |
| 1.3 | energy; Star-Delta conversion (Analysis of resistive networks | 1 | | | | |
| | only) | 1 | | | | |
| 1.4 | Numerical problems on topic 1.3 | 1 | | | | |
| 1 - | MMF, field strength, flux density, reluctance, energy stored in | 1 | | | | |
| 1.5 | magnetic circuits, Simple problems in series magnetic circuits | | | | | |
| 1.6 | Faradays Laws, Lenz's; Law, Fleming's Rules, Statically & | | | | | |
| 1.6 | dynamically induced EMF | | | | | |
| 1.7 | Concepts of self-inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient | 1 | | | | |
| | of coupling | | | | | |
| 1.8 | Simple Numerical Problems | 1 | | | | |
| 0.1 | MODULE II | 1 | | | | |
| 2.1 | Single Phase system: Generation of sinusoidal voltage | 1 | | | | |
| 0.0 | Series Circuits: Common signals and waveforms (Sine, Square, | | | | | |
| 2.2 | Triangle), RMS and Average value, form factor and peak factor of AC waveforms | | | | | |
| 2.3 | Numerical Problems on topic 2.2 | 1 | | | | |
| 4.0 | Impedance of series circuits (RL, RC and RLC circuits). Phasor | 1 | | | | |
| 2.4 | diagram of series circuits | 1 | | | | |
| 2.5 | Real, reactive and apparent power, power factor and Power | 1 | | | | |
| 2.0 | triangle | _ | | | | |
| 2.6 | Numerical Problems on topic 2.4 | 1 | | | | |
| 2.7 | Numerical Problems on topic 2.5 | 1 | | | | |
| | MODULE III | | | | | |
| | Three Phase System: Generation of three phase voltages- | | | | | |
| 2 1 | advantages of three phase systems, star and delta connection, | 1 | | | | |
| 3.1 | three wire and four wire systems | 1 | | | | |
| 3.2 | Relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents | 1 | | | | |
| 3.3 | Expressions for power in three phase circuits | 1 | | | | |
| | Definition of phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced | 1 | | | | |
| 3.4 | load; | | | | | |
| 2 5 | Relationship between line and phase values of balanced star | 1 | | | | |
| 3.5 | and delta connections | 1 | | | | |
| 26 | Power in balanced three phase circuits- Numerical Problems | 1 | | | | |
| 3.6 | | 1 | | | | |

| | MODULE IV | | | | | | |
|-----|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 4.1 | Working features; principle of DC generator; Types and constructional features | 1 | | | | | |
| 4.2 | EMF equation of generator, Numerical Problems | | | | | | |
| 4.3 | Working principle of DC motor; Significance of Back EMF, torque equation | | | | | | |
| 4.4 | Numerical problems. | 1 | | | | | |
| 4.5 | Types of D.C. motors, characteristics (series and Shunt motors only) | 1 | | | | | |
| 4.6 | Application of DC Motors | 1 | | | | | |
| 4.7 | Necessity of a starter for DC motor | 1 | | | | | |
| 4.8 | Principle of operation and construction of single-phase transformers (core and shell types) | 1 | | | | | |
| 4.9 | Emf equation, losses – Simple numerical problems | 1 | | | | | |
| | MODULE V | | | | | | |
| 5.1 | Three Phase Induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field - Principle of operation | 1 | | | | | |
| 5.2 | Types and constructional features; Slip and its significance | 1 | | | | | |
| 5.3 | Applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors | 1 | | | | | |
| 5.4 | Necessity of a starter, star-delta starter | 1 | | | | | |
| 5.5 | Energy storages: fundamentals of batteries - types - primary - Secondary batteries, Lead-Acid Batteries - characteristics - advantages - disadvantages | 1 | | | | | |
| 5.6 | Lithium-Ion Batteries - characteristics - advantages - disadvantages | 1 | | | | | |



| CO 1 | Compare the power consumed in star and delta circuits using the same resistances as branches. |
|------|---|
| CO 2 | An Iron ring of cross-sectional area 1.1 cm ² is wound with a coil of 3000 turns. Calculate the magnetizing current required to produce a flux of 0.2 mWb in the iron path if mean length of the path is 32 cm and relative permeability of iron is 2500. Neglect magnetic leakage and fringing. |
| CO 2 | How is transformer behaving as a magnetic isolator? |
| CO 3 | A sinusoidal voltage V= $240 \angle 15^\circ$ of frequency 50Hz is applied to a series RL circuit consisting of R = 10Ω and L = 0.25 H. Calculate (i) rms current and its phase angle (ii) power factor (iii) average power (iv) reactive power and (v) apparent power drawn by the circuit. |
| CO 3 | Submit a report on, case study of an AC circuit application |
| CO 3 | Circuit De-bugging competition |
| CO 4 | Derive the emf equation of a transformer |
| CO 5 | Justify the necessity of starters in three phase induction motor |

| 24ES | F105 | FUND | AMEN | TALS | OF EL | ECTRO | ONICS | L | T | P | J | S | С | | r of uction |
|----------|-------------------|------------------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|--------|--------------|------|------|-----|------|------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| 24E3 | 1103 | | E | ENGINEERING | | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 202 | 24 |
| circuit | s and o | | nicatio | n syste | ms. Th | e cour | se cov | ers tl | ne l | bas | ics | of | ele | | devices, circuits, |
| Prereq | uisite | : Nil | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Course | Outco | omes: A | fter the | e comp | letion | of the c | ourse | the st | tud | ent | wi | ll b | e al | ble to | |
| CO 1 | Explair | n the ph | ysics, s | structu | re and | workin | g of d | iffere | nt e | elec | tro | nic | de | vices. | |
| CO 2 | Illustra | ate the | workin | g of ba | sic circ | cuits us | ing di | odes a | and | l BJ | Ts. | | | | |
| CO 3 | Impler | nent Bo | olean f | unctio | ns usin | g logic | gates | | | | | | | | |
| CO 4 | Explai | n basic | op-amj | p circu | its | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.0 5 | Descri instrui | be the nents. | princ | iple o | f oper | ration | of tra | ansdu | ıcer | 'S | an | d | bas | sic mea | asuring |
| CO 6 | Discus | s about | the fu | ndame | | | | | coi | nm | un | icat | tior | ı systen | ıs. |
| | | | | | CO - | PO MA | PPING | Ť | | | | | | | |
| CO | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | PC | 8(| PC | 9 | PO | 10 | P011 | PO12 |
| CO 1 | . ✓ | | | | | | | ✓ | | , | / | | ✓ | | |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | ✓ |
| CO 3 | ✓ | | | | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | ✓ |
| CO 4 | . 🗸 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 6 | √ | | | | | | | ✓ | | • | | | ✓ | | |
| | | | | | Assess | sment | Patter | 'n | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | Conti | nuous | Assess | sment | Tool | ls | | | Г | J C | | |
| Blo | om's | Catego | ry | Tes | t1 | Test | t 2 | Othe tool | | | | | | emeste ninatio | |
| Remember | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ | | | | | |
| Unde | nderstand | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ | | | | | |
| Apply | oply | | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| Analy | se | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Evalu | ate | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Create

| Course Structure | | The | ory [L- T] | | |
|------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Total Marks |
| 3-0-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Total Mark distribution

| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|
| 100 | 40 | 60 | 3 Hours | | |

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | ESE Marks |
|-----------|--|--|-----------|
| PATTERN 1 | 10 Questions, each question carries 2 marks Marks: (2x10 =20 marks) | 2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x8 = 40 marks) Time: 3 hours | 60 |
| | Total Marks: 20 | Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks] | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Electronic Components & Devices (8 hours)

Classification of materials based on conductivity: Conductors, Semiconductors and Insulators. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors. Active Components: PN junction diodes- structure, working, Current equation, VI characteristics, Zener diode: Avalanche breakdown and Zener breakdown and characteristics. Bipolar Junction Transistor: structure, working. Comparison of the three transistor configurations and their applications. N channel enhancement mode MOSFET: Structure and working. Comparison of BJT and MOSFET

MODULE II: Electronic Circuits (6 hours)

Block diagram and basic elements of DC power supply. Diode Circuits: Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers – working and comparison of parameters. Capacitor Filter. Zener voltage regulator. BJT Circuits: Transistor as a switch, Transistor as an amplifier. Relay vs Transistor switch

MODULE III: Integrated Circuits (6 hours)

Concept of integrated circuit, scales of integration, Types of ICs – Digital & Analog ICs Operational Amplifier: Ideal characteristics, inverting and non-inverting

amplifiers, comparator. Digital Circuits: Boolean algebra, De- Morgan's theorem, Basic logic gates and universal gates, Minimization of logic expressions using Boolean algebra and realization using gates

MODULE IV: Electronic Instrumentation (6 hours)

Block diagram of electronic instrumentation system

Sensors and Transducers: Sensors and Transducers: Active and Passive transducers-photoelectric transducer (Photodiode, Solar Cell), Piezoelectric transducer, accelerometer, Force sensor (Strain gauge), Displacement sensor (LVDT), Temperature sensor (Thermistor), light sensor (LDR) and their applications.

MODULE V: Communication Systems (8 hours)

Introduction, need for modulation, frequency bands used for various communication systems. Radio communication: principle of AM, FM, comparison of AM & FM. Radio Receiver: Block diagram of AM super heterodyne receiver

Mobile Communication: Basic principles of cellular communications, principle and block diagram of GSM, concept of frequency reuse, hand off – soft and hard hand off.

Pulse Code Modulation, Various Digital Modulation Techniques-ASK, PSK, FSK

Basics of Networking, Network Topologies-Bus, Ring, Star and hybrid topology, Classifications of Computer Networks- LAN, MAN, WAN

Text books

- 1. Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory, Pearson, 11th Ed., 2015.
- 2. John M Yarbrough, Digital Logic Applications & Design, Cengage Learning India, 1st edition, 2009.
- 3. David A. Bell, Electronic Instrumentation and Measurements, Oxford, 3rd edition.
- 4. Wayne Tomasi, Electronic Communications System : Fundamentals Through Advanced Pearson education, 5th edition, 2008.

- 1. David A Bell, Electronic Devices & Circuits, Oxford, 5th edition, 2017.
- 2. Chinmoy Saha, Arindam Halder, Debarati Ganguly, Basic Electronics Principles & Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2018
- 3. Millman, Halkias& Parikh, Integrated Electronics, Mc Graw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2012.
- 4. S. Sedra and K. C. Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, Oxford University Press, 6th edition
- 5. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices & Circuits, John Wiley & Sons, 2020
- 6. Bhargava, Basic Electronics and Linear circuits, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2^{nd} edition, 2017.
- 7. Data Communication and Networking, Behrouz A Forouzan, McGraw-Hill Education

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| No. | | No. of Hours | | | | | |
| MODULE 1 | | | | | | | |
| 1.1 | Introduction, Classification of materials based on conductivity: Conductors, Semiconductors and Insulators, conductivityrange. | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.2 | Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors – doping, concept of majority and minority carriers. | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.3 | Active Components: PN junction diode - Structure, Unbiased diode - Depletion layer and Barrier potential, Principle of operation with forward biasing and reverse biasing, VI Characteristics | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.4 | Active Components: Zener diode - Avalanche breakdown and Zener breakdown and Zener characteristics. | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.5 | Active Components: Bipolar Junction Transistor: n-p-n transistor - structure, working. | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.6 | Transistor configuration: CE transistor characteristics only, three regions of operations and applications. | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.7 | Active Components: N channel enhancement mode MOSFET: Structure, working. Comparison of BJT & MOSFET. | 2 | | | | | |
| | MODULE II (Analysis & Derivation not required) | | | | | | |
| | Block diagram and basic elements of DC power supply. | | | | | | |
| 2.1 | Diode Circuits: Half wave rectifier – working, ripple factor, rectification efficiency, peak inverse voltage. | 1 | | | | | |
| 2.2 | Full wave bridge rectifier – working, ripple factor, rectification efficiency, peak inverse voltage. Comparison of half wave rectifier & full wave rectifier | 1 | | | | | |
| 2.3 | Capacitor Filter, Zener voltage regulator – working, line and load regulation. | 1 | | | | | |
| 2.4 | BJT circuits: Transistor as a switch, Transistor as an amplifier | 2 | | | | | |
| 2.5 | Performance comparison of relay and transistor switch | 1 | | | | | |
| | MODULE III | | | | | | |
| 3.1 | Analog and Digital ICs: Concept of integrated circuit, scales of integration, Types of ICs – Digital & Analog ICs | 1 | | | | | |
| 3.2 | Operational Amplifier: Ideal characteristics, inverting and non-inverting amplifier | 1 | | | | | |
| 3.3 | Comparator circuit and applications. | 1 | | | | | |

| 3.4 | Digital Circuits: Basic Boolean algebra laws and theorems, De-Morgan's theorem | 1 | | | | |
|-----|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| 3.5 | Basic logic gates and Universal gates (with analogy) | 1 | | | | |
| 3.6 | Minimization of logic expressions using Boolean algebra and realization using gates. | 1 | | | | |
| | MODULE IV | | | | | |
| 4.1 | Principle and block diagram of electronic instrumentation system | 1 | | | | |
| 4.2 | Sensors and Transducers: Active and Passive transducers-, photoelectric transducer (Photodiode, Solar Cell) | 1 | | | | |
| 4.3 | Piezoelectric transducer, accelerometer and their applications. | 2 | | | | |
| 4.4 | Force sensor (Strain gauge), Displacement sensor (LVDT) and their applications. | 1 | | | | |
| 4.5 | Temperature sensor (Thermistor), light sensor (LDR) and applications. | 1 | | | | |
| | MODULE V | | | | | |
| 5.1 | Communication Systems: Introduction, need for modulation, frequency bands used for various communication systems. | 1 | | | | |
| 5.2 | Radio communication: principle of AM, FM, comparison of AM & FM. | 1 | | | | |
| 5.3 | Radio receiver: Block diagram of AM super heterodyne receiver. | 1 | | | | |
| 5.4 | Mobile Communication: Basic principles of cellular communications, principle and block diagram of GSM, concept of frequency reuse, hand off – soft and hard hand off. | 2 | | | | |
| 5.5 | Pulse Code Modulation, Various Digital Modulation Techniques-ASK, PSK, FSK | 2 | | | | |
| 5.6 | Basics of Networking, Network Topologies-Bus, Ring, Star and hybrid topology, Classifications of Computer Networks- LAN, MAN, WAN | 1 | | | | |
| | CO Assessment Questions | | | | | |
| 1 | Perform a role play to illustrate the different current compone transistor. | ents in a pnp | | | | |
| 2 | Illustrate the working of a full wave bridge rectifier. Compare an parameters of a half wave and full wave rectifier using approsimulation tool and give the reason for selecting the parameter | priate | | | | |
| 3 | Write any logic function, minimize it and simulate using appro Selected function should be capable of illustrating minimizatio | priate tool. | | | | |
| 3 | Write any logic function, minimize it and simulate using appro | priate tool. | | | | |

| 4 | Sketch an op-amp circuit for comparing the voltage levels of two distinct signals. Illustrate how this circuit can be used to detect the positive half cycle of an alternating sinusoidal waveform. |
|---|---|
| 5 | Differentiate between a sensor and transducer. Explain the working principle of a piezo electric transducer. |
| 6 | Perform a role play to illustrate the working principle of GSM. |

| 24EST108 | ENGINEERING GRAPHICS | L | T | P | J | S | | Year of Introduction |
|----------|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------|
| | ENGINEERING GIGAI IIICS | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2024 |

Preamble: Practicing Engineers require conversion of ideas and design into new products or in interpreting information from existing drawings. The course in Engineering Graphics deals with orthographic / pictorial projections, dimensioning and specifications, sectional views, isometric projection, development of surfaces and use of CAD software in preparing drawings. It enables the students to acquire basic knowledge about Engineering drawing and prepare themselves for a career in Engineering.

| Prerequisite: Nil | |
|----------------------|--|
| Course Outcomes: Aft | ter the completion of the course the student will be able to |

- Generate orthographic projections of lines inclined to one or both reference planes, ensuring accurate representation of their true length and orientation.

 Construct orthographic projections of solids with axes inclined to one or both
- Construct orthographic projections of solids with axes inclined to one or both reference planes, demonstrating an understanding of their spatial orientation and dimensions.
- Create sectional views of various solids, including prisms, pyramids, cones, and cylinders when cut by different section planes.
- Create developed surfaces of solids that have been cut by different section planes.
- Prepare pictorial drawings using the principles of isometric projection to visualize objects in three dimensions and convert isometric views to orthographic views.
- Prepare multi-view orthographic projections of 3D solids using CAD tools by visualizing them in different positions.

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|------|------|------|
| CO 1 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 4 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | 3 | | | | | | | | | 3 | | 2 |
| CO 6 | 3 | | | | 3 | | | | | 3 | | 2 |

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

| | Continuou | ıs Assessme | End Semester | | | |
|------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|-------------|--|--|
| Bloom's Category | Test1 | Test 2 | Other tools | Examination | | |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Analyse | | | | | | |
| Evaluate | | | | | | |
| Create | | | | | | |

| Assessment Pattern for Lab component | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Bloom's Category Continuous Assessment | | | | | | |
| Bloom's Category | Class work | Test1 | | | | |
| Remember | | | | | | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| Analyse | | | | | | |
| Evaluate | | | | | | |
| Create | | | | | | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| | | | Theo | ry [L- T] | | Total | |
|-------------------------------|---|----|---------|-----------|--------|-------|--|
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | | | ignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Marks | |
| 2-2-0-0 | 5 | 10 | 12.5 | 5 | 12.5 | 40 | |

Total Marks distribution Total Marks CIA (Marks) ESE (Marks) ESE Duration 100 40 60 3 hrs

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | ESE Marks |
|-----------|----------------|---|-----------|
| | | 2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. | |
| | | Each question carries 12 marks. | |
| PATTERN 3 | | Marks: (5x 12 = 60 marks) | 60 |
| | | Time: 3 hours | |
| | Total Marks: 0 | Total Marks: [5x12 = 60 marks] | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Introduction to Engineering Drawing & Orthographic Projections

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Dimensioning. Principles of Orthographic Projections-Conventions - Projections of Points and projection of lines parallel to/inclined to both reference planes. Traces of lines.

MODULE II: Projections of Regular Solids

Projection of solids-Prisms, pyramids, solids of revolution-cone, cylinder. Solids with axis parallel to/ inclined to both the reference Planes- Auxiliary Views.

MODULE III: Sections and Sectional Views of Right Angular Solids

Sections of Solids: Sections of Prisms, Pyramids, Cone, Cylinder with axis in

vertical position and cut by different section planes. True shape of the sections. Also locating the section plane when the true shape of the section is given.

MODULE IV: Development of Surfaces

Development of Surfaces: Development of surfaces of the Prisms, Pyramids, Cone, Cylinder with axis in vertical position, development of surfaces of solids cut by different section planes. Shortest distance between two points on the surface.

MODULE V: Isometric Projections & 2D Drafting using software

Isometric Projection: Isometric View and Projections of Prisms, Pyramids, Cone, Cylinder, Frustum of Pyramid, Frustum of Cone, Sphere, Hemisphere and their combinations. Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views.

AutoCAD (Internal Evaluation only)

Demonstrating knowledge of a 2D drafting software - Toolbars (Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Prepare orthographic views of 3 D objects from their isometric views.

Text books

- 1. P. I. Varghese, Engineering Graphics, Tata McGraw Hill Education
- 2. Prof. J Benjamin, Engineering Graphics, Pentex Publishers

- 1. N. D. Bhatt, Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103019 (MOOC Course)

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | | | | | | |
|------|--|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| No. | | No. of Hours[44] | | | | | |
| | MODULE 1[10] | | | | | | |
| 1.1 | Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Dimensioning | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.2 | Principles of Orthographic Projections-Conventions - Projections of Points | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.3 | Projections of Points (Problems on projection of points) | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.4 | Projection of lines parallel to/inclined to one reference plane. | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.5 | Projection of lines inclined to both reference planes. Line rotation method | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.6 | Problem on lines inclined to both planes | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.7 | Problem on lines inclined to both planes when apparent lengths are given. | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.8 | Traces of lines using line rotation. | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.9 | Problems on Lines using plane rotation method | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.10 | Problems on Lines when traces are given. | 1 | | | | | |

| | MODULE II [12] | |
|------|--|---|
| 2.1 | Projection of solids- Prisms, pyramids - simple position | 1 |
| 2.2 | Projection of solids- Cylinder, cone - simple position | 1 |
| 2.3 | Projection of solids-Prisms and cylinder inclined to one plane. | 1 |
| 2.4 | Projection of solids-pyramid and cones inclined to one plane. | 1 |
| 2.5 | Projection of solids-Prisms inclined to both the reference Planes | 1 |
| 2.6 | Projection of solids-Pyramids inclined to both the reference Planes | 1 |
| 2.7 | Projection of solids-Cone inclined to both the reference Planes | 1 |
| 2.8 | Projection of solids-Cylinders inclined to both the reference Planes | 1 |
| 2.9 | Problems on projection of solids inclined to both planes. | 2 |
| 2.10 | Solids resting on VP | 2 |
| | MODULE III [7] | |
| 3.1 | Introduction to section- Types of section planes -Sectional orthographic view of Prism when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP | 1 |
| 3.2 | Sectional orthographic view of Pyramid when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP | 1 |
| 3.3 | Sectional orthographic view of prism and Cylinder when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP | 1 |
| 3.4 | Sectional orthographic view of Cone when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP | 1 |
| 3.5 | Sectional orthographic view of above solids when section plane perpendicular to HP inclined to VP | 1 |
| 3.6 | Problems on Sectional orthographic view of above solids when true shape of the section is given | 2 |
| | MODULE IV [7] | |
| 4.1 | Development of surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism. | 1 |
| 4.2 | Development of surfaces of Pyramid. | 1 |
| 4.3 | Problems on development of Prism and Pyramid for sectional solids. | 2 |
| 4.4 | Development of surfaces of Right Regular Solid- Cone and Cylinder. | 1 |
| 4.5 | Problems on development showing shortest path. | 2 |
| | MODULE V [8] | |
| 5.1 | Principles of Isometric Projection-Isometric Scale-Isometric view | 1 |
| 5.2 | Isometric view of simple solids (Pyramids and Prisms) | 1 |
| 5.3 | Isometric view of simple solids (Cylinder and Cone) | 1 |

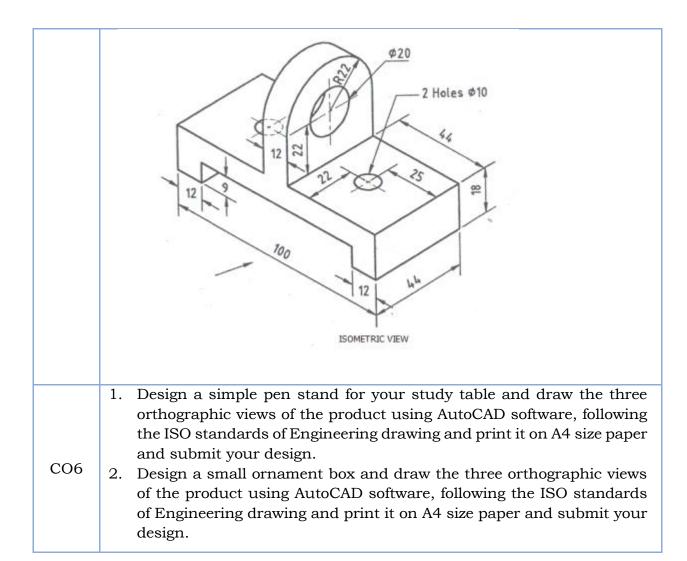
| 5.4 | Isometric projection of above solids | 1 |
|-----|--|----|
| 5.5 | Isometric projection of Compound solids. | 2 |
| 5.6 | Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views. | 2 |
| | Total Hours | 44 |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | Experiment |
|-----|--|-----------------|---|
| 1 | Familiarization with AutoCAD commands and tools | 2 | Auto CAD drawing of Simple geometries |
| 2 | Dimensioning, conversion of isometric views in to orthographic views using AutoCAD | 2 | Conversion of simple components to orthographic views |

| | CO Assessment Questions |
|-----|---|
| | 1. A line AB inclined at 40° to HP has its ends 50mm and 20mm above the HP. The length of its elevation is 65mm and its VT is 10 mm above the VP. Determine the true length of AB, its inclination with HP and its HT. How far the point HT from the X-Y line. |
| CO1 | 2. The end P of a line PQ is 30mm in front of VP and 40 mm above HP, while Q is behind VP and 10 mm above HP. The distance between projectors is 70mm. if the line joining the top views makes an angle of 45°0 with the XY line. Draw the projections and find (i) True length (ii) True inclinations (iii) locate the traces. |
| | 3. Two LED lights are to be fixed on a badminton court. The lights are 1m and 6 m away from a fixed vertical wall and 6m and 5m above the floor respectively. The distance between the lights measured parallel to the wall is 7m. Draw the projections assuming the wall as VP and the floor as HP. Also, find the actual length of the wire required to connect the two LED lights. Use a suitable scale. |
| | 1. A square prism of base side 30mm and length 50mm has a base edge on HP, axis inclined at 35° to HP. The base edge on which it rests is inclined 45° to VP. Draw the projections of solid. |
| CO2 | 2. A hexagonal pyramid having a base with a 30mm side and a 50mm long axis rests on one of its base corners on the ground with axis inclined at 45° to the HP. Draw the projections when the vertical plane containing the axis and the corner makes 30° with the VP. |
| | 3. The trophy to be given to the winners of the football tournament has a frustum of a hexagonal pyramid with the base hexagon of 30mm side, |

| | top hexagon of 20mm side and height 80mm. the frustum is placed on top of a square prism of 100mm side and height 20mm. a sphere of radius 28mm is placed centrally on top of the frustum. Draw the plan and elevation of the trophy. |
|-----|---|
| CO3 | 1. A square prism having a base of 40mm side and 60mm long axis rests on its base on the HP such that one of the vertical faces makes an angle of 30° with the VP. A section plane perpendicular to the VP, inclined at 45° to the HP and passing through the axis at a point 20mm from its top end, cuts the prism. Draw the front view, sectional top view and true shape of the section. |
| | 2. A cube with 45mm long edges rests on HP with vertical faces equally inclined to the VP. It is cut by a section plane perpendicular to the VP so that the true shape of the section is a regular hexagon. Draw the sectional top view and the true shape of the section. Determine the inclination of the section plane with the HP. |
| | 1. A cone with a 50 mm base diameter and 70 mm long axis rests on its base on the HP. Draw the development of its lateral surface when it is cut by an auxiliary inclined plane bisecting the axis and inclined at 45° to the HP. |
| CO4 | 2. A hexagonal prism having base with a 30mm side and a 70mm axis is resting on its base on the ground with a side of base inclined at 45° to the VP. It is cut by an auxiliary inclined plane making an angle of 45° with the HP and passing through a point 15 mm below the top end of the axis. Obtain the development of the lateral surface of the truncated prism. |
| | 3. A sugar jar is in the form of a right circular cone of base diameter 60 mm and height 90 mm and it rests on HP. An ant starts moving from extreme left and of its base, returns to its starting point, after moving around it. Find geometrically the length of the shortest path the ant can take. Show this in both front and top views. |
| | A hemisphere of diameter 80mm is resting on the ground with its flat surface facing upwards. A square pyramid having side of base 40mm and axis 60mm is resting on the base centrally on the top of the hemisphere. Draw the isometric view of the combination of solids. A waste basket is of the shape of a frustum of a hexagonal pyramid |
| CO5 | with base side 30 cm, top side 50 cm and height 100 cm. Draw the isometric projection of the basket which is standing vertically with smaller hexagonal base on the ground. 3. Using any free software (2D drafting software), prepare the three orthographic views of the machine component shown in figure, following the ISO standards. |



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|--------|--|----------|------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|------------|--------------|-----|------|------|-----|--------|-----------|----------|
| 24ES | SL109 | MAN | IIIFAC | TURI | IG PR | ACTIC | ES | L | T | P | J | S | C | Yea: | |
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| Prear | nble: To | enabl | e the | studer | nt to | familiar | ize va | ario | us | too | ols, | n | neası | aring d | evices, |
| practi | ractices and different methods of manufacturing processes employed in industry for | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| fabric | ating o | compon | ents. ' | Topics | that g | give exp | osure | to | th | ie ł | nan | ds | s-on | experier | nce on |
| variou | various basic engineering practices in Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engin | Engineering are included. This helps the learners to apply this experience while | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| develo | oping p | roduct | /projec | t for th | ne ben | efit of s | ociety. | | | | | | | | |
| Prere | quisite | : NIL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cours | se Outo | comes: | After t | he con | npletio | n of the | cour | se | the | stu | der | nt | will 1 | oe able 1 | to |
| 001 | Identif | y differ | ent ma | nufact | uring 1 | process | es whi | ich | are | co | mm | 101 | aly ei | nployed | in the |
| CO1 | | | | | | s [Unde: | | | | | | | Ü | | |
| 000 | | | | | | | | | | | ne n | ne | chan | ical wor | kshop |
| CO2 | - | | | | | as per | | - | | | | | | | • |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | bles, ba | tteries |
| соз | ' | | | | | | <i>O</i> , | | | | | | • | stand le | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | for do | |
| CO4 | | igs. (Ar | | | | | • | | | | , | | | | |
| | Identif | y and t | est var | ious el | ectron | ic comp | onent | s. | Fab | rica | ate | ele | ectro | nic circı | aits on |
| CO5 | | - | | | | ting. [U | | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | | | | CO - 1 | PO MA | PPING | , | | | - | | | | |
| СО | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 |] | 208 | ;] | 209 |) | PO1 | 0 PO11 | PO12 |
| CO1 | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO2 | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ |
| СОЗ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO4 | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO5 | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ |
| | | | | | Assess | ment l | Patter | n | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Conti | nu | ous | A A | sses | SS | men | t Tools | |
| | Blo | | Class work Test1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reme | mber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unde | rstand | | | | | ✓ ✓ | | | | | | | | | |
| Apply | - | | | | | ✓ ✓ | | | | | | | | | |
| Analy | | | | | | ✓ ✓ | | | | ✓ | | | | | |
| D 1 | | | | | | , | | | | + | | | | | |

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Evaluate

Create

| Mark Distribution of CIA | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--------|-----------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | re Attendance Class work Lab Exam Total Ma | | | | | | | | |
| 0-0-4-0 | 5 | 55 | 40 | 100 | | | | | |
| | Total Mark distribution | | | | | | | | |
| Total Marks | CIA (Marks | e) ESI | E (Marks) | ESE Duration | | | | | |
| | 100 | | 0 | - | | | | | |

SYLLABUS- DETAILS OF EXPERIMENTS

- Manufacturing Methods- Moulding and casting, and sheet metal
- Conventional Machining (turning, drilling and shaping), CNC Machining
- Fitting operations, Welding (Arc, gas and brazing)
- Carpentry & power tools, Plumbing, Plastic moulding and glass cutting
- Electrical engineering Study of tools, accessories and safety rules, batteries and earthing, Electrical machines and Transformer. Wiring exercises for simple circuits
- Electronics Engineering Study of electronic components, instruments, testing of electronic devices. Soldering exercises on PCB and electronic circuits

Text books

- 1. Veerana D. K., Workshop / Manufacturing Practices, ISBN 9391505333
- 2. Robert L.Boylestad' "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", Prentice Hall of India, 2007
- 3. D C Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010

- 1. Hajra Choudhury S.K., Hajra Choudhury A.K. and Nirjhar Roy S.K., "Elements of Workshop Technology", Vol. I 2008 and Vol. II 2010, Media promoters and publishers private limited, Mumbai.
- 2. Kalpakjian S. And Steven S. Schmid, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", 4th edition, Pearson Education India Edition, 2002.
- 3. Gowri P. Hariharan and A. Suresh Babu," Manufacturing Technology I" Pearson Education, 2008.
- 4. Roy A. Lindberg, "Processes and Materials of Manufacture", 4th edition, Prentice Hall India, 1998.
- 5. Rao P.N., "Manufacturing Technology", Vol. I and Vol. II, Tata McGraw Hill House, 2017.
- 6. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/107/112107219/mooc
- 7. Bernard Grob, "Basic Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill, 2000

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

| | Mechanical 24 Hrs | | | | |
|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| No. | Experiments | | | | |
| 1 | Study and Exercise on foundry. | | | | |
| 1 | Preparation of mould and making the cast of a given component | | | | |
| 2 | Study and Exercise on sheet metal. | | | | |
| 4 | Make the box/can/tray with metal sheet as per the design | | | | |
| 3 | Study and Exercise on fitting and joining. | | | | |
| 3 | Prepare the joints and weld together as per the drawing | | | | |
| | Study and Exercise on Machining | | | | |
| 4 | Prepare the model as per the drawing using turning, shaping and drilling | | | | |
| | operations. | | | | |
| 5 | Study and Exercise on Carpentry. | | | | |
| <u> </u> | Make simple wooden products like box, rack, etc using power tools. | | | | |
| 6 | Study and Exercise on plumbing. | | | | |
| | Do the pipeline assembly as per the sketch | | | | |
| 7 | Study on CNC Machine, Injection moulding machine, Glass cutting (Demo | | | | |
| , | only) | | | | |
| 8 | Study on Electric devices and wiring. | | | | |
| 0 | Exercise on simple wiring for lighting, fan, etc as per the design | | | | |
| 9 | Study on electronic components and soldering. | | | | |
| 9 | Exercise on soldering the PCB and circuits as per the given design. | | | | |

| | ELECTRICAL WORKSHOP -12 Hrs |
|---|---|
| 1 | Introduction to the precautionary steps adopted for Electrical shocks. Identify the Tools used for Electrical Wiring Study of Electrical Circuit Symbols and familiarization of wiring Accessories. |
| 2 | Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A circuit having one light and fan point. |
| 3 | Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A light/fan circuit using two-way switches. (Staircase wiring) |
| 4 | Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A circuit having fluorescent lamp and socket outlet (6A). |
| 5 | Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A Distribution board with one light point and one power outlet (16A) as sub circuits. |
| 6 | i) Demonstration of inverter wiringii) Demonstration of Earthing Schemes.iii) Demonstration of Earth resistance measurement using equipment. |

| | | ELECT | RONICS WOR | RKSH | OP -1 | 2 Hrs | | |
|---|----------------|------------|----------------|------|--------|--------|-------------|------------|
| | Familiarizatio | n and | identification | of | active | e and | passive | electronic |
| 1 | components | (Resistor, | Capacitor, | Indu | ctor, | diode, | transistor, | sensing |

| | elements, transformer) | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | • Calculation of values, Usage of Data Sheets to find various | | | | | | | | |
| | specifications of Components. | | | | | | | | |
| | Familiarization of Electronic Equipments (Fixed and Variable Power Supply, | | | | | | | | |
| | Function Generator, CRO, Ammeter, Voltmeter etc.) | | | | | | | | |
| | Generation of Periodic waveforms using function generator and | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | measuring various parameters. (Peak Value, Peak to Peak Value, RMS | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Value, Frequency etc.) | | | | | | | | |
| | Testing of Diode and Transistors | | | | | | | | |
| | Measurement of Current and Voltage in Series and Parallel resistor | | | | | | | | |
| | Implementation of Circuits in bread board | | | | | | | | |
| | Connecting LED from supply (Application of Resistor). | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | • LED Connection using capacitor (Charge Storage application of | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Capacitor). | | | | | | | | |
| | Application of Sensing Element (LDR). | | | | | | | | |
| | Full wave Bridge Rectifier Circuit | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Soldering Practice | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Full Wave Bridge Rectifier | | | | | | | | |
| | Introduction to Electronic Simulation tools- LT SPICE | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Voltage and current through Series and Parallel passive components | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | for AC and DC inputs. | | | | | | | | |
| | Simulation of rectifier circuits. | | | | | | | | |

| | CO Assessment Questions | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Identify the best suitable manufacturing processes for a given | | | | | | | |
| 1 | product/design | | | | | | | |
| 0 | A team work to fabricate the component as per the given design using | | | | | | | |
| 2 | available manufacturing methods and submit the report | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Identify the components in the electric system shown in the drawing and | | | | | | | |
| 3 | complete the wiring as per the drawing to get the required result | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Identify the electronic components in the given figure and assemble the | | | | | | | |
| | component on a circuit board to enable the required function | | | | | | | |

| 24MCT110 | SPORTS AND WELLNESS | L | Т | P | J | S | С | Year of Introduction |
|----------|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------|
| | or onto the walking | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2024 |

Preamble: Sports and wellness enable the students

- To understand the importance of sound health fitness principles as they relate to better health.
- To expose the students to a variety of physical and yogic activities aimed at stimulating their continued inquiry about Yoga, physical education, health and fitness.
- To create a safe, progressive, methodical and efficient activity-based plan to enhance improvement and minimize risk of injury.
- To develop among students an appreciation of physical activity as a lifetime pursuit and a means to better health.

Prerequisite:

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- **CO 1** Explain health related fitness components: cardio respiratory endurance, flexibility and body composition etc.
- **CO 2** Apply first aid in real situation.
- **CO 3** Apply physiological principles related to exercise and training.
- **CO 4** Identify opportunities for participation in sports and games activities.
- **CO 5** Practice physical activities and yoga for flexibility, relaxation and quality life style.

| | CO - PO MAPPING | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
| CO 1 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 3 |
| CO 2 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 3 |
| CO 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 3 |
| CO 4 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 3 |
| CO 5 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 3 |

Assessment Pattern

| | Continuou | s Assessme | End Semester | | |
|------------------|-----------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|--|
| Bloom's Category | Test1 | Test 1 Test 2 Other tools | | Examination | |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Analyse | | | ✓ | | |
| Evaluate | | | | | |
| Create | | | | | |

| | Mark Distribution of CIA | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------|-------------|--------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | | ieory [L- 1 | _ | Total | | | | |
| [2110] | | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Marks | | | | |
| 2-0-0-0 | 5 | 35 | 30 | 30 | 100 | | | | |

| | Total Ma | ark distribution | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration | | |
| 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 | | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Physical fitness, wellness and exercise programmes.

- Meaning and importance of physical fitness and wellness.
- Components of health-related fitness and sports related fitness
- How to start an exercise programme.
- How to select proper exercises.
- Exercise for improving speed, strength, endurance, and flexibility and co ordinative abilities.
- Exercises to prevent back pain, tennis elbow, shoulder injury and knee pain, neck pain.
- Fitness test for health-related fitness components.
- Importance of weight training.
- Importance of warming up and cooling down.
- How to deal with every day stress.

MODULE II: First aid

- First aid and principles of first aid
- First aid measure for the following –
 Bleeding through Nose, Snakebite, Dog Bite, Electric Shock, Burns and Drowning
- Common injuries and their management Wounds, Cuts, Sprain, Strain, Fracture and Dislocation.
- Cardio pulmonary resuscitation. (CPR)
- How to prevent muscle cramps and its management.
- How to carry an injured person.

MODULE III: Fundamentals of Anatomy and physiology in physical education and Postures.

• Define Anatomy, physiology and its importance.

- Effects of exercise on the functioning of various body system (Cardio respiratory system, muscular system and digestive system)
- Posture and its importance.
- Common Postural Deformities-Knock Knee; Flat Foot; Round Shoulders; Lordosis, Kyphosis, Bow Legs and Scoliosis.
- Corrective Measures for Postural Deformities.
- Exercise and happy hormones.
- Substance abuse.

MODULE IV: Sports and games

- Following subtopics related to anyone game/sport of choice of student out of Football, Shuttle badminton, Volleyball, Basketball, Tennis and cricket
- Specification of play fields and related sports equipments
- Sports and games for recreation.

Latest general rule of the game / sports.

MODULE V: Lifestyle & Yoga

- Balanced diet, mal nutrition and Deficiency disease.
- Healthy diet plan.
- Hydration and its importance.
- Personal hygiene.
- Rest and recovery.
- Importance of sleep.
- Meaning & importance of Yoga.
- Introduction-Asanas, Pranayama, Meditation.
- Relaxation Techniques in yoga
- Asanas to prevent life style disease.

Text books

- 1. Modern Trends and Physical Education by Prof. Ajmer Singh.
- 2. Light on Yoga by B.K.S. Iyengar.
- 3. Health and Physical Education- NCERT (11th and 12th Classes)

- 1. Physiological aspects of sports training and performance by Jay Hoffman.
- 2. Periodization theory and methodology of training by Tudor O Bompa and G Grisgery Haff.
- 3. Essential of strength training and conditioning by Thomas Baechle E R, Roger W Earle.
- 4. A practice guide to emergency first aid, safety injuries, illnesses by Montreal.

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | |
|-----|---|---------------------|
| No. | | No. of Hours[24[|
| M | ODULE 1: Physical fitness, wellness and exercise programmes. | • |
| 1.1 | Meaning and importance of physical fitness and wellness. Components of health-related fitness and sports related fitness. | 1 |
| 1.2 | How to start an exercise programme. Exercise for improving speed, strength, endurance, and flexibility and co ordinative abilities. How to select proper exercises. | 1 |
| 1.3 | • Exercises to prevent back pain, tennis elbow, shoulder injury and knee pain, Neck pain. | 1 |
| 1.4 | Fitness test for health-related fitness components. | 1 |
| 1.5 | Importance of weight training.Importance of warming up and cooling down. | 1 |
| 1.6 | How to deal with every day stress. | 1 |
| | MODULE II: First aid | |
| 2.1 | First aid and principles of first aid First aid measure for the following – Bleeding through Nose, Snakebite, Dog Bite, Electric Shock, Burns and Drowning. | 1 |
| 2.4 | Common injuries and their management Wounds, Cuts, Sprain, Strain, Fracture and Dislocation. | 1 |
| 2.5 | Cardio pulmonary resuscitation. (CPR) | 1 |
| 2.6 | How to prevent muscle cramps and its management.How to carry an injured person | 1 |
| | MODULE III: Fundamentals of Anatomy and physiology in physical education and Postures. | |
| 3.1 | Define Anatomy, physiology and its importance. Effects of exercise on the functioning of various body system (Cardio respiratory system, muscular system and digestive system) | 1 |
| 3.2 | Posture and its importance. | 1 |
| 3.3 | Common Postural Deformities-Knock Knee; Flat Foot; Round Shoulders; Lordosis, Kyphosis, Bow Legs and Scoliosis. Corrective Measures for Postural Deformities. | 1 |

| 3.4 | Exercise and happy hormones.Substance abuse. | 1 | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | MODULE IV: Sports and games. | | | | | | | | |
| 4.1 | Football | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 4.2 | Shuttle badminton | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 4.3 | Volleyball | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 4.4 | Basketball | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 4.5 | Cricket | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 4.6 | Tennis • Sports and games for recreation. Latest general rule of the game / sports. Specification of play fields and related sports equipment | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | Module 5- Lifestyle & Yoga | | | | | | | | |
| 5.1 | Balanced diet, mal nutrition and Deficiency disease. Healthy diet plan Hydration and its importance. | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 5.2 | Personal hygiene.Rest and recovery.Importance of sleep. | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 5.3 | Meaning & importance of Yoga.Introduction-Asanas, Pranayama, Meditation. | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 5.4 | Relaxation techniques in yoga.Asanas to prevent life style disease. | 1 | | | | | | | |

| | CO Assessment Questions |
|---|--|
| 1 | What are the types of Asanas for improving strength and flexibilities? |
| 2 | What are the physiological changes to cardio respiratory system during exercise? |
| 3 | What are the first aid to sprains and strains? |
| 4 | How to develop cardio respiratory fitness? |
| 5 | Which are the seventeen laws in football? |
| 6 | Which are the exercises to prevent back and shoulder pain? |

| 24EST106 | ENGINEERING MECHANICS | L | T | P | J | s | С | Year of Introduction |
|----------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------------|
| | | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2024 |

Preamble:

The objective this course is to expose the students to the fundamental concepts of mechanics and enhance their problem-solving skills. It introduces students to the influence of applied force system and the geometrical properties of the rigid bodies. After this course students will be able to recognize similar problems in real-world situations and respond accordingly.

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes:

- CO After the completion of the course the student will be able to
- **CO 1** Recall principles and theorems related to rigid body mechanics. [Remember level]
- **CO 2** Identify and describe the components of system of forces acting on a rigid body. [Understand level]
- CO 3 Apply the conditions of equilibrium to various practical problems involving different force systems. [Apply level]
- **CO 4** Analyse linear, curvilinear and rotary motion of rigid bodies. [Apply level]
- **CO 5** Determine the properties of distributed areas. [Apply level]

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| CO 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| со з | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 2 | 1 | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | - | - | - | - | - |

Assessment Pattern

| | Continuou | s Assessme | End Semester | |
|------------------|-----------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Bloom's Category | Test1 | Test 1 Test 2 Other tools | | Examination |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Analyse | | | ✓ | |
| Evaluate | | | | |
| Create | | | | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| Course Structure | Attandones | Th | eory [L-T] | | Total |
|------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|-------|
| [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Marks |
| 2-1-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

| Total Mark distribution | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration |
| 100 | 40 | 60 | 3 Hours |

End Semester Examination [ESE] Pattern

| Pattern | Part A | Part B | ESE Marks |
|-----------|--|--|--------------|
| PATTERN 1 | 10 Questions, each question carries 2 marks Marks: (2×10 =20 marks) | 2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5×8 = 40 marks) Time: 3 hours | 60 |
| | Total Marks: 20 | Total Marks: [5×8 = 40 marks] | |

SYLLABUS

Module 1 (Resultant of Force Systems)

Introduction to Engineering Mechanics-statics-basic principles of statics-Parallelogram law, equilibrium law, principles of superposition and transmissibility, law of action and reaction(review) free body diagrams.

Concurrent coplanar forces-composition and resolution of forces, resultant – methods of projections.

Equilibrium – equations. Equilibrant.

Non-Concurrent coplanar forces – Varignon's Theorem of moments. Parallel coplanar forces – couple - resultant of parallel forces – centre of parallel forces.

Resultant of non-Concurrent coplanar forces.

Module 2 (Equilibrium of Rigid Bodies)

Equilibrium of bodies subjected to general coplanar force system - equilibrium equations.

Friction – sliding friction - Coulomb's laws of friction – analysis of single bodies and connected bodies –wedges and ladder analysis.

Module 3 (Centroid and Moment of Inertia)

Concept of Centroid -Centroid of composite areas.

Moment of inertia-parallel axis and perpendicular axis theorems. Polar moment of inertia, radius of gyration, mass moment of inertia-ring, cylinder and disc. Theorem of Pappus Guldinus (demonstration only).

Module 4 (Support Reactions of Beams, Forces in Space)

Beams - types of beams- Cantilever, Simple supported and Overhanging beams, Types of loading, Support reaction of beams subjected to concentrated loads, UDL, UVL and moments.

Forces in space - vectorial representation of forces, moments and couples -resultant and equilibrium equations - concurrent forces in space (simple problems only)

Module 5 (Dynamics of Rigid Bodies)

Dynamics – review of Newton's Laws –D'Alembert's Principle. – motion on horizontal and inclined surfaces, motion of connected bodies.

Impulse momentum equation and work energy equation (concepts only).

Curvilinear translation - Review of Kinematics- kinetics - equation of motion.

Rotation – kinematics of rotation- equation of motion for a rigid body rotating about a fixed axis – rotation under a constant moment.

Plane motion of rigid body – instantaneous centre of rotation (concept only).

Text Books:

- 1. Timoshenko and Young, Engineering Mechanics, McGraw Hill Publishers.
- 2. Shames, I. H., Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics, Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. R. C. Hibbeler and Ashok Gupta, Engineering Mechanics, Vol. I statics, Vol II Dynamics, Pearson Education.

- 1. Merriam J. L and Kraige L. G., Engineering Mechanics Vols. 1 and 2, John Wiley.
- 2. Tayal A K, Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics, Umesh Publications
- 3. Bhavikkatti, S.S., Engineering Mechanics, New Age International Publishers
- 4. F.P.Beer abd E.R.Johnston (2011), Vector Mechanics for Engineers, Vol.I-Statics, Vol.II-Dynamics, $9^{\rm th}$ Ed, Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. Rajasekaran S and Sankarasubramanian G, Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd.

| COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| No. | | No. of Hour 36 |
| | Module 1 (8 Hours) | |
| | Introduction to Mechanics – Mechanics of Rigid Bodies (EMS), Mechanics of deformable Bodies (MoS) and Mechanics of fluids (FM). | |
| 1.1 | Relevance of Engineering Mechanics, introduction to studies of bodies at rest (Statics) and studies of bodies in motion (Dynamics). | 1 |
| | Rigid bodies, Principle of transmissibility of forces, Principle of superposition, law of action and reaction. | |
| 1.2 | Free body diagrams (FBDs) – concept and examples, Exercise problems on drawing FBDs. | 1 |
| 1.3 | Resolution of forces – rectangular components. Resultant of two forces - Parallelogram law. | 1 |
| 1.4 | System of coplanar forces – concurrent and non- concurrent forces. | 1 |
| 1.5 | Resultant force of a system of concurrent coplanar forces – method of projections. | 1 |
| 1.6 | Moment of a force, Varignon's Theorem of moments. Parallel coplanar forces – couple - resultant of parallel forces – centre of parallel forces | 1 |
| 1.7 | Resultant force of a system of non-concurrent coplanar forces | 1 |
| 1.8 | Resultant force of a system of non-concurrent coplanar forces | 1 |

| | Module II (7 Hours) | |
|-----|---|---|
| 2.1 | Equilibrium – equations for bodies subjected to coplanar concurrent and non- concurrent system of forces. Analysis of bodies subjected to system of coplanar concurrent forces. | |
| 2.2 | Analysis of bodies subjected to system of coplanar non-concurrent forces. | |
| 2.3 | Analysis of bodies subjected to system of coplanar non-concurrent forces. | |
| 2.4 | Introduction to Friction – sliding friction - Coulomb's laws of friction – analysis of single bodies | |
| 2.5 | Analysis of connected bodies | 1 |
| 2.6 | Problems on wedge friction | 1 |
| 2.7 | Problems on ladder friction | 1 |
| | Module III (8 Hours) | |
| 3.1 | Centroid – Concept, Centroid of simple and regular geometrical shapes – Rectangle, right angled triangle, circle, semi-circle, sector of a circle/quadrant. Location of centroids using principle of moments. Centroid of simple figures using integration- Demonstration. | 1 |
| 3.2 | Centroid of composite areas- examples for illustration – problems for practice to be done by self. | |
| 3.3 | Moment of Inertia-Concept, Moment of inertia of simple figures using integration. | |
| 3.4 | Parallel axis theorem – Demonstration. | |
| 3.5 | Moment of inertia - perpendicular axis theorem - example for illustration to be given as hand out and discussion on the solved example. | 1 |
| 3.6 | Polar moment of inertia, Radius of gyration. Mass moment of inertia of ring, cylinder and uniform disc. Theorem of Pappus Guldinus – Demonstration | |
| 3.7 | Moment of Inertia-Concept, Moment of inertia of simple figures using integration. | |
| 3.8 | Parallel axis theorem – Demonstration. | 1 |
| | Module IV (6 Hours) | |
| 4.1 | Beams- Types, Support conditions, Loads on beams-Concentrated, UDL and UVL. | 1 |
| 4.2 | Support reactions of beam subject to concentrated loads | 1 |
| 4.3 | Support reactions of beam subject to UDL | 1 |
| 4.4 | Support reactions of beam subject to UVL, Support reactions of beams subject to concentrated moments – examples for illustration – problems for practice to be done by self. | 1 |

TKM College of Engineering, Kollam (Govt. Aided and Autonomous)

| 4.5 | Introduction to forces in space – vectorial representation of forces, moments and couples – simple problems to illustrate vector representations of forces, moments and couples. | 1 |
|-----|---|---|
| 4.6 | Solution to practice problems - resultant and equilibrium equations for concurrent forces in space. | 1 |
| | Module V (7 Hours) | |
| 5.1 | Introduction to dynamics – kinematics and kinetics. Kinetics- Newton's Second Law, D'Alembert's principle. – illustration of the concepts using one numerical exercise from motion on horizontal and inclined surfaces | 1 |
| 5.2 | Motion of connected bodies - example for illustration to be given as hand out and discussion on the solved example - problems for practice to be done by self. | 1 |
| 5.3 | Motion of connected bodies - example for illustration to be given as hand out and discussion on the solved example | 1 |
| 5.4 | Concepts of impulse momentum equation and work energy equation. Curvilinear translation – Review of Kinematics. | 1 |
| 5.5 | Curvilinear translation – Kinetics – equations. | 1 |
| 5.6 | Rotation – kinematics and kinetics of rotation- equation of motion for a rigid body rotating about a fixed axis, motion of cylinder/disc – rolling without slip. | 1 |
| 5.7 | Plane motion of rigid bodies – instantaneous centre of rotation (concept only). | 1 |
| | | |

| | | CO Assessment Questions |
|------|---|---|
| CO 1 | 1 | State and explain principle of superposition of forces. |
| | 2 | Explain D'Alembert's principle. |
| CO 2 | 1 | A person is standing on the rung of a ladder placed on a smooth horizontal floor against a rough vertical wall. Identify all forces acting on the ladder and draw its free body diagram. |
| | 2 | A car is resting on an inclined plane as shown in figure. Identify all forces acting on the car and draw the free body diagram of the car. |
| CO 3 | 1 | A boy stands out at the end of the diving board, which is supported by two springs A and B , each having a stiffness of $k = 15$ kN/m. In the position shown the board is horizontal. If the boy has a weight of 400 N, |

determine the angle of tilt which the board makes with the horizontal after he jumps off. Neglect the weight of the board and assume it is rigid. The 1500-N electrical transformer with center of gravity at G is supported by a pin at A and a smooth pad at B. Determine the horizontal and vertical components of reaction at the pin A and the reaction of the pad *B* on the transformer. 0.9 m CO₄ An engine of weight 500 kN pull a train weighing 1500 kN up an incline of 1 in 100. The train starts from rest and moves with constant acceleration against a resistance of 5 N/kN. It attains a maximum speed of 36 kmph in 1 km distance. Determine the tension in the coupling between train and engine and the traction force developed by the engine. A right circular cylinder of mass m and radius r is suspended from a cord that is wound round its circumference. If the cylinder is allowed to fall freely, find the acceleration of its mass centre and tension in the cord. CO₅ Locate the centroid of the plate shown in figure. 2 m 3 m

25 mm

The cross section of a beam is shown in figure. Determine the moments of inertia of the section about its horizontal and vertical axes passing through the centroid.

120 mm

BRANCH SPECIFIC 2 CREDIT COURSES (SEMESTER I)

| 24EST117 | Basics of Electrical Engineering | L | Т | P | J | s | С | Year of Introduction |
|----------|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------|
| 2-20111 | basics of Electrical Engineering | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2024 |

Preamble: To provide the students with a broad perspective of the field of Electrical Engineering. The course is designed to empower the students in solving simple electrical circuits. The course facilitates the students to learn about the generation and transmission of electrical power. The course introduces the operation and characteristics of DC and AC machines.

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- **CO 1** Apply Electrical laws to compute different circuit parameters (Apply)
- **CO 2** Identify the parameters of simple magnetic circuits (Understand)
- **CO 3** Compute the parameters of simple A.C. electrical circuits (Understand)
- CO 4 Demonstrate the benefits of a three-phase system for industrial electrical applications (Analyze)
- **CO 5** Understand the operation and characteristics of electrical machines (Understand)

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| CO 1 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 2 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | 2 | | |
| CO 3 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 4 | 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | 2 | | |
| CO 5 | 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | | | |

Assessment Pattern

| | Continuou | s Assessme | nt Tools | End Semester |
|------------------|-----------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| Bloom's Category | Test1 | Test 2 | Other tools | Examination |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Analyse | | | | |
| Evaluate | | | | |
| Create | | | | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| Course Structure | Attendance | Th | eory [L- T] | | Total |
|------------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------|-------|
| [L-T-P-J] | | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Marks |
| 2-0-0-0 | 5 | 35 | 30 | 30 | 100 |

| | Total Mark distribution | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Total Marks | Total Marks CIA (Marks) ESE (Marks) ESE Duration | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: D. C. Circuits

D. C. Circuits: Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws; Loop current and Nodal voltage method; Steady state analysis with independent sources, Star-Delta conversion (Analysis of resistive networks only).

MODULE II: Magnetic circuits and Electromagnetism

Magnetic circuits: MMF, field strength, flux density, reluctance, energy stored in magnetic circuits, Simple problems in series magnetic circuits.

Electromagnetism: Faradays Laws, Lenz's Law, Fleming's Rules, Statically and dynamically induced EMF; Concepts of self-inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling.

MODULE III: Single Phase AC systems

Single Phase systems: Generation of sinusoidal voltage, RMS and Average value, form factor and peak factor of sinusoidal waveforms, Impedance of series circuits (RL, RC and RLC circuits). Phasor diagram of series circuits; Real, reactive and apparent power, power factor, Power triangle.

MODULE IV: Three Phase AC Systems

Three Phase Systems: Generation of three phase voltages- advantages of three phase systems, star and delta connection, three wire and four wire systems, relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents. Expressions for power in three phase circuits; definition of phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced load; Relationship between line and phase values of balanced star and delta connections; Power in balanced three phase circuits.

Power transmission and distribution: Typical electrical power transmission scheme, need for high voltage transmission, primary and secondary transmission and distribution systems.

MODULE V: Fundamentals of Electrical Machines

DC Machines: Working principle of DC motors - types of D.C. motors, characteristics (series and Shunt motors only) and applications - Necessity of a starter for DC motor. Transformer: Principle of operation and construction of single-phase transformers (core and shell types).

AC Machines - Three Phase Induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field; Principle of operation, types and constructional features; Slip and its significance; Applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors; Necessity of a starter, star-delta starter.

Text books

- 1. Hughes, Electrical Technology, Pearson, 10th Edition, 2011.
- 2. Fitzgerald and Higginbotham, Basic Electrical Engineering, McGraw Hill Inc, 1981.
- 3. D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, Basic Electrical Engineering, 3rd Edition, TMH, 2009
- 4. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, McGraw-Hill Education, Revised first edition, 2019

- 1. Electrical Engineering Fundamentals, Vincent Del Toro, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 2. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics, B.L. Theraja, S Chand and Company, Reprint Edition 2013.
- 3. Principles Electrical Engineering and Electronics, V.K Mehta, Rohit Mehta, S Chand and Company, 2nd edition, 2015.
- 4. M. S. Sukhija and T. K. Nagsarkar, Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 5. S. B. Lal Seksena and Kaustuv Dasgupta, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Cambridge University Press.
- 6. NPTEL course on Basic Electrical Technology, Prof. G. D. Roy, IIT Kharagpur.

| | COURCE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SOURDING | Miaragpur. |
|-----|--|-----------------------------|
| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | DT C |
| No. | | No. of Hours [23 Hrs] |
| | MODULE I | 11101 |
| | MODULE 1 | |
| 1.1 | Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws; Loop current Method | 1 |
| 1.2 | Nodal voltage method; Steady state analysis with independent sources | 1 |
| 1.3 | Numerical problems | 1 |
| 1.4 | Star-Delta conversion (Analysis of resistive networks only). | 1 |
| | MODULE II | |
| 2.1 | MMF, field strength, flux density, reluctance, energy stored in magnetic circuits | 1 |
| 2.2 | Simple problems in magnetic circuits | 1 |
| 2.3 | Faradays Laws, Lenz's Law, Fleming's Rules, Statically and dynamically induced EMF | 1 |
| 2.4 | Concepts of self-inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling | 1 |
| | MODULE III | |
| 3.1 | Generation of sinusoidal voltage | 1 |
| 3.2 | RMS and Average value, form factor and peak factor of sinusoidal waveforms | 1 |
| 3.3 | Impedance of series circuits (RL, RC and RLC circuits). Phasor diagram of series circuits; | 1 |
| 3.4 | Real, reactive and apparent power, power factor, Power triangle | 1 |
| 3.5 | Numerical problems | 1 |

| | MODULE IV | |
|-----|---|---|
| 4.1 | Generation of three phase voltages- advantages of three phase systems, star and delta connection, three wire and four wire system | 1 |
| 4.2 | Relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents. Expressions for power in balanced three phase circuits | 1 |
| 4.3 | Definition of phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced load; Relationship between line and phase values of balanced star and delta connections | 1 |
| 4.4 | Numerical problems | 1 |
| 4.5 | Typical electrical power transmission scheme, need for high voltage transmission, primary and secondary transmission and distribution systems. | 1 |
| | MODULE V | |
| 5.1 | Working principle of DC motors - Types of D.C. motors, characteristics (series and Shunt motors only) and applications; Necessity of a starter for DC motor | 1 |
| 5.2 | Principle of operation and construction of single-phase transformers (core and shell types) | 1 |
| 5.3 | Three Phase Induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field; Principle of operation | 1 |
| 5.4 | Types and constructional features; Slip and its significance | 1 |
| 5.5 | Applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors; Necessity of a starter, star-delta starter. | 1 |

| | CO Assessment Questions |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Given two resistances, draw a circuit with both of them so as to draw minimum current. (Understand) |
| CO1 | What is the shape of the electrical voltage waveform coming to your house? Draw the waveform with neat label. (Remember) |
| CO1 | Solve problems applying Ohms law and Kirchoff's Laws (Understand) |
| CO2 | Define and explain the terms MMF, reluctance and permeability with the help of a neat sketch. (Remember) |
| | Describe the concept of magnetic reluctance and its relationship to magnetic |
| CO2 | circuits. How does it affect the flow of magnetic flux? Provide an example that |
| CO2 | illustrates the calculation of reluctance in a simple series magnetic circuit. |
| | Present your reasoning in a clear and organized manner. (Understand) |
| CO3 | The voltage and current across a circuit is out of phase by 30°. The voltage is having a frequency of 50Hz. Plot the waveforms and compute the real and reactive power. (understand) |

| СОЗ | Explain with the aid of a neat sketch, how the average and rms values of an alternating current are obtained. (Remember) |
|-----|--|
| CO4 | Three inductive coils, each with a resistance of 15Ω and an inductance of 0.03H are connected in (i) star and (ii) delta, to 3-phase, 400V, 50Hz supply. Calculate for each of the above case (i) phase current and line current and (ii) total power absorbed. (Apply) |
| CO4 | Submit a report by identifying three cases where star and delta connected three phase AC systems are used (Understand) |
| CO5 | Identify the motors used in all the machines / lathe in the Machine shop. (Understand) |

| 24EST | ST119 Basic Mechanical Engineering | | | | J | s | c | Year of Introduction |
|----------|--|------|------|-----|------------|------|------|-------------------------|
| | 3 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2024 |
| Preamb | e: | | | | | | | |
| Enable | ne students to build a foundation in fundam | ıen1 | tals | of | Me | cha | ınic | al Engineering, |
| to corre | ate theoretical concepts with their industr | ial, | /en | gin | eer | ing | ар | plications. The |
| course | mparts knowledge on various topics like | th | ern. | nod | yna | ami | .cs, | heat transfer, |
| thermal | and hydraulic machines. It helps the learn | ers | to | pre | - epa: | re t | her | n for advanced |
| concept | in Mechanical Engineering and to do interc | disc | cipl | ina | _ .ry : | rese | earc | ch. |
| Prerequ | site: Nil | | | | | | | |
| Course | Outcomes: After the completion of the cours | se 1 | the | stu | ıde | nt v | will | be able to |
| 60 1 E | plain the significance and applications of the | her | mo | dyr | ıan | iics | an | d heat transfer |
| CO 1 | derstand, Apply) | | | | | | | |

| CO 3 | Describe and | compare the | working | of hydraulic | machines | (Understand) |
|------|--------------|-------------|---------|--------------|----------|--------------|
|------|--------------|-------------|---------|--------------|----------|--------------|

(Understand)

co 4 Explain the basic principles of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning systems (Understand)

Illustrate the working and features of thermal power generation systems

co 5 Discuss the basic manufacturing, metal joining and machining processes (Understand, Apply)

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| CO 1 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | 2 | | |
| CO 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 4 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | 2 | | |

Assessment Pattern

| Plaam'a Catagaga | Continu | End Semester | | | |
|------------------|---------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Bloom's Category | Test1 | Test 2 | Other tools | Examination | |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Analyse | | | | | |
| Evaluate | | | | | |
| Create | | | | | |

| Mark Distribution of CIA | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|-----------------|--------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | A 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 | T | /N - 4 - 1 NF 1 | | | | | |
| | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Total Marks | | | |
| 2-0-0-0 | 5 | 35 | 30 | 30 | 100 | | | |

Total Mark distribution

| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer

Thermodynamics: Laws of thermodynamics, Significance and Applications of Heat Engine, Heat Pump and Refrigerator — Efficiency, Coefficient of Performance (COP) Heat Transfer: Modes of Heat Transfer, Statement and explanation of Fourier's law of heat conduction, Newton's law of cooling, Stefan Boltzmann's law, Significance and Applications of heat transfer.

MODULE II: Thermal power generation Systems

Boilers: Classification, FBC

Steam Turbines: Classification, Working principle of Impulse and reaction turbines, **Gas turbines**: Classification, Working principle of Open and Closed cycle Gas turbine, **IC Engines**: Classification, Working principle of two stroke and four stroke (SI and CI) Engines

MODULE III: Fluid Machines

Pumps: Types, Operation of Reciprocating and Centrifugal pumps

Hydraulic Turbines: Classification, Description about working with sketches of: Pelton turbine, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbine. Overall efficiency, Problems on calculation of input and output power of pumps and turbines (No velocity triangles)

MODULE IV: Refrigeration and Air Conditioning

Refrigerant, Vapor compression refrigeration system- Principle,

Domestic Refrigerator, Window, and split air conditioners- Description about working with sketches.

MODULE V: Manufacturing Process

Basic description of the manufacturing processes (Basic Concepts only and examples of products) – Die Casting, Forging, Rolling, Extrusion.

Basic description: Lathe Machine and Lathe operations, Drilling

Basic description of Metal Joining Processes: Arc Welding, Soldering and Brazing and their applications,

Text books

- 1. Benjamin J., Basic Mechanical Engineering, Pentex Publishers Ltd., Kollam.
- 2. Balachandran P., Basic Mechanical Engineering, Owl publishers.

- 1. Spalding and Cole, Engineering Thermodynamics, Hodder & Stoughton Educational.
- 2. Gill, Smith and Zuirys, Fundamentals of IC Engines, Oxford and IBH publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 3. Crouse, Automobile Engineering, Tata Mc-Graw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. Roy and Choudhary, Elements of Mechanical Engineering, Media Promoters & Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai.
- 5. Bansal R.K., Fluid Mechanics and Machine, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 6. Pravin Kumar, Basic Mechanical Engineering, Pearson.

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | |
|-----|--|-----------------|
| No. | | No. of Hours |
| | MODULE 1 | |
| 1.1 | Thermodynamics: Laws of thermodynamics, Significance and Applications | 1 |
| 1.2 | Heat engine, heat pump and refrigerator — Efficiency, Coefficient of Performance (COP) | 1 |
| 1.3 | Heat Transfer: Modes of Heat Transfer, Statement and explanation of Fourier's law of heat conduction, Newton's law of cooling, Stefan Boltzmann's law. | 1 |
| 1.4 | Significance and Applications of heat transfer | 1 |
| | MODULE II | |
| 2.1 | Thermal power generation Systems Boilers: Classification, FBC | 1 |
| 2.2 | Steam Turbines : Classification, Working principle of Impulse and reaction turbines, | 1 |
| 2.3 | Gas turbines : Classification, Working principle of Open and Closed cycle Gas turbine | 1 |
| 2.4 | IC Engines: Classification, Working principle of four stroke (SI and CI) Engine | 1 |
| 2.5 | Working principle of two stroke (SI and CI) Engine | 1 |
| | MODULE III | |
| 3.1 | Fluid Machines Pumps: Types, Operation of Reciprocating pumps | 1 |
| 3.2 | Operation of Centrifugal pumps | 1 |
| 3.3 | Hydraulic Turbines : Classification, Description about working with sketches of Pelton turbine | 1 |
| 3.4 | Hydraulic Turbines : Description about working with sketches of Francis turbine. | 1 |

| 3.5 | Hydraulic Turbines : Description about working with sketches of Kaplan turbine. | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 3.6 | Overall efficiency, Problems on calculation of input and output power of pumps and turbines | | | | | | | |
| | MODULE IV | | | | | | | |
| 4.1 Refrigeration and Air Conditioning : Refrigerant, Vapor compression refrigeration system - Principle | | | | | | | | |
| 4.2 | Domestic Refrigerator - Description about the working with sketches | | | | | | | |
| 4.3 | Window air conditioners - Description about the working with sketches | | | | | | | |
| 4.4 | Split air conditioners - Description about the working with sketches | | | | | | | |
| | MODULE V | | | | | | | |
| 5.1 | Basic description of the manufacturing processes – Die Casting, Forging and their applications | | | | | | | |
| 5.2 | Basic description of the manufacturing processes - Rolling, Extrusion, and their applications | 1 | | | | | | |
| 5.3 | Basic description: Lathe Machine and Lathe operations, Drilling | 1 | | | | | | |
| 5.4 | Basic description of Metal Joining Process: Arc Welding | 1 | | | | | | |
| 5.5 | Basic description of Metal Joining Processes: Soldering, Brazing, Applications | 1 | | | | | | |

| | CO Assessment Questions |
|---|---|
| 1 | An office worker claims that a cup of cold coffee on his table warmed up to 80°C by picking up energy from the surrounding air, which is at 25°C. Is there any truth to his claim? Does this process violate any thermodynamic laws? Compare the heat pump and refrigerator. Also obtain an expression for C.O.P. |
| | 3. Prepare a report on the applications of heat transfer in industries. 4. Consider two walls of a house that are identical except that one is made of 10-cm-thick wood, while the other is made of 25-cm-thick brick. Through which wall will the house lose more heat in winter? |
| 2 | Compare impulse and reaction steam turbine and state applications Give the practical applications of Gas turbine Identify and explain with a neat sketch, the working of the engine that gives one power stroke for two revolutions of crankshaft. Compare the working of 2 stroke and 4 stroke IC engines |
| 3 | Explain the working of a pump with sketches used for low head and high discharge Prepare a report on the pumps with specifications used in industries Identify hydroelectric power plants that use Pelton wheel turbines and illustrate the working of the turbine. |

| | 4. A turbine is to operate under a head of 25 m at 200 rpm. The discharge is | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 9 m ³ /s. If the overall efficiency of the turbine is 90%. Determine the power | | | | | | | | | | |
| | developed by the turbine. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Illustrate the principle of operation of a household refrigerator. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. It is proposed to use water instead of refrigerant- 134a as the working fluid | | | | | | | | | | |
| | in air-conditioning applications where the minimum temperature never | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | falls below the freezing point. Would you support this proposal? Explain | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 3. With the help of suitable sketch explain the working of a split air | | | | | | | | | | |
| | conditioner | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4. When selecting a refrigerant for a certain application, what qualities would | | | | | | | | | | |
| | you look for in the refrigerant? | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Identify the manufacturing process that uses mould to produce desired | | | | | | | | | | |
| | parts? Explain the procedure. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Discuss the metal joining process to connect dissimilar metals. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 3. Explain the method employed for making metal sheets in the | | | | | | | | | | |
| | manufacturing process. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4. Submit a report by identifying three objects and list the different processes | | | | | | | | | | |
| | involved to obtain the finished product from raw material | | | | | | | | | | |

24ESP118

COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING AND MODELLING

| L | T | P | J | S | C | Year of |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------------|
| | | | | | | Introduction |
| 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 2024 |

Preamble: The modern engineering world demands frequent changes in product design based on the customer-specific needs and with the aid of computers, the modelling of any complex shapes and its updating are easier. Hence this course helps students to excel in such competitive environment as it equips the students to create 2D and 3D models, prepare as well as interpret high end technical drawings, and simulate designs.

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- **CO1** Model various mechanical components.
- **CO2** Create assembly models of various mechanical assemblies.
- CO3 Develop standard dimensioned drawings of machine parts and other engineering components.
- **CO4** Develop Assembly drawings and Bill of Materials of machine components using CAD software.
- **CO5** Interpret the industrial drawings.

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| CO1 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| CO2 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| CO3 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | |
| CO4 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| CO5 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | | | ✓ | | ✓ |

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

| | Continuou | s Assessme | End Compaton | |
|------------------|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| Bloom's Category | Test 1 | Test 2 | Other tools | End Semester Examination |
| Remember | | | ✓ | |
| Understand | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| Apply | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| Analyse | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| Evaluate | | | ✓ | |
| Create | | | ✓ | |

Assessment Pattern for Lab component

| Places a Catagory | Continuous As | sessment Tools |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Bloom's Category | Class work | Test 1 |
| Remember | | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ |
| Analyse | ✓ | ✓ |
| Evaluate | ✓ | |
| Create | ✓ | |

| Mark Distribution of CIA | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------|---------------|---------|--------|------------|------------|----------------|--|--|
| Course Structure | | Theory [L- T] | | | Pract | | | | |
| [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1* | Test-2 | Class work | Lab Exam** | Total Marks | | |
| 1-0-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 20 | | 25 | 40 | 100 | | |

^{*}Test 1- shall be conducted in the lab for 3D part modelling/ assembly using 3D modelling software.

*Lab exam- shall be conducted from modules 3 and 4 which include drafting of 2D parts and assemblies using drafting software.

| Total Marks distribution | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration | | | |
| 100 | 100 | 0 | - | | | |
| | SYLLABUS | | | | | |

MODULE I: 3D Visualization of Machine Components - Part Modelling

Introduction to CAD packages and demonstration of part modeling, simple examples to familiarize cad packages. Sketcher constraints, basic 3D commands to be used for modelling machine components. Visualization of machine components - CAD modeling of shaft, bearings, fasteners, gears, keys, rivets and springs – user defined, customization using toolbox.

MODULE II: 3D Visualization of Machine Components -Assembly Modelling

Visualization of machine components - Assembly modelling of – rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints [for class work only – keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling – shaft bearing: plummer block. Assembly modelling and detailing of – IC engine connecting rod].

MODULE III: Fundamentals of 2D Drafting

Introduction to drafting package – basic commands and development of 2d simple drawings – drawing, editing, dimensioning, layering concepts, hatching, detailing etc. Fundamentals of Machine Drawing – Conventional representation of: Sectional views, Riveted joints, Welded joints, Keys, Bolts & Nuts and Foundation bolts.

MODULE IV: 2D Assembly Drawings of Machine Components

Preparation of Detailed Assembly Drawings (2D) of – rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints [for class work only– keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling – shaft bearing: plummer block. Assembly Drawing (2D) with Bill of Materials of – IC engine connecting rod].

MODULE V: Industrial Drawing Case Studies with Geometric Dimensioning & Tolerancing and Roughness Indications

Basic Principles of Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing. Surface roughness – Indication of surface roughness on drawings. Reading and Interpretation of industrial drawings – Case study and Presentation.

Text books

- 1. N. D. Bhatt and V.M. Panchal, Machine Drawing, Charotar Publishing House.
- 2. P I Varghese and K C John, Machine Drawing, VIP Publishers

Reference books

- 1. Ajeet Singh, Machine Drawing Includes AutoCAD, Tata McGraw-hill.
- 2. P S Gill, Machine Drawing, Kataria& Sons.
- 3. https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PLp6ek2hDcoNCjoRLQ4rjpCozisCACBxKA-Engineering Graphics and Design, Naresh V Datla and Sunil R kale, Department of Mechanical Engineering, IIT Delhi.

COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE No. of No. Hours MODULE 1 1 Introduction to CAD packages and demonstration of part 1.1 modeling, simple examples to familiarize cad packages. 1 Sketcher constraints, basic 3D commands to be used for 1.2 modelling machine components. Visualization of machine components - CAD Modelling of 2 1.3 machine components - shaft, bearings, fasteners (LAB) Visualization of machine components - CAD modeling of gears, 2 1.4 keys, rivets and springs - user defined, customization using toolbox (LAB) **MODULE II** 1 2.1 Visualization of machine components - Assembly modelling 1 Introduction to - rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints - keys and 2.2 shaft coupling: flanged coupling - shaft bearing: plummer block. Assembly modelling of - rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints 2 2.3 (LAB) Assembly modelling of keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling 2 2.4 - shaft bearing: plummer block (LAB) (for class work only) 2 Assembly modelling and detailing of - IC engine connecting rod 2.5 (LAB) (for class work only) MODULE III 1 Introduction to drafting package - basic commands and 3.1 development of 2d simple drawings 1 Drawing, editing, dimensioning, layering concepts, hatching, 3.2 detailing etc.

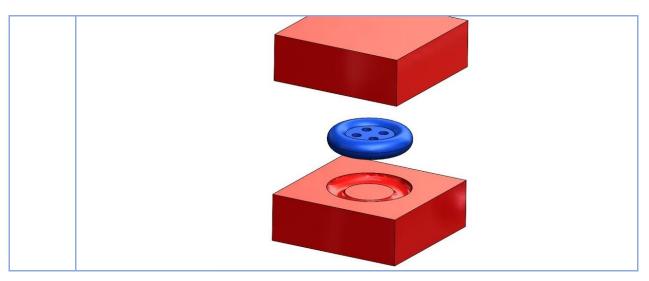
| | | _ |
|-----|---|----|
| 3.3 | Fundamentals of Machine Drawing – Conventional representation of: Sectional views | 1 |
| 3.4 | Fundamentals of Machine Drawing - Riveted joints, Welded joints (LAB) | 2 |
| 3.5 | Keys, Bolts & Nuts and Foundation bolts (LAB) | 3 |
| | MODULE IV | |
| 4.1 | Preparation of Detailed Assembly Drawings (2D) | 1 |
| 4.2 | Detailed Assembly Drawings – rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints (LAB) | 2 |
| 4.3 | Detailed Assembly Drawings – keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling – shaft bearing: plummer block (for class work only) | 2 |
| 4.4 | Assembly Drawing (2D) with Bill of Materials (for class work only) | 1 |
| 4.5 | Assembly Drawing (2D) with Bill of Materials of – IC engine connecting rod (for class work only) | 2 |
| | MODULE V | |
| 5.1 | Basic Principles of Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing. | 2 |
| 5.2 | Surface roughness – Indication of surface roughness on drawings. | 1 |
| 5.3 | Reading and Interpretation of industrial drawings – Case study. | 2 |
| | LAB EXAM | 3 |
| | Total number of hours | 38 |
| | Total number of nours | 30 |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | Experiment |
|-----|---|-----------------|---|
| 1 | Introduction to CAD packages and demonstration of part modeling | 2 | Solidworks software for part modelling – Software familiarization Simple Part models with basic features |
| 2 | CAD modeling of machine components | 4 | CAD Modelling of machine components – gears, keys, springs etc Customization with toolbox |
| 3 | Assembly Modelling | 8 | Assembly modelling of – rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints. Assembly modelling of keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling – shaft |

| | | | bearing: plummer block. (for class work only) |
|---|--|---|---|
| | | | 3. Assembly modelling and detailing of – IC engine connecting rod, lathe tailstock. (for class work only) |
| 4 | Introduction to drafting package | 2 | Basic commands and development of 2d simple drawings |
| _ | Machine drawing – Mechanical | | 1. Riveted joints, Welded joints |
| 5 | Components | 4 | 2. Keys, Bolts & Nuts and Foundation bolts. |
| | | | Rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints |
| 6 | Assembly Drawings | 8 | Keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling (for class work only) |
| | | | 3. Shaft bearing: plummer block (for class work only). |
| 7 | Industrial drawings – Case study and Presentation | 2 | Presentation |
| 8 | Lab Exam | 3 | |

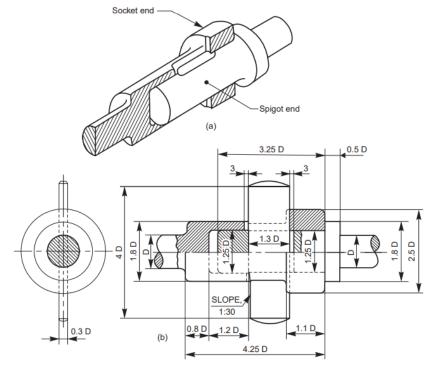
| | CO Assessment Questions | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | A Pair of molds (upper and lower molds – red) and the resulting product(blue) are shown below, where the details of lower mold and product are clearly visible from the figure. Analyse this figure and develop a possible solid model representing the upper mold. [Take appropriate dimensions]. | | | | | | |



Develop the assembly model (3D) of plastic bottle having three components: main bottle body, a cap, a holder on bottle side/cap side. 2 The maximum height of the bottle is 30 mm. The diametral/diagonal length of the cross section of bottle, cap and their thickness are of your choice. Draw front, top and side views of a single riveted single strap butt joint in a suitable drafting software. Take dimensions of the plate as 10mm. 3 Develop the assembly model of the above problem in CAD software Draw any two assembled views (2D) of the Plummer block as per the details 4 given in the figure using any suitable CAD software. 102 Ø20 (a) Plummer block detail 120 Ø16 R20 Ø12 **級**Ø6 24SQ. (b) Plummer block detail

Sample question for Test 1

Create a 3D solid CAD model assembly of the socket and spigot joint shown in figure for a shaft diameter of 30 mm.



Sample question for Lab Exam

Draw the full sectional elevation and top view of a single rivetted lap joint for plates thickness of 10 mm, with chain riveting.

24CHT113 INTRODUCTION TO CHEMICAL ENGINEERING | L | T | P | J | S | C | Year of Introduction | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2024

Preamble: This course offers a comprehensive overview of the evolution, essence, concepts, and functions of Chemical Engineering. Also, it discusses the career diversities in modern chemical engineering. The course is expected to enhance student's understanding and performance in the field and the development of profession worldwide.

| Prere | Prerequisite: Nil | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Cours | e Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to: | | | | |
| CO1 | Familiarize Chemical Engineering discipline and practices in process industries. | | | | |
| CO2 | Perform Unit Conversions. | | | | |
| CO3 | Distinguish different Unit Operations and Unit Processes. | | | | |
| CO4 | Identify the safety and environmental aspects of Chemical Processes/Products. | | | | |
| CO5 | Outline career options and potential job functions of a Chemical Engineer. | | | | |

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | P01 | P02 | PO3 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 | P011 | P012 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|------|------|
| CO1 | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ |
| CO2 | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO3 | ✓ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO4 | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | | | √ | | |
| CO5 | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ |

Assessment Pattern

| Bloom's Category | Continu | End Semester | | |
|-------------------|---------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Diddin's dategory | Test 1 | Test 2 | Other tools | Examination |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Analyse | | | ✓ | |
| Evaluate | | | ✓ | |

| Create | | | ✓ | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------|-------------|
| | Mark Di | stribution o | of CIA | | |
| | | 7 | Theory [L- T |] | |
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Total Marks |
| 2-0-0-0 | x | 40 | 30 | 30 | 100 |

| | Total Mark distribution | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Translation of the state of the | | | | | | |
| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration | | | |
| 100 | 100 | X | X | | | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Chemical Engineering – Definition, Historical Development, and Future (04 Hrs)

Definition of chemical engineering, historical perspective and contribution, Integration with other engineering disciplines.; Origin and development of Chemical process industry. Future roadmap of chemical engineering.

MODULE II: Fundamental Concepts of Stoichiometry (05 Hrs)

Units and dimensions, systems of units, conversion and conversion factors of units, the concept of mole, weight percent, mole percent, normality, molarity, and molality.

MODULE III: Concept of Unit Processes and Unit Operations (05 Hrs)

Concept of Unit Processes and Unit Operations: Description of different Unit Processes and Unit Operations, Batch processing, the transition from batch processing to continuous, Block diagram and process flow diagram of DCDA process for the manufacture of sulphuric acid.

MODULE IV: Process Safety and Environmental Engineering (05 Hrs)

Introduction to safety in chemical process industries – basic concepts, Case study: Bhopal gas tragedy. Introduction to Environmental Engineering – basic concepts, Typical wastewater, air, and solid waste management systems. Case study: Effect of Aerial

Spraying of Endosulfan on Residents of Kasaragod, Kerala. Challenges of Chemical Engineer.

MODULE V: Career Diversities in Chemical Engineering (05 Hrs)

Career Diversities in Chemical Engineering: Career Development Leading to Specialization, Chemical Engineering Job Titles/Options, Chemical and Process Engineer, Commissioning Engineer, Process Control/Automation Engineer, Process Safety Engineer, Research & Development Engineer, Pharmaceutical Process Engineer, Pipeline Engineer, Chemical Manufacturing Engineer, Environment Engineer.

Textbooks

- Pushpavanam, S., Introduction to Chemical Engineering, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Uche P. Nnaji, Introduction to Chemical Engineering: For Chemical Engineers and Students, Scrivener Publishing, Wiley.

- Badger and Banchero, Introduction to Chemical Engineering, McGraw Hill.
- McCabe, W.L. Smith, J.C. and Harriott, P., Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering, McGraw Hill.

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | | | | | |
|-----|---|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| No. | | No. of Hours | | | | |
| | MODULE 1 | | | | | |
| 1.1 | Definition of chemical engineering, historical perspective and contribution | 1 | | | | |
| 1.2 | Integration with other engineering disciplines. | 1 | | | | |
| 1.3 | Origin and development of chemical process industry. | 1 | | | | |
| 1.4 | Future roadmap of chemical engineering | 1 | | | | |
| | MODULE II | | | | | |
| 2.1 | Systems of units, conversion, and conversion factors of units | 1 | | | | |
| 2.2 | Concept of mole, weight percent | 1 | | | | |
| 2.3 | Concept of mole percent, normality | 1 | | | | |
| 2.4 | Concepts of molarity, molality | 1 | | | | |
| 2.5 | Concept of vapor pressure, partial pressure | 1 | | | | |
| | MODULE III | | | | | |
| 3.1 | Concept of Unit Processes and Unit Operations | 1 | | | | |
| 3.2 | Description of different Unit Processes and Unit Operations | 1 | | | | |

| 3.3 | Batch processing, the transition from batch processing to continuous | 1 |
|-----|--|---|
| 3.4 | Introduction to block diagram and process flow diagram | 1 |
| 3.5 | Block diagram and process flow diagram of DCDA process for the manufacture of sulphuric acid. | 1 |
| | MODULE IV | |
| 4.1 | Basic Concepts of Safety in chemical process industries | 1 |
| 4.2 | Case study: Bhopal gas tragedy. | 1 |
| 4.3 | Introduction to Environmental Engineering - basic concepts, Typical wastewater, air, and solid waste management systems. | 1 |
| 4.4 | Case study: Effect of Aerial Spraying of Endosulfan on Residents of Kasaragod, Kerala | 1 |
| 4.5 | Challenges of Chemical Engineer. | 1 |
| | MODULE V | |
| 5.1 | Career Diversities in Chemical Engineering: Career Development Leading to Specialization | 1 |
| 5.2 | Chemical Engineering Job Titles/Options, Chemical and Process Engineer | 1 |
| 5.3 | Commissioning Engineer, Process Control/Automation Engineer, Process Safety Engineer | 1 |
| 5.4 | Research & Development Engineer, Pharmaceutical Process Engineer, Pipeline Engineer. | 1 |
| 5.5 | Chemical Manufacturing Engineer, Environment Engineer. | 1 |

| | CO Assessment Sample Questions |
|---|---|
| 1 | List any five important chemical process industries. Enumerate their main products and end uses. |
| 2 | A solution of caustic soda in water contains 20% NaOH by weight. The density of the solution is $1196~\rm kg/m^3$. Find the molarity and molality of the solution. |
| 3 | Identify the unit operations and unit processes involved in the manufacture of Sulphuric acid. |
| 4 | List the major causes of Bhopal gas tragedy. |
| 5 | Identify the diverse areas in which a Chemical Engineer can work. |

| | 24EST115 | Introduction to Electrical and | L | Т | P | J | S | С | Year of Introduction | |
|----------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|------|----------------------|--|
| 2-251110 | Electronics Engineering | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 2 | 2024 | | |

Preamble: To provide the students with a broad perspective of the field of Electrical and Electronics Engineering. The course is designed to empower the students in solving simple electrical circuits. The course facilitates the students to identify the elements in simple electrical installations.

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- **CO 1** Apply electrical laws to compute different circuit parameters. (Apply)
- **CO 2** Analyse simple A.C. electrical circuits (Analyse level)
- **CO 3** Analyse the three-phase system. (Analyse level)
- **CO 4** Identify the basic components for the electrical installation. (Understand)
- **CO 5** Identify the components in regulated DC power supply. (Understand)

| | CO - PO MAPPING | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | | | |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| CO 4 | 3 | | | | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Assessment Pattern

| | Continuou | End Competer | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Bloom's Category | Test 1 Test 2 Other tools | | | End Semester Examination |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Analyse | | | ✓ | |
| Evaluate | | | | |
| Create | | | | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| Course Structure | Attendance | Т | heory [L- ' | r] | Total | |
|------------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------|-------|--|
| [L-T-P-J] | | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Marks | |
| 2-0-0-0 | 5 | 35 | 30 | 30 | 100 | |

| | Total Mark distribution | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Total Marks | Matel Marks Ota (Marks) BCD (Marks) BCD (| | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Elementary concepts of electric circuits

Elementary concepts of DC electric circuits: Basic Terminology including voltage, current, power, resistance, emf; Resistances in series and parallel; Ohms Law and Kirchhoff's laws- Star-delta conversion (resistive networks only-derivation not required) – Problems

Elementary concepts of AC electric circuits: Generation of alternating voltages Representation of sinusoidal waveforms: frequency, period, Average, RMS values and form factor of waveforms - Numerical problems.

MODULE II: Analysis of Sinusoidal quantities

Representation of sinusoidal quantities & Analysis

Phasor representation of sinusoidal quantities. Rectangular, Polar and complex forms. Analysis of simple AC circuits: Purely resistive, inductive & capacitive circuits. Analysis of RL, RC and RLC series circuits. Calculation of reactance, impedance, power factor, real, reactive and apparent power - Numerical problems.

MODULE III: Three phase AC systems

Three phase AC systems: Generation of three phase voltages; Comparison between single phase and three phase systems, balanced star and delta connections, relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents - Numerical problems.

MODULE IV: Electrical Installations

Electrical Installation in Buildings - Main and distribution boards - Diagram Electric meter-basics, Panel board, MCB, RCCB, MCCB - working, uses, fuses-basics and types. Electrical Hazards, need of earthing, Safety & Precaution: Types, Causes. Safety & Precautions

Electrical wiring design - Electrical wiring system in domestic and light commercial buildings - Conduits, types of wiring, UG cables-basics, Accessories (Switches and Outlets, switch boards), Basic household wiring components - Symbols used in electrical wiring drawing layouts. Electrical Load calculation for a small residential building- Numerical problems.

MODULE V: Electronic circuits

Introduction to semiconductor devices: PN Junction diode: principle of operation, VI characteristics, principle of avalanche breakdown. Bipolar Junction Transistors: Principle of operation, input and output characteristics of common emitter configuration.

Basic electronic circuits: Rectifiers and power supplies: Block diagram description of a dc power supply, working of a full wave bridge rectifier, capacitor filter (no analysis), working of simple Zener voltage regulator. Stress and Strain measurement using transducers.

Text books

- 1. Hughes, Electrical Technology, Pearson, 10th Edition, 2011.
- 2. Fitzgerald and Higginbotham, Basic Electrical Engineering, McGraw Hill Inc, 1981.
- 3. D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, Basic Electrical Engineering, 3rd Edition, TMH, 2009
- 4. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, McGraw-Hill Education, Revised first edition, 2019
- 5. K.B. Raina, S. K. Bhattacharya, "Electrical Design Estimation and Costing",

- New Age International Publishers, Reprint 2010, ISBN(10):81-224-0363-8; ISBN(13): 978-81- 224-0363-3.
- 6. Electrical and Electronic Technology, Edward Hughes, Pearson, 12th edition, 2016

- 1. W. H. Hayt, Jr J. E. Kemmerly and S. M. Durbin, Engineering Circuit Analysis, 7th Edn TMH, 2010.
- 2. Electrical Engineering Fundamental, Vincent Del Toro, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics, B.L. Theraja, S Chand and Company, Reprint Edition 2013.
- 4. Principles Electrical Engineering and Electronics, V.K Mehta, Rohit Mehta, S Chand and Company, 2nd edition, 2015.
- 5. M.S.Sukhija and T.K.Nagsarkar, Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 6. Chinmoy Saha, Arindham Halder and Debarati Ganguly, Basic Electronics Principles and Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2018.
- 7. S. B. Lal Seksena and Kaustuv Dasgupta, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Cambridge University Press.
- 8. Anant Agarwal, Jeffrey Lang, Foundations of Analog and Digital Electronic Circuits, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2005.

| | COURCE COMMENTO AND LEGRUDE COLLEDIUE | |
|-----|--|-----------|
| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | |
| | | No. of |
| No. | | Hours [23 |
| | | Hrs] |
| | MODULE 1 | |
| 1.1 | Basic Terminology including voltage, current, power, resistance, emf; Resistances in series and parallel; Ohms Law and Kirchhoff's laws | 1 |
| 1.2 | Star-delta conversion (resistive networks only-derivation not required) – Problems | 1 |
| 1.3 | Elementary concepts of AC electric circuits: Generation of alternating voltages Representation of sinusoidal waveforms: Frequency, period, | 1 |
| 1.4 | Average, RMS values and form factor of waveforms-numerical problems | 1 |
| | MODULE II | |
| 2.1 | Representation of sinusoidal quantities & Analysis Phasor representation of sinusoidal quantities. Rectangular, Polar and complex forms | 1 |
| | • | 1 |
| 2.2 | Analysis of simple AC circuits: Purely resistive, inductive & capacitive circuits | 1 |

| 2.3 | Analysis of RL and RC Calculation of reactance, impedance, power factor, real, reactive and apparent power- numerical problems | 1 |
|-----|--|---|
| 2.4 | RLC series circuits Calculation of reactance, impedance, power factor, real, reactive and apparent power- numerical problems | 1 |
| | MODULE III | |
| 3.1 | Three phase AC systems: Generation of three phase voltages; Comparison between single phase and three phase systems, balanced star and delta connections | 1 |
| 3.2 | Balanced star Relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents – numerical problems | 1 |
| 3.3 | Balanced delta connections, Relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents – numerical problems | 1 |
| | MODULE IV | |
| 4.1 | Electrical Installation in Buildings - Main and distribution boards – Diagram, Electric meter-basics | 1 |
| 4.2 | Panel board, MCB, RCCB, MCCB - working, uses, fuses-basics and types | 1 |
| 4.3 | Electrical Hazards, need of earthing, Safety & Precaution: Types, Causes. Safety & Precautions | 1 |
| 4.4 | Electrical wiring design - Electrical wiring system in domestic and light commercial buildings - Conduits, types of wiring, UG cables-basics, Accessories (Switches and Outlets, switch boards) | 1 |
| 4.5 | Basic household wiring components - Symbols used in electrical wiring drawing layouts | 1 |
| 4.6 | Electrical Load calculation for a small residential building (Numerical problems) | 1 |
| | MODULE V | |
| 5.1 | Introduction to Semiconductor devices: PN Junction diode: Principle of operation, V-I characteristics, principle of avalanche breakdown | 1 |
| 5.2 | Bipolar Junction Transistors: Principle of operation | 1 |
| 5.3 | Input and output characteristics of common emitter configuration | 1 |
| 5.4 | Basic electronic circuits: Rectifiers and power supplies: Block diagram description of a dc power supply | 1 |
| | | |

| 5.5 | Working of a full wave bridge rectifier, capacitor filter (no analysis) | 1 |
|-----|--|---|
| 5.6 | Working of simple Zener voltage regulator. Stress and Strain measurement using transducers | 1 |

| | CO Assessment Questions |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Given two resistances, draw a circuit with both of them so as to draw minimum current. (Understand) |
| CO1 | What is the shape of the electrical voltage waveform coming to your house? Draw the waveform with neat label. (Remember) |
| CO1 | Solve problems applying Ohms law and Kirchhoff's Laws (Apply) |
| CO2 | Simple AC circuits (Analyze) |
| CO3 | Submit a report by identifying three cases where star and delta connected |
| 003 | three phase AC systems are used (Understand) |
| CO4 | Make a video presentation on accidents due to improper earthing in electrical |
| CO4 | installations. (Understand) |
| CO5 | Why a transistor is called so? (Understand) |
| CO5 | Why do you require a regulated power supply? (Understand) |

| 24ESL116 | SPACE PLANNING LAB | L | Т | P | J | S | C | Year of Introduction |
|----------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------|
| | | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2024 |

Preamble:

This course aims to familiarise the students with the concept of scales, preparation of models, Kerala Building Rules related to the construction of residential building, utilization of space in rooms, orientation of buildings, civil engineering activities of plot measurement and setting out operation. Through these topics, students will gain an understanding of the techniques and tools required to create detailed and accurate models of residential buildings, become familiar with the building rules and its applications, learn about effective space planning, furniture arrangement, discover how to strategically position buildings to maximize their environmental benefits, and explore civil engineering activities related to plot measurement and setting out operations.

| operat | ations. | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|-----------|---------|
| Prereq | Prerequisite: Nil | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Course | Outc | omes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| СО | After the completion of the course the student will be able to | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 1 | Apply | conce | pts of | scales | in dra | wings [| Apply | level] | | | | |
| CO 2 | Expla | ain Ke | rala B | uilding | g Rule | s rela | ted to | the co | nstru | ıction | of resid | lential |
| | build | ing [Ur | ndersta | and lev | el] | | | | | | | |
| со з | Illust | rate th | e utiliz | ation o | of spac | e in ro | oms [U | Indersta | and le | vel] | | |
| CO 4 | Cons | truct a | wall a | nd est | imate t | the nui | mber o | f buildii | ng blo | cks [Ap | ply leve | el] |
| CO 5 | Prepa | are the | model | s of dif | ferent | solid sl | hapes a | and 3D | mode | l of a b | uilding | [Apply |
| | level] | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 6 | Perfo | rm are | a meas | sureme | ent of a | ı plot a | nd set | out a b | uildin | ıg [App] | ly level] | |
| | | | | | CO - | PO MA | APPINC | ì | | | | |
| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | _ | _ | _ | ✓ | ✓ | - |

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| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | P09 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
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| Continuous Assessment Tools | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Planera Cotomore | Continuous Assessment Tools | | | | | |
| Bloom's Category | Class work | Test1 | | | | |
| Remember | | | | | | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| Analyse | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| Evaluate | ✓ | | | | | |
| Create | ✓ | | | | | |

| Mark Distribution of CIA | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|------------|---------------|----------|--|-------------|--|--|
| Course Struct [L-T-P-J] | ure | Attendance | Class work | Lab Exam | | Total Marks | | |
| 0-0-2-0 | | 5 | 35 | 10 | | 50 | | |
| Total Mark distribution | | | | | | | | |
| Total Marks | Total Marks CIA (N | | ESE (Marks) | ES | | SE Duration | | |
| 50 5 | | 50 | | | | | | |

SYLLABUS- DETAILS OF EXPERIMENTS

Concepts of scales in drawings, plain and diagonal scales

Prepare the models of different solid shapes and draw sectional views of solids.

Kerala Building Rules related to residential building construction, required clearances, sizes of rooms, and the interrelationship between rooms based on KBR. Plinth area, carpet area, coverage, and FSI of a building.

Study of building components, plumbing, and sanitary fittings

Utilization of space in rooms, Furniture layout in any three types of rooms a) living room, b) Dining room, c) Bedroom

Construct a part of a wall with any type of masonry, using English bond / Flemish bond.

Calculate the number of different building blocks to construct a wall.

Factors governing the orientation of buildings and plan the orientation of a building according to these factors.

Calculation of the area of a small parcel of land using standard measuring tape and digital distance measuring devices

Set out a building in the field.

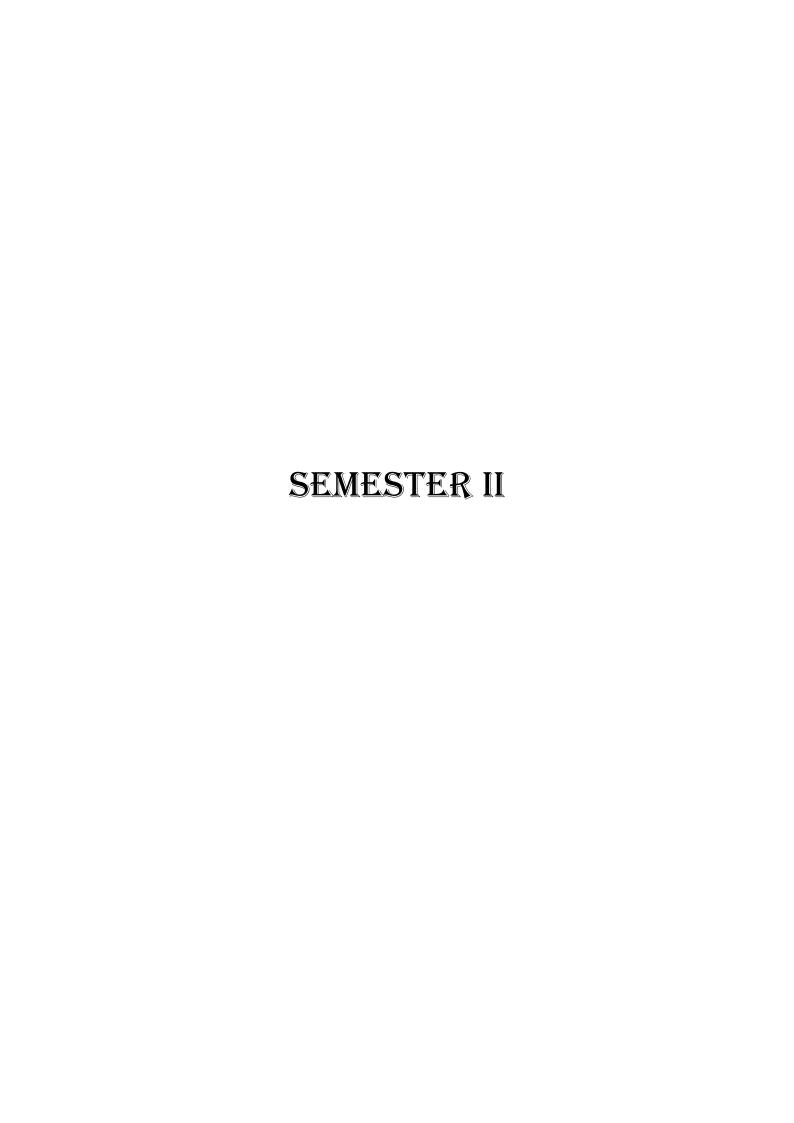
Prepare a plan of a building and create a 3D model showing all the components

Text books

- 1. Engineering Drawing, N.D. Butt, Chariot Publications
- 2. Building Construction, B.C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications (p)ltd.
- 3. Civil Engineering Drawing and House planning, Verma B. P., 12th Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2018

- 1. Engineering Graphics, PI Varghese, McGraw-Hill Publishers
- 2. Building construction, Arora and Bindra, Dhanpath Rai and Sons.
- 3. Civil Engineering Building practice, Suraj Singh: 12th Edition, CBS Publications, New Delhi, and Chennai, 2018
- 4. Engineering Drawing, P. S. Gill, S. K. Kataria & Sons
- 5. Manual of Tropical Housing and Building, Koenigsberger, Universities Press
- 6. IS SP 7-NBC: National Building Code of India 2016

| | LIST OF EXPERIMENTS |
|----|--|
| 1 | Prepare plain scales for different Representative fractions. Draw the view of different objects (books, shelves, benches, etc.) adopting appropriate scales. |
| 2 | Prepare the models of different solid shapes and draw sectional views of solids. |
| 3 | Draw a plan of a building showing required clearances, sizes of rooms, and the interrelationship between rooms based on KBR. Calculate the plinth area, carpet area, coverage, and FSI of a building. |
| 4 | Draw a plan, elevation, and section of building components |
| 5 | Market study on available materials for plumbing and sanitary fittings |
| 6 | Draw a plan showing the furniture layout in any three types of rooms a) living room, b) Dining room, c) Bedroom |
| 7 | (a) Construct a part of a wall with any type of masonry. Construct a brick wall of 50 cm height and 60 cm length using English bond/ Flemish bond. Use spirit level to assess the tilt of walls. (b) Estimate the number of different types of building blocks to construct this wall. |
| 8 | Identify the factors governing the orientation of buildings and plan the orientation of a building according to these factors. |
| 9 | (a) Calculate the area of a small parcel of land- Use standard measuring tape and digital distance measuring devices. (b) Set out a building in the field. |
| 10 | Develop a plan of a building from the given line sketch and create a 3D model showing all the components |



| 24MAF | 201 | D | iffere | | | ions ar | ıd | L | Т | P | P J S C Year of Introducti | | | |
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| CO 4 | Understand the concept and the solution of partial differential equations (Understanding level). Analyse and solve one-dimensional wave equation and heat equation (Analyse | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | level) | | | | CO - | PO MA | DDIN | C | | | | | | |
| СО | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | P07 | _ | 18 | D(| าด | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
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| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | ٧ | / | ١, | / | | | ✓ |
| со з | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | ٧ | / | ٧ | / | | | ✓ |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | ٧ | / | ٧ | / | | | ✓ |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | ٧ | / | ٧ | / | | | ✓ |
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| Reme | nber | | | ✓ | | ✓ | , | ✓ | • | | ✓ | | | |
| Understand | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | • | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | |
| Apply | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ | • | ✓ | | | | |
| Analys | se | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Evalua | ate | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Create | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Ass | essme | nt Pat | ttern fo | or Lab | com | ιpo | ner | ıt | | | |

| | Continuous Assessment Tools | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|
| Bloom's Category | Class work | Test1 | | |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | | |

| Analyse | |
|----------|--|
| Evaluate | |
| Create | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| | | Theory [L- T] | | | Practio | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|---------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|----------------|
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Class work | Lab Exam | Total Marks |
| 3-1-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 10 | 10 | 60 |

Total Marks distribution Total Marks CIA (Marks) ESE (Marks) ESE Duration 40 2.5 hours

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | ESE Marks |
|-----------|----------------|--|-----------|
| PATTERN 2 | | 2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours | 40 |
| | Total Marks: 0 | Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks] | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I : (Ordinary differential equations)

Homogenous linear differential equation of second order, superposition principle, general solution, homogenous linear ODEs with constant coefficients-general solution. Solution of Euler-Cauchy equations (second order homogeneous only). Nonhomogenous linear ODEs-general solution, solution by the method of undetermined coefficients (for the right-hand side of forms x^n , e^{kx} , sinax, cosax, $e^{ax}sinax$, $e^{ax}cosax$ and their linear combinations), method of variation of parameters. Solution of higher order equations-homogeneous linear ODE with constant coefficients.

MODULE II : (Laplace transforms)

Laplace Transform and its inverse, Existence theorem (without proof), linearity, Laplace transform of basic functions, first shifting theorem, Laplace transform of derivatives and integrals, solution of differential equations using Laplace transform,

Unit step function, Second shifting theorem. Convolution theorem (without proof) and its application to finding inverse Laplace transform of products of functions.

MODULE III: (Fourier Series and Transforms)

Taylor series (without proof, assuming the possibility of power series expansion in appropriate domains), Fourier series, Euler formulas, Convergence of Fourier series (without proof), half range sine and cosine series. Fourier integral representation, Fourier sine, and cosine integrals. Fourier sine and cosine transforms, inverse sine and cosine transform. Fourier transforms and inverse Fourier transform, basic properties.

MODULE IV: (Partial Differential Equations)

Partial differential equations, Formation of partial differential equations –elimination of arbitrary constants-elimination of arbitrary functions, Solutions of partial differential equations, Equations solvable by direct integration, Linear equations of the first order- Lagrange's linear equation, Solution of equation by the method of separation of variables.

MODULE V: (Applications of Partial Differential Equations)

One-dimensional wave equation- vibrations of a stretched string, derivation, solution of the wave equation using method of separation of variables, One-dimensional heat equation, derivation, solution of the heat equation.

Text books

- 1. H. Anton, I. Biven S.Davis, "Calculus", Wiley, 10th edition, 2015.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley, 10th edition, 2015.
- 3. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44th Edition, 2018

Reference

- 1. J. Stewart, Essential Calculus, Cengage, 2nd edition, 2017
- 2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9 th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
- 3. Peter O Neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 7th Edition, Thomson, 2007.
- 4. Louis C Barret, C Ray Wylie, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill, 6th edition, 2003.
- 5. Veerarajan T, "Engineering Mathematics for first-year", Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 6. Srimanta Pal, Subodh C. Bhunia, "Engineering Mathematics", Oxford University Press, 2015.
- 7. Ronald N. Bracewell, "The Fourier Transform and its Applications", McGraw Hill International Editions, 2000.
- 8. Prof. Sivaji Ganesh, Partial Differential Equations, IIT Bombay, [NPTEL] https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111101153 (Relevant sections).

9. Prof. Haynes Miller, Prof. Arthur Mattuck, Differential Equations [MITOPENCOURSEWARE] https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-03-differential-equations-spring-2010/download/ (Relevant sections).

| | COURGE COMMENTO AND LECTURE COLLEGIUE | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | | | | | | | |
| No. | | No. of | | | | | | |
| | Hours Hours | | | | | | | |
| | MODULE 1 | | | | | | | |
| 1.1 | Homogenous linear equation of second order, Superposition principle, general solution. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 1.2 | Homogenous linear ODEs of second order with constant coefficients. | | | | | | | |
| 1.3 | Homogenous linear ODEs of second order with constant coefficients (Continued). | 1 | | | | | | |
| 1.4 | Second order Euler-Cauchy equation. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 1.5 | Non-homogenous linear differential equations of second order with constant coefficient-solution by undetermined coefficients. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 1.6 | Non-homogenous linear differential equations of second order with constant coefficient-solution by undetermined coefficients (Continued). | | | | | | | |
| 1.7 | Variation of parameters. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 1.8 | Higher-order equations with constant coefficients. | | | | | | | |
| 1.9 | | | | | | | | |
| | MODULE II | | | | | | | |
| 2.1 | Laplace Transform, inverse Transform, Linearity | 1 | | | | | | |
| 2.2 | First shifting theorem, transform of basic functions | 1 | | | | | | |
| 2.3 | Transform of derivatives and integrals | 1 | | | | | | |
| 2.4 | Solution of Differential equations, Initial value problems by Laplace transform method. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 2.5 | Solution of Differential equations Initial value problems by | | | | | | | |
| 2.6 | Unit step function Second shifting theorem | 1 | | | | | | |
| 2.7 | Unit step function Second shifting theorem (Continued) | 1 | | | | | | |
| 2.8 | Convolution and related problems. | 1 | | | | | | |
| | MODULE III | | | | | | | |
| 3.1 | Taylor series, Fourier series, Euler formulas. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 3.2 | Fourier series, Euler formulas (Continued). | 1 | | | | | | |
| 3.3 | Convergence of Fourier series (Dirichlet's conditions). | 1 | | | | | | |
| 3.4 | Half-range sine and cosine series. | | | | | | | |
| 3.5 | Half-range cosine series. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 3.6 | Fourier Cosine integrals | 1 | | | | | | |
| 3.7 | Fourier Sine integrals. | 1 | | | | | | |

| 3.8 | Fourier cosine transform | 1 | | | | | | |
|----------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 3.9 | Fourier sine transform | 1 | | | | | | |
| 3.10 | Fourier transforms and its inverse transforms, basic properties. | 1 | | | | | | |
| | MODULE IV | | | | | | | |
| 4.1 | Partial differential equations, Formation of partial differential equations –elimination of arbitrary constants. | | | | | | | |
| 4.2 | Formation of partial differential equations —elimination of arbitrary functions | 1 | | | | | | |
| 4.3 | Solutions of partial differential equations, Equations solvable by direct integration, | 1 | | | | | | |
| 4.4 | Linear equations of the first order- Lagrange's linear equation | 1 | | | | | | |
| 4.5 | Linear equations of the first order- Lagrange's linear equation(continued) | 1 | | | | | | |
| 4.6 | Linear equations of the first order- Lagrange's linear equation(continued) | 1 | | | | | | |
| 4.7 | Boundary value problems, Method of separation of variables. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 4.8 | 4.8 Boundary value problems, Method of separation of variables (Continued). | | | | | | | |
| MODULE V | | | | | | | | |
| 5.1 | One-dimensional wave equation- vibrations of a stretched string, derivation | | | | | | | |
| 5.2 | Solution of wave equation using the method of separation of variables. | | | | | | | |
| 5.3 | Solution of wave equation using the method of separation of variables. | | | | | | | |
| 5.4 | Fourier series solution of boundary value problems involving wave equation. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 5.5 | Fourier series solution of boundary value problems involving wave equation. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 5.6 | One dimensional heat equation, derivation. | 1 | | | | | | |
| 5.7 | Solution of the heat equation using the method of generation 1 | | | | | | | |
| 5.8 | Solution of the heat equation, using the method of separation of Variables (Continued). | 1 | | | | | | |
| 5.9 | Fourier series solutions of boundary value problems involving heat equation | 1 | | | | | | |
| 5.10 | Fourier series solutions of boundary value problems involving heat equation (Continued). | 1 | | | | | | |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT (Using Python Programming)

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | Experiment |
|-----|---------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| 1. | Calculus | 4 | Basic mathematical operations, Integration, and differentiation of functions, |
| 2. | Linear Algebra | 4 | Basic matrix operations, solving system of linear equations, finding eigenvalues and eigenvectors |
| 3. | Ordinary Differential Equations | 4 | Solving Ordinary differential equations. |
| 4. | Laplace Transform | 4 | Evaluating Laplace transform and inverse transform. Solving ODE using Laplace transforms |
| 5. | Fourier Series | 2 | Evaluating Fourier series of different functions. Graphical representation of Fourier series. |
| 6. | Fourier Transform | 2 | Evaluating Fourier transforms and inverse Fourier transforms |

CO Assessment Questions

- 1. Solve y'' y = 0 for the initial conditions y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1. Then change the initial conditions to y(0) = 1.001, y'(0) = -0.999 and explain why this small change of 0.001 causes a larger change later. Sketch the graph of the solution in both cases using any Mathematical software and comment.
- 2. Find the current I(t) in an RLC-circuit with $R=11\Omega$ (ohms), L=0.1H (henry), $C=10^{-2}$ F (farad), which is connected to a source of EMF $E(t)=110\sin{(60\cdot 2\pi t)}=110\sin{377t}$ (hence 60 Hz = 60cycles/sec, the usual in the U.S. and Canada; in Europe it would be 220 V and 50 Hz). Assume that current and capacitor charge are 0 when t=0.
- 3. Solve the differential equation of $y''' 3y'' + 3y' y = e^x x 1$.
- 4. **Team Work:** A 10-kg mass is attached to a spring having a spring constant of 140 N m. The mass is started in motion from the equilibrium position with an initial velocity of 1 m sec in the upward direction and with an applied external force given by sin t (in newtons). The mass is in a viscous medium with a coefficient of resistance equal to 90 N-sec m. Formulate an initial value problem that models the given system; solve the model and interpret the results. Also include Python code for solving ODE. Prepare a short report on the problem

1

| | highlighting the observations you made and interpretation of the results. |
|---|--|
| 2 | Using convolution, determine the response of the damped mass-spring system modeled by y" + 3y' + 2y = r(t), r(t) = 1 if 1 < t < 2 and 0 otherwise, y(0) = y'(0) = 0. Solve differential equation 9y" + 6y' + y = 0, y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 1 using Laplace transforms. Use any mathematical software find the solution and compare the solutions. Team Work: Find at least two applications of Laplace transforms in the engineering domain. Prepare a short report and a presentation of the same. |
| | Find Fourier cosine transform and sine transform of any function. Write a short report on ways of obtaining these transforms, with illustrations by examples of your own. Find the Fourier integral representation of function defined by f(x) = e^{-x} for x > 0 and f(x) = 0 for x < 0. |
| 3 | 3. Team Work: Find the Fourier series of the function obtained by passing the voltage $v(t) = V_0 \cos 100\pi t$ through a half-wave rectifier that clips the negative half-waves. |
| | (a) Write a program for obtaining partial sum of the Fourier series so obtained.(b) Choose the first 5 or more partial sums until they approximate the given function reasonably well. Compare and comment. |
| | 1. Solve the Lagrange linear equation $3z = xp + yq$ and Sketch the graph of the solution using any Mathematical software. |
| 4 | 2. Find a partial differential equation of all spheres with fixed radius whose centers lie on the xy plane. |
| | 3. Team Work: Identify an application-oriented problem using partial differential equations from your domain and its solution. Give a PPT illustrating the relevance of the problem |
| 5 | A tightly stretched violin string of length L and fixed at both ends is plucked at x = ½ and assumes initially the shape of a triangle of height h. Find the displacement function u(x,t) at any distance x and at any time t after the strix is released from rest. Draw the graph of u(x,t) using any mathematical software. Find the temperature u(x,t) in a laterally insulated copper bar 80 cm long if the initial temperature is 100sin (πx/80)°C and the ends are kept at 0°C. How long will it take for the maximum temperature in the bar to drop to 50°C? First guess, then calculate. Physical data for copper: density 8.92 g/cm³, specific heat 0.092cal/(g°C), thermal conductivity 0.95cal/(cmsec°C). Team Work: Identify any two applications of heat and wave equations in engineering domain. Prepare a report and make a short video presentation. |

| 24PYP | 202 | | | | | YSICS RANCI | HES) | L | Т | P | J | s | С | In | Yea: itrod | r of uction |
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| CO | PO1 | l PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO | 5 PO6 | PO' | 7] | PO8 | 3 | PO | 9 | PO: | 10 | PO11 | PO12 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | | | 3 | | | | 3 | | 3 | | 3 | | | 3 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | | | 3 | | | | 3 | | 3 | | 3 | | | 3 |
| со з | 3 | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3 |
| CO 4 | 3 | | | | | | | | | \perp | | 4 | | | | |
| CO 5 | 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | _ | 3 | | 3 | | | |
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| Evaluate | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Create | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | As | ssessme | nt P | atte | rn for | Lai | b con | pon | ent | | |
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| | , III G | outogo | - y | | Cla | ıss | worl | Σ. | | Test | t 1 |
| Remember | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Understand | | | | | | | √ | | | √ | |
| Apply | | | | | | • | ✓ | | | ✓ | |
| Analyse | | 3.5 | 1_ T | | | | COTA | | | | |
| | | IVI | ark I | | ributio | | | | 4. | 1 [D] | |
| Course Struc [L-T-P-J] | cture | Attendance | Assignment | | eory [L- Test-1 | _ | est-2 | | ss | Lab Exam | Total Marks |
| 2-1-2-0 | | 5 | 4 | , | 12.5 | | 12.5 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 60 |
| 2-1-2-0 | | | | | ks dist | | | | , | 10 | 80 |
| Total Mark | :s | CIA (M | | | | | Marks) | | | ESE Du | ration |
| 100 | | 60 |) | | | 4(| <u> </u> | | | 2.5 h | niire |
| End Semeste | r Exa | | | ESE | : Patte | | <i>J</i> | | | 2.0 110 | Juis |
| PATTERN | | PART A | | | PAR | | В | | | ESE | Marks |
| PATTERN 2 | | | | fron which ansv can sub Eac | uestion n each ch 1 qu wered. have a division h ques ks. Ma | m estication | will lodule tion s ach naxim | e, ou houl ques um | t of d bestion of 2 | f | 40 |
| | | | , | Tim | e: 2.5 h | ou | ırs | | | | |

Total Marks:[5x8 = 40 marks]

Total Marks: 0

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Oscillations and Wave Motion (7 hours)

Simple harmonic motion, damped and forced simple harmonic oscillator

Damped harmonic oscillator: derivation of equation of motion and its solution, under damped oscillators; energy decay in damped harmonic oscillator, Quality factor (qualitative)- Forced harmonic oscillator: equation of motion and its solution (No derivation), Amplitude resonance - Electrical analogy of mechanical oscillators - Numerical problems.

Transverse waves in one dimension

Transverse and Longitudinal waves - Transverse waves on a stretched string; the wave equation on a string, derivation for the velocity and frequency of transverse vibrations on a stretched string- Numerical problems.

MODULE II: Wave Optics (7 hours)

Interference of light by amplitude splitting

Interference of reflected light in thin films; Interference in thin films (Cosine law); Derivation of the conditions of constructive and destructive Interference - Air Wedge; Determination of thickness of a thin wire - Antireflection coatings - Numerical problems.

Diffraction of light

Fresnel and Fraunhofer classes of diffraction - Diffraction grating -Grating equation - Rayleigh's criterion for limit of resolution - Resolving power of a grating with expression (no derivation), Comparison of interference and diffraction - Numerical problems.

MODULE III: Quantum Mechanics and Nanophysics for Engineers (8 hours)

Wave nature of particles and the Schrodinger equation

Wave-Particle dualism; de Broglie hypothesis, de-Broglie wavelength – Wave function; Admissibility conditions, Physical significance, Probability density, Normalization condition - Time dependent Schrödinger wave equation - Time independent Schrödinger wave equation

Applying the Schrodinger equation-

Particle in a one-dimensional box; Energy Eigen values and normalized wave function - Numerical problems.

Nanophysics

Quantum confinement in one dimension, two dimensions and three dimensions-Quantum well, Quantum wires and Quantum dots, Properties of

nanomaterials-mechanical, electrical and optical, Applications of nanotehroby in Industry. (Qualitative ideas)

MODULE IV: Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory (7 hours)

Physics of gradient, divergence and curl – Gauss's divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem- Equation of continuity, Deduction of Maxwell's equations in vacuum - Electromagnetic waves: Electromagnetic wave equation in free space, velocity of Electromagnetic waves in free space,

Poynting's theorem (Qualitative)- Numerical problems.

MODULE V: Laser & Acoustics (7 hours)

Laser -Properties of laser - Absorption and Emission of radiation - Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation - population inversion - metastable states

- Basic components of laser; active medium, pumping mechanism, optical resonant cavity - Construction and working of Ruby laser - Applications of lasers in Engineering (qualitative ideas).

Acoustics - Characteristics of Sound-Pitch or frequency-Loudness or Intensity- Quality or timbre, Absorption coefficient, Reverberation & Echo - Reverberation time - Sabine's formula (no derivation), Factors affecting architectural acoustics and their remedies.

Text books

- 1. M.N.Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar, TVS Arun Murthy "A Text book of Engineering Physics", S.Chand & Co., Revised Edition 2019.
- 2. H.K.Malik, A.K. Singh, "Engineering Physics" McGraw Hill Education, Second Edition 2017

Reference books

- 1. Arthur Beiser, "Concepts of Modern Physics", Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 6th Edition 2003.
- 2. D.K. Bhattacharya, Poonam Tandon, "Engineerin Physics", Oxford University Press, 2015.
- 3. Md. N.Khan & S. Panigrahi "Principles of Engineering Physics 1&2" Cambridge University Press, 2016.
- 4. Aruldhas G., "Engineering Physics", PHI Pvt. Ltd., 2015.
- 5. Ajoy Ghatak, "Optics", Mc Graw Hill Education, Sixth Edition, 2017.
- 6. T. Pradeep, "Nano: The Essentials", McGraw Hill India Ltd, 2007.
- 7. Premlet B., "Advanced Engineering Physics", Phasor Books, 11 th edition, 2021.
- 8. I. Dominic and. A. Nahari, "A Text Book of Engineering physics", Owl Books Publishers, Revised edition, 2016.
- 9. H.D Young and R.A Freedman, University Physics with Modern Physics 2020, 15th Edition, Pearson, USA.
- 10.Griffiths "Introduction to Electrodynamics" 4th Edition, Pearson.

No. Simple harmonic motion, damped and forced simple harmonic oscillator. Damped harmonic oscillator: derivation of equation of motion and its solution, under damped oscillators; energy decay in damped harmonic oscillator, 1.1 COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE No. of Hours[36] Hours[36] 1 1

| 1.2 | Quality factor (qualitative), Numerical problems. | 1 |
|-----|--|--------|
| 1.3 | Forced harmonic oscillator: equation of motion and its solution (No derivation). | 1 |
| 1.4 | Amplitude resonance, Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 1.5 | Electrical problems. Analogy of mechanical oscillators- Numerical problems | 1 |
| 1.6 | Transverse waves in one dimension Transverse and Longitudinal waves - Transverse waves on a stretched string; the wave equation on a string, derivation for the velocity and frequency of transverse vibrations on a stretched string. | 1 |
| 1.7 | Numerical problems. | 1 |
| | MODULE II Wave Optics (7 hours) | |
| 2.1 | Interference of light by amplitude splitting Interference of reflected light in thin films; Interference in thin films (Cosine law). | 1 |
| 2.2 | Derivation of the conditions of constructive and destructive Interference, Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 2.3 | Air Wedge; Determination of thickness of a thin wire. | 1 |
| 2.4 | Antireflection coatings - Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 2.5 | Diffraction of light Fresnel and Fraunhofer classes of diffraction - Diffraction grating-Grating equation. | 1 |
| 2.6 | Rayleigh's criterion for limit of resolution - Resolving power of a grating with expression (no derivation). | 1 |
| 2.7 | Comparison of interference and diffraction - Numerical problems. | 1 |
| | MODULE III | |
| Qı | antum Mechanics and Nanophysics for Engineers (8 | hours) |
| 3.1 | Wave nature of particles and the Schrodinger equation Wave-Particle dualism; de Broglie hypothesis, de-Broglie wavelength, Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 3.2 | Wave function; Admissibility conditions, Physic significance, Probability density, Normalization condition. | -1 |
| 3.3 | Time dependent Schrödinger wave equation. | 1 |
| 3.4 | Time independent Schrödinger wave equation. | 1 |
| 3.5 | Applying the Schrodinger equation- Particle in a on dimensional box; Energy Eigen values and normalized warfunction. | - |
| 3.6 | Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 3.7 | Nanophysics: Quantum confinement in one dimensio two dimensions and three dimensions-Quantum we Quantum wires and Quantum dots. | |

| 3.8 | Properties of nanomaterials-mechanical, electrical and optical, Applications of nanotechnology in Industry. | 1 |
|-----|---|---|
| | (Qualitative ideas) | |
| | MODULE IV | |
| | Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory (7 hours) | |
| 4.1 | Physics of gradient, divergence and curl, Numerical problems. | 1 |
| 4.2 | Gauss's divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem, Equation of continuity. | 1 |
| 4.3 | Deduction of Maxwell's equations in vacuum (first two equations) | 1 |
| 4.4 | Deduction of Maxwell's equations in vacuum (third and fourth equations) | 1 |
| 4.5 | Electromagnetic waves: Electromagnetic wave equation in free space. | 1 |
| 4.6 | Velocity of Electromagnetic waves in free space, Numerical | 1 |
| | problems. | |
| 4.7 | Poynting's theorem (Qualitative) - Numerical problems. | 1 |
| | MODULE V | |
| | Laser & Acoustics (7 hours) | |
| | Laser -Properties of laser - Absorption and Emission of | |
| 5.1 | radiation - Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation - population inversion - metastable states - | 1 |
| 5.2 | Basic components of laser; active medium, pumping mechanism, optical resonant cavity. | 1 |
| 5.3 | Construction and working of Ruby laser. | 1 |
| 5.4 | Applications of lasers in Engineering (qualitative ideas). | 1 |
| 5.5 | Acoustics-Characteristics of Sound-Pitch or frequency- | 1 |
| | Loudness or Intensity - Quality or timbre | |
| 5.6 | Absorption coefficient, Reverberation & Echo - Reverberation time- Sabine's formula (no derivation), Numerical problems | 1 |
| 5.7 | Factors affecting architectural acoustics and their remedies. | 1 |
| | | |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | Experiment |
|-----|--------------|-----------------|--|
| 1 | Oscillations | 4 | Resonance phenomenon in mechanical oscillators. LCR Circuit – Forced and damped |
| | | | harmonic oscillations. |
| 2 | Waves | 4 | 1. Melde's string apparatus- Measurement of frequency in the transverse mode. |
| | | | 2. Melde's string apparatus- |

| | | | Measurement of frequency in the longitudinal mode. |
|---|----------------------------|---|---|
| 3 | Interference | 4 | Wave length measurement of a monochromatic source of light using Newton's Rings method. Determination of diameter of a thin wire or thickness of a thin strip of paper using air wedge method. |
| 4 | Diffraction | 4 | Determination of resolving power of a plane transmission grating. Determination of the wavelength of a laser using diffraction grating. |
| 5 | Quantum Mechanics | 4 | Determination of the particle size of lycopodium powder. Numerical demonstration of the discrete energy levels and wavefunctions using Schrodinger equation. (e.g., Particle in a box problem) |
| 6 | Electromagnetic Theory | 4 | Determine the characteristics of EM waves using Hertz experiment. Determination of Numerical aperture of optic fiber using Laser. |
| 7 | Lasers y 6 experiments to | 4 | Determination of the wavelength of any standard laser using diffraction grating. Determination of Numerical aperture of an optic fiber using Laser. |

| | CO Assessment Questions |
|---|---|
| | 1) Compute the frequency and Quality factor for an LCR circuit with |
| | $L = 2mH$, $C = 5\mu F$ and $R = 0.2\Omega$. |
| 1 | 2) Frame any five numerical problems on oscillations with different difficulty levels and solve them. |
| | 3) Identify the applications of the theory of oscillations in the field |
| | of engineering and prepare a Power Point presentation on any |
| | one system which failed in applying the theory of damped or |
| | forced oscillation. (Eg: Failed due to damping, resonance etc.) |
| | 4) Determine experimentally the characteristics of an LCR oscillator. |

| 0 | 1) Light of wavelength 6000A ^o falls normally on a wedge-shaped film. The two plates touch at one and are separated at 10 cm from that end by a wire. If the bandwidth of interference pattern is 0.05mm, find the diameter of the wire. |
|---|---|
| 2 | 2) Design any three numerical problems on Interference and implement these using any one programming language and submit the source code and output. |
| | 3) Write a brief report on the limitations of any one optical instrument used in engineering systems. |
| | 4) Determine the wavelength of a laser source using diffraction grating. |
| 3 | 1) Apply the appropriate Schrodinger equation and compute the first three energy eigen values and wave functions of a particle trapped inside a well. |
| | 2) Make a video demonstrating any one Engineering System in which classical physics failed to give a perfect design and was designed with the aid of Quantum Mechanics. |
| 4 | 1) Determine the velocity of Electromagnetic waves in free space using Maxwell's equations. |
| | 2) Create a quiz based on numerical problems from electromagnetic theory using an appropriate tool. |
| 5 | Determine the wavelength of a standard laser source using diffraction grating arrangement. Determine experimentally the NA of an optic fibre cable. |
| | |

| 24ESI | 204 | J | _ | _ | _ | NG ANI |) | L | Т | P | J | S | С | Yea Introd | r of luction |
|--------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|-------|------------|------|------------|------|-------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | PF | ROGRA | AMMI | NG | | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 20 | 24 |
| Prean | nble: | This | course | ena | bles | student | s to | acq | uir | e | pro | ble | m | solving | gand |
| progra | ammiı | ng skill | s to so | lve co | mputa | ational | proble | ns. | Thi | s c | ou | rse | coz | ers Ba | sics of |
| Comp | uter F | Iardwa | re and | Softwa | are, C | Progran | nming | basi | cs, | arı | ays | s, s | trin | gs, stru | ıcture, |
| union | , func | tions, p | pointer | s and f | files. T | his cou | rse hel | lps t | he | lea | rne | rs t | o tl | hink log | gically, |
| comp | utatio | nally a | nd crea | tively | to solv | e real v | world p | rob | lem | s. | | | | | |
| Prereq | uisite | : Nil | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Course | Outo | omes: | After t | he con | npletic | n of th | e cours | se th | ıe s | tud | len | t wi | ill b | e able t | :O |
| CO 1 | Form | ıulate s | simple | algorit | hms/ | flowcha | rts for | arit | hm | eti | са | nd | log | ical pro | blems |
| | usin | g appro | priate | tools.[| Apply | level] | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 2 | Impl | ement o | conditio | onal b | ranchi | ng, iter | ation a | nd : | reci | ars | ion | .[U1 | nde | rstand | level] |
| со з | Use | arrays, | pointe | rs and | l stru | ctures 1 | o form | ulat | te a | lgo | ritl | ıms | s ar | nd impl | ement |
| | progr | rams.[U | Jnderst | and le | evel] | | | | | | | | | _ | |
| CO 4 | Deco | mpose | a probl | lem int | to fund | ctions a | nd syn | thes | size | ас | om | ple | te p | rogram | using |
| | divid | e and c | conque | r appr | oach.[ˈ | Unders | tand le | vel] | | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | Deve | lop rea | adable | C pr | ogram | s with | files | for | rea | adiı | ng | inţ | out | and s | toring |
| | outp | ut.[Und | lerstan | d level | [] | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 6 | Test | and | execu | te the | e pro | grams | by o | corre | ecti | ng | S | ynt | ax | and | logical |
| | error | s.[Und | erstand | l level] | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | CO - | PO MA | PPING | ì | | | | | | | |
| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PC |) 8 | P |) 9 | PO | 10 | PO11 | PO12 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | ٧ | / | | | | | | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | ٧ | / | | | | | | ✓ |
| со з | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | ٧ | / | | | | | | ✓ |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | ٧ | / | | | | | | ✓ |
| CO 5 | √ | ✓ | | | | | | V | / | | | | | | ✓ |
| CUS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

| | Continuou | s Assessme | nt Tools | End Semester |
|------------------|-----------|------------|----------------|--------------|
| Bloom's Category | Test1 | Test 2 | Other tools | Examination |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Analyse | | | ✓ | |
| Evaluate | | | | |
| Create | | | | |

| Assessment Pa | ttern for Lab component | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Place 's Catagory | Continuous Assessment Tools | | | | | | |
| Bloom's Category | Class work | Test1 | | | | | |
| Remember | | | | | | | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Analyse | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Evaluate | ✓ | | | | | | |
| Create | ✓ | | | | | | |
| Mark Di | istribution of CIA | | | | | | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| | a | Theory [L- Τ] | | Practio | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|---------------|--------|---------|------------|----------|----------------|--|
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Class work | Lab Exam | Total Marks | |
| 3-0-2-0 | 5 | 15 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 10 | 10 | 60 | |

| Total Marks distribution | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|----|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Total Marks | ESE Duration | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 60 | 40 | 2.5 Hours | | | | | |

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | ESE Marks |
|-----------|----------------|--|-----------|
| PATTERN 2 | | 2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours | 40 |
| | Total Marks: 0 | Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks] | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Basics of Computer Hardware and Software (7 hours)

Basics of Computer Architecture: Processor, Memory, Input& Output devices. Application Software & System software: Compilers, interpreters, High level and low level languages, Introduction to structured approach to programming, Flow chart, Algorithms, Pseudo code (bubble sort, linear search - algorithms and pseudocode).

MODULE II : Program Basics (8 hours)

Basic structure of C program: Character set, Tokens, Identifiers in C, Variables and Data Types, Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf. Operators and Expressions: Expressions and Arithmetic Operators, Relational and Logical Operators, Conditional operator, size of operator, Assignment operators and Bitwise Operators, Operators Precedence. Control Flow Statements: If Statement, Switch Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement, While Loop, Do While Loop, For Loop, Break and Continue statements. (Simple programs covering control flow).

MODULE III: Arrays and strings (7 hours)

Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, 2-Dimensional Array. String processing: In built String handling functions (strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets). Linear search program, bubble sort program, simple programs covering arrays and strings.

MODULE IV: Working with functions (7 hours)

Introduction to modular programming, writing functions, formal parameters, actual parameters, Pass by Value, Recursion, Arrays as Function Parameters structure, union, Storage Classes, Scope and life time of variables, simple programs using functions.

MODULE V: Pointers and Files (7 hours)

Basics of Pointer: Declaring pointers, accessing data though pointers, NULL pointer, array access using pointers, pass by reference effect. File Operations: open, close, read, write, append. Sequential access and random access to files: In built file handling functions (rewind() ,fseek(), ftell(), feof(), fread(), fwrite()), simple programs covering pointers and files.

Text books

- 1. Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, Byron Gottfried, Jitender Chhabra Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
- 2. Programming in ANSI C, E. Balagurusamy, Mcgraw Hill, 2019.
- 3. Programming in C, Asok N Kamthane, Pearson Education, 2015.
- 4. Computer Fundamentals, Anita Goel, Pearson Education.

References

- 1. Computer fundamentals and Programming in C, Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, Pearson Education, 2016.
- 2. The C Programming Language, Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, Pearson Education, 2015
- 3. Computer Basics and Programming in C, Rajaraman V, PHI, 2007.
- 4. Let us C, Yashavant Kanetkar, BPB Publications, 2016.

NPTEL/SWAYAM Courses

- 1. Introduction To Programming In C, Prof. Satyadev Nandakumar IIT Kanpur.
- 2. Problem Solving Through Programming In C, Prof. Anupam Basu IIT Kharagpur.

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| No. | | No. of | | | | | |
| | MODIUE 1 | Hours | | | | | |
| MODULE 1 1 1 Pasies of Computer Architecture: Processor 1 | | | | | | | |
| 1.1 | Basics of Computer Architecture: Processor | | | | | | |
| 1.2 | Basics of Computer Architecture: Memory | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.3 | Basics of Computer Architecture: Input& Output devices | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.4 | Application Software & System software: Compilers, interpreters, High level and low level languages | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.5 | Introduction to structured approach to programming, Flow chart | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.6 | Algorithms, Pseudo code | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.7 | Bubble sort, linear search - algorithms and pseudocode | 1 | | | | | |
| MODU | JLE II | | | | | | |
| 2.1 | Basic structure of C program: Character set, Tokens, Identifiers in C | 1 | | | | | |
| 2.2 | Basic structure of C program: Variables and Data Types , Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf | 1 | | | | | |
| 2.3 | Operators and Expressions: Expressions and Arithmetic Operators, Relational and Logical Operators. | 1 | | | | | |
| 2.4 | Operators and Expressions: Conditional operator, size of operator, Assignment operators and Bitwise Operators. Operators Precedence | 1 | | | | | |
| 2.5 | Control Flow Statements: If Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement.(Simple programs covering control flow) | 1 | | | | | |
| 2.6 | Control Flow Statements: Switch Statement, Break statement. (Simple programs covering control flow) | 1 | | | | | |
| 2.7 | Control Flow Statements: While Loop, Do While Loop (Simple programs covering control flow) | 1 | | | | | |
| 2.8 | Control Flow Statements: For Loop Continue statement (Simple | | | | | | |
| MODU | JLE III | | | | | | |
| 3.1 | Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, Simple programs covering 1 – Dimensional Array | 1 | | | | | |
| 3.2 | Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 2-Dimensional Array , Simple programs covering 2 – Dimensional Array | | | | | | |
| 3.3 | Arrays -2- Programs covering 1 and 2 – Dimensional Arrays | 1 | | | | | |
| 3.4 | String processing: In built String handling functions(strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets) | 1 | | | | | |
| 3.5 | Linear search program- Implementation | 1 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| 3.6 | Bubble sort program- Implementation | 1 |
|------|---|---|
| 3.7 | Simple programs covering arrays and strings | 1 |
| MODI | JLE IV | |
| 4.1 | Introduction to modular programming - writing functions | 1 |
| 4.2 | Writing functions with formal parameters and actual parameters | 1 |
| 4.3 | Writing functions with Pass by Value and Recursion | 1 |
| 4.4 | Writing functions with arrays as Function Parameters | 1 |
| 4.5 | Structure and union | 1 |
| 4.6 | Storage Classes, Scope and life time of variables | 1 |
| 4.7 | Simple programs using functions | 1 |
| MODI | JLE V | |
| 5.1 | Basics of Pointers: declaring pointers | 1 |
| 5.2 | Pointers: accessing data though pointers, NULL pointer, simple programs | 1 |
| 5.3 | Pointers: Array access using pointers, pass by reference effect, simple programs | 1 |
| 5.4 | File Operations: open, close, read, write, append | 1 |
| 5.5 | Programs using file operations | 1 |
| 5.6 | Sequential access and random access to files: In built file handling functions (rewind(), fseek(), ftell(), feof(), fread(), fwrite()), | 1 |
| 5.7 | Sequential access and random access to files: Simple programs | 1 |
| | | |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | Experiment |
|-----|---|-----------------|---|
| 1 | Basics of Computer Architecture: Processor, Memory, Input& Output devices | 1 | Familiarization of Hardware Components of a Computer |
| 2 | Application Software & System software: Compilers, interpreters, High level and low level languages | 1 | Familiarization of Linux environment – How to do Programming in C with Linux |
| 3 | Introduction to structured approach to programming, Flow chart | 2 | Familiarization of Tools - Flowgorithm and Raptor. Develop flowcharts and algorithms for a set of given problems |

| 4 | Basic structure of C program: Character set, Tokens, Identifiers in C, Variables and Data Types, Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf | 1 | Familiarization of console I/O and operators in C i) Display "Hello World" ii) Read two numbers, add them and display their sum iii) Read the radius of a circle, calculate its area and display it iv) Evaluate the arithmetic expression ((a -b / c * d + e) * (f +g)) and display its solution. Read the values of the variables from the user through console. |
|---|--|---|--|
| 5 | Operators and Expressions: Expressions and Arithmetic Operators, Relational and Logical Operators, Conditional operator, sizeof operator, Assignment operators and Bitwise Operators. Operators Precedence | 1 | i) Read 3 integer values and find the largest among them. ii) Read a Natural Number and check whether the |
| 6 | Control Flow Statements: If Statement, Switch Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement, While Loop, Do While Loop, For Loop, Break and Continue statements. | 1 | number is prime or not iii) Read a Natural Number and check whether the number is Armstrong or not |
| | Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, 2-Dimensional Array | 1 | i) Read n integers, store them in an array and find their sum and average |
| 7 | Linear search program, bubble sort program | 1 | ii) Read n integers, store them in an array and search for an element in the array using an algorithm for Linear Search iii) Read n integers, store them in an array and sort the elements in the array using Bubble Sort algorithm |
| 8 | String processing: In built String handling functions(strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets) | 2 | i) Read a string (word), store it in an array and check whether it is a palindrome |

| | | | word or not. ii) Read two strings (each one ending with a \$ symbol), store them in arrays and concatenate them without using library functions iii) Read a string (ending with a \$ symbol), store it in an array and count the number of vowels, consonants and spaces in it. |
|----|--|---|---|
| 9 | Introduction to modular programming, writing functions, formal parameters, actual parameters | 2 | i) Find the factorial of a given Natural Number n usingrecursive and non recursive functions |
| | Pass by Value, Recursion, Arrays as Function Parameters | 2 | ii) Read a string (word), store it in an array and obtain its reverse by using a user defined function. iii) Write a menu driven program for performing matrix addition, multiplication and finding the transpose. Use functions to (a) read a matrix, (b) find the sum of two matrices, (c) find the product of two matrices, (d) find the transpose of a matrix and (e) display a matrix. |
| 10 | Structure, union, Storage Classes, Scope and life time of variables, simple programs using functions | 2 | i) Read two input each representing the distances between two points in the Euclidean space, store these in structure variables and add the two distance values. ii) Using structure, read and print data of n employees (Name, Employee Id and Salary) iii) Declare a union containing |

| | | | 5 string variables (Name, House Name, City Name, State and Pin code) each with a length of C_SIZE (user defined constant). Then, read and display the address of a person using a variable of the union. | | | |
|----|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| 11 | Basics of Pointers: declaring pointers, accessing data though pointers, NULL pointer, array access using pointers, pass by reference effect | 3 | i) Do the following using pointers (a) add two numbers (b) swap two numbers using a user defined function ii) Input and Print the elements of an array using pointers iii) Compute sum of the elements stored in an array using pointers and user defined function. | | | |
| 12 | File Operations: open, close, read, write, append | 2 | i) Create a file and perform the following | | | |
| 13 | Sequential access and random access to files: In built file handlingfunctions (rewind(), fseek(), ftell(), feof(), fread(), fwrite()) | | (a)Write data to the file (b)Read the data in a given file & display the file content on console (c)append new data and display on console ii) Open a text input file and count number of characters, words and lines in it; and store the results in an output file. | | | |

| | CO Assessment Questions | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Write an algorithm and draw flowchart (using Flowgorithm/Raptor) | | | | | |
| 1 | a) To find the roots of a quadratic equation | | | | | |
| 1 | b) To check whether largest of 3 natural numbers is prime or not | | | | | |
| | c) To sort a set of numbers | | | | | |
| | Develop a C program | | | | | |
| 2 | a) To process a set of n natural numbers and to find the largest even | | | | | |
| 4 | number and smallest odd number from the given set of numbers. The | | | | | |
| | program should not use division and modulus operators. | | | | | |

| | b) To find the value of a mathematical function f which is defined as follows. f(n) = n! / (sum of factors of n), if n is not prime and f(n) = n! / (sum of digits of n), if n is prime. c) To evaluate the series x - x²/2! + x³/3! n terms, for a given values of x and n. |
|---|--|
| | Write a C program |
| | a) To sort a set of n integers and to find the number of unique numbers |
| 3 | and the number of repeated numbers in the given set of numbers. Use a function which takes an integer array of n elements, sorts the array using the Bubble Sorting Technique and returns the number of unique numbers and the number of repeated numbers in the given array. b) To read and multiply two matrices using pointers c) To process the marks obtained by n students of a class and prepare their rank list based on the sum of the marks obtained. There are 3 subjects for which examinations are conducted and the third subject is an elective where a student is allowed to take any one of the two courses offered. |
| | Write a menu driven program to |
| 4 | a) Read a matrix, display a matrix, add two matrices, multiply two matrices, check symmetry and transpose a matrix. |
| | b) To read the details of a set of students, display the details of all students, sort the details based on roll number, search for a student using name |
| | Write a C program to |
| _ | a) Process a text file and to print the Palindrome words into an output file. |
| 5 | b) Store the details of books in a library using a file and perform updation, |
| | deletion and insertion of a book from on the file based on title |
| 6 | Test and execute the above programs using a C Complier. |
| | |

| 24ESP205 | TECHNICAL ENGLISH FOR | L | Т | P | J | s | С | Year of Introduction |
|----------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------|
| | ENGINEERS | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 2024 |

Preamble: This course enables the students to use the basic skills of communication such as reading, listening, writing and speaking. The topics like Use of Language in communication, Oral Presentation, Interview Skills, Formal Writing, Reading Comprehension and Listening skills are covered in this course. The course helps the learners to communicate with group, face interviews and prepare technical documents in an effective manner.

Prerequisite: NIL

CO 5

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO 1 Use vocabulary and language skills in professional communication.
[Apply level]

CO 2 Demonstrate technical presentation and speaking skills. [Apply level]

CO 3 Make use of the interview skills in real life situation. [Apply level]

CO 4 Create professional and technical documents precisely. [Apply level]

CO - PO MAPPING

Use reading and listening techniques in an effective way. [Apply level]

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| CO 1 | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO 2 | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO 3 | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO 4 | | | | | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO 5 | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

| Plaam's Catagogg | Continu | ous Assess | End Semester | | | | |
|------------------|---------|------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Bloom's Category | Test 1 | Test 2 | Other tools | Examination | | | |
| Remember | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| Understand | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| Apply | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| Analyse | | | ✓ | | | | |
| Evaluate | | | ✓ | | | | |
| Create | | | ✓ | | | | |

Assessment Pattern for Lab component

| Places's Catagory | Continuous Assessment Tools | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Bloom's Category | Class work | Test1 | | | | |
| Remember | | | | | | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |

| Analyse | ✓ | ✓ |
|----------|---|---|
| Evaluate | | |
| Create | | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| | nce | Theory [L- T] | | | Practi | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|---|------------|-----------------------|----------------|----|
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | Attenda | Assignment Test-1 Test-2 | | Class work | Lab Exam/ Practice | Total Marks | |
| 2-0-2-0 | 5 | 15 | - | 10 | 20 10 | | 60 |

Total Marks distribution

| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|
| 100 | 60 | 40 | 2.5 Hours | | |

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | ESE Marks |
|-----------|----------------|---|-----------|
| PATTERN 2 | | 2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours | 40 |
| | Total Marks: 0 | Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks] | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Use of Language in communication

Significance of Technical communication- Technical vocabulary used in formal letters, emails, reports, misspelled words, synonyms, antonyms, and paraphrasing. Grammar- Subject-verb agreement, reported speech, active-passive voice, use of adjectives and adverbs, prepositions.

MODULE II: Oral Presentation

Voice Modulation, tone, Intonation, pronunciation, presentation skills, public speaking skills, Types of presentations, the use of visuals in presentation, debate, G.D., brainstorming, body language, and audience analysis.

MODULE III: Interview Skills

Interview skills: Objectives and types of interviews, preparing for interview, interview

etiquette, dress code, body language, online interview, panel interview, one-to-one interview, FAQ'S related to job interviews, and answering strategies.

MODULE IV: Formal Writing

Formal Writing: Letter- Formal, informal, and semi-formal. Email, Job application letters, C.V., Resume, and Biodata, minutes preparation, different types of reports, common errors in writing, use of sequence words, and Statement of purpose.

Reference styling, IEEE format, bibliography, analytical and issue-based essay writing, plagiarism.

MODULE V: Reading Comprehension and Listening skills

Reading, comprehension, and summarizing: Reading Styles, speed reading, critical reading, reading and comprehending longer and shorter technical articles from journals and newspapers, SQ3R method, PQRST method, identifying transitions of text, note taking.

Listening skills: Active and Passive listening, listening for general content, listening for specific information, developing effective listening skills, barriers to effective listening, listening to longer technical talks and classroom lectures, TED talks, taking notes while listening.

Text books / Reference books

- 1. Meenakshi Raman and Sangeetha Sharma, Technical Communication: Principles and Practice, 3rd edition, Oxford University Press, 2015
- 2. Anderson, P.V, Technical Communication, Thomas Wadsworth, Sixth edition, New Delhi, 2007
- 3. English for Engineers and Technologists (Combined edition, Vol,1 and 2), Orient Blackswann 2010
- 4. Seely, John, The Oxford Guide to Writing and Speaking, Oxford university Press, 1997
- 5. Ganguly, Anand, Success in Interview, RPH, Fifth edition, 2006
- 6. Effective Communication Skills. Kul Bhushan Kumar, Khanna Book Publishing, 2022.
- 7. Practical English Usage. Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
- 8. Remedial English Grammar. F.T. Wood. Macmillan. 2007
- 9. On Writing Well. William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001
- 10. Study Writing. Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly. Cambridge University Press. 2006.
- 11. Communication Skills. Sanjay Kumar and Pushplata. Oxford University Press. 2011
- 12. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

NPTEL/SWAYAM Courses for reference:

- 1. English Language for Competitive Exams Prof. Aysha Iqbal IIT Madras
- 2. Technical English for Engineers Prof. Aysha Iqbal IITM

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | I _ |
|-----|---|--------|
| | | No. of |
| No. | | Hours |
| | | [35] |
| | MODULE 1 | 8 Hrs |
| 1.1 | Introduction, misspelled words | 1 |
| 1.2 | Synonyms and antonyms | 1 |
| 1.3 | Technical vocabulary in email and letters and reports | 1 |
| 1.4 | Paraphrasing | 1 |
| 1.5 | Subject-verb agreement | 1 |
| 1.6 | Reported Speech | 1 |
| 1.7 | Active and passive voice | 1 |
| 1.8 | Preposition, use of adjectives and adverbs | 1 |
| | MODULE II | 6 Hrs |
| 2.1 | Presentation skills | 1 |
| 2.2 | Importance of voice modulation, tone, intonation | 1 |
| 2.3 | Use of visuals in presentation, public speaking skills | 1 |
| 2.4 | Debate and G.D – differences. | 1 |
| 2.5 | Body Language and audience analysis | 1 |
| 2.6 | Brainstorming | 1 |
| | MODULE III | 6 Hrs |
| 3.1 | Objectives of Interview, types of Interviews | 1 |
| 3.2 | Preparation strategies for attending interview | 1 |
| 3.3 | Dress code and body language for interviews. | 1 |
| 3.4 | Interview Etiquettes | 1 |
| 3.5 | FAQs related to job interviews | 1 |
| 3.6 | Strategies for different types of interviews- Online interview, panel | 1 |
| 3.0 | interview, one-to-one interview. | 1 |
| | MODULE IV | 9 Hrs |
| 4.1 | Formal, informal, and semi-formal letters | 1 |
| 4.2 | Email Writing and etiquette | 1 |
| 4.3 | Application letter, email. | 1 |
| 4.4 | C.V, Resume, Biodata – introduction and differences | 1 |
| 4.5 | C.V, Resume, Biodata writing process | 1 |
| 4.6 | Minutes preparation | 1 |
| 4.7 | Types of reports, use of sequence words | 1 |
| 4.8 | Statement of purpose, referencing style, bibliography. | 1 |
| 4.9 | IEEE format, plagiarism, issue-based essay writing. | 1 |

| | MODULE V | 6 Hrs |
|-----|---|-------|
| 5.1 | Reading Styles | 1 |
| 5.2 | Speed reading, critical reading | 1 |
| 5.3 | Comprehending longer and shorter technical articles from journals and newspaper | 1 |
| 5.4 | Reading methods, SQ3R and PQRST methods, identifying transitions in text | 1 |
| 5.5 | Active and Passive listening, Listening for general and specific content | 1 |
| 5.6 | Barriers to effective listening. | 1 |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | k'ynorimont | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Difference between literary and technical writing style | 1 | Writing exercises for both creative and technical writing that highlight Grammatical and linguistic differences between two. | | | | | |
| 2 | Presentation | 3 | Create and present a PPT based on a given topic. | | | | | |
| 3 | Group Discussion | 2 | Group discussion and debate based on a given topic. | | | | | |
| 4 | Voice modulation, tone, and intonation | | Analyze a given video presentations of | | | | | |
| 5 | Effects of body language in presentation and public speaking. | 1 | speakers, technocrats, and management experts based on the concepts learned. | | | | | |
| 6 | Interview Skills | 1 | Mock Panel Interview | | | | | |
| 7 | Interview body language and etiquette | 1 | Analyze the given videos of both mock/ original job interviews based on the concepts learned. | | | | | |
| 8 | Report writing | 1 | Writing exercises for different types of reports. | | | | | |
| 10 | Comprehension exercise | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Listening exercise – 1 | Answering the Ouestion / Note Making from | | | | | | |

| 1. Find the word with the correct spelling from the following list a) Accommodate b) Acommodate c) Accomadate d) Acomodate 2. Which word in the following list is closest to the meaning of the word 'gloomy' CO1 a) Happy b) Sad c) Enthralled d) elated. 3. Select the most suitable preposition for the sentence from the following list I was born May (in / on / at) My friend lives Beach Road (in/on/at) 1. What is the significance of body language in presentation? 2. Explain the strategies to improve your Debate skills. CO2 3. How important is visual aid for presentations? 4. As a student who presented a slide presentation, how will you respond to a disturbed audience? 1. Explain the significance of non-verbal communication in interviews. 2. What are the differences that you will make while attending an online interview instead of an off line interview. CO3 3. How will you politely respond to a question asked to you in an interview to which you don't know the answer? 4. As a viewer of the mock interview conducted in the class, what were the do's and don'ts to be followed in an interview. 1. What are the differences between a C.V., Resume and Biodata? 2. Write an email to the manager of ABC Technologies asking for an | | CO Assessment Questions |
|---|-----|--|
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| 2. Write an email to the manager of ABC Technologies asking for an | | the do's and don'ts to be followed in an interview. |
| 2. Write an email to the manager of ABC Technologies asking for an | | 1. What are the differences between a C.V., Resume and Biodata? |
| | 004 | 2. Write an email to the manager of ABC Technologies asking for an |
| opportunity to be included in their internship program | CO4 | opportunity to be included in their internship program |
| 3. What are the different types of reports? | | 3. What are the different types of reports? |
| 1. What is critical reading? What are the advantages of critical reading | | 1. What is critical reading? What are the advantages of critical reading |
| over speed reading? | 005 | over speed reading? |
| C05 2. Write down the lyrics of the song as you hear it. | C05 | 2. Write down the lyrics of the song as you hear it. |
| 3. Write a synopsis of the journal article that you just read. | | 3. Write a synopsis of the journal article that you just read. |

| 24MCP210 | IDEA LAB | L | T | P | J | s | С | Year of Introduction |
|----------|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------|
| | | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 2024 |

Preamble: This course enables the learners to understand the concepts of design, development and documentation tools under various domains in engineering. The various topics covered in this course are concepts of Microcontroller Programming, PCB Designing and Prototyping, Modelling, Slicing, Cutting, Routing, and Documentation & version control Tools. This course helps the students to design and develop real life applications using multidisciplinary engineering aspects.

Prerequisite: NIL

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- **co** 1 Develop project using appropriate Microcontroller Programming languages. [Apply level]
- co 2 Develop product using PCB Design and Prototyping concepts. [Apply level]
- **co 3** Create 2D and 3D models using appropriate tools. [Apply level]
- Create electronic documentation for the system/project using appropriate tools. [Apply level]
- **CO 5** Build useful and standalone system/ project with enclosures. [Apply level]

CO - PO MAPPING

| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ |

Assessment Pattern for Lab component

| Places la Catago | Continuous Assessment Tools | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bloom's Category | Class work | Test1 | | | | | |
| Remember | | | | | | | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Analyse | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Evaluate | ✓ | | | | | | |
| Create | ✓ | | | | | | |

Assessment Pattern for Project component

| Pleam's Category | Continuous Assessment Tools | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Bloom's Category | Evaluation 1 | Evaluation 2 | Report | | | | |
| Remember | | | | | | | |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Analyse | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |

| Evaluate | ✓ | |
|----------|---|--|
| Create | ✓ | |
| | | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| | | Theory [L | - T] | Practic | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|----------|--------|-------|
| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Lab work | Test 2 | Total |
| 2-0-2-0 | 5 | 10 | 20 | *45 | 20 | 100 |

^{*} As part of their lab work, students are required to submit a Micro project. The total marks for the lab component in the idea lab are calculated as a cumulative sum of the continuous assessment of lab work, which carries 20 marks, and the micro project evaluation, which carries 25 marks. The micro project evaluation is further divided into three components: 10 marks for the intermediate evaluation of the micro project, 10 marks for the project presentation and demonstration, and 5 marks for the micro project report submitted at the end of the semester.

| Total Marks distribution | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration | | | | | | |
| 100 | 100 | - | - | | | | | | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Introduction Microcontroller Programming

Introduction to micro controller and embedded systems, Introduction to Arduino and its IDE Concept of digital and analog ports, registers, memory, timer, counter.

Embedded C programming: Arduino data types, operators, Array, Loop, Functions.

MODULE II: Microcontroller Programming

Embedded C programming: Working with Serial Monitor, Pins Configuration as INPUT/OUTPUT, digitalRead(), digitalWrite(), Interrupts, delay(),Pull-up resistors. Interfacing a 8-bit LCD to Arduino, Running message display.

Sensor/Actuator Interface: Temperature Sensor, LDR based sensor, IR and Ultrasonic sensors, Relay, LED, Servomotor.

MODULE III: PCB Designing and Prototyping

Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules. Design any two simple circuit using Easy EDA/Eagle/Flat CAM, Routing and Generating GERBER file.

PCB Chemical etching Vs Milling techniques, PCB Chemical Etching/Milling

MODULE IV: << Modelling, Slicing, Cutting, Routing >>

3D modeling, Slicing, 3 D printing, 2D design using Inkscape, Laser CAD, Laser Cutting, 2D modelling, CNC Routing, CNC Routing, Tool familiarization

MODULE V: << Documentation and version control Tools >>

Familiarization of Google Docs, Google Sheets, Google Slides, Google Drawings, Google Forms Google Sites, Creating Google sheets, Google slides, Google forms and Google sites

Doxygen – Overview, Installation, Getting started, Documenting the code, Markdown support, Lists, Grouping, Including formulas, Including tables, Graphs and diagrams, Preprocessing, Output Formats, Searching, Customizing the output, Custom Commands, Linking to external documentation,

Reference books

- 1. AICTE's Prescribed Textbook: Workshop / Manufacturing Practices (with Lab Manual), Khanna Book Publishing
- 2. All-in-One Electronics Simplified, A.K. Maini; 2021. ISBN-13: 978-9386173393, Khanna Book Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 3. Simplified Q&A Data Science with Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Deep Learning, Rajiv Chopra, ISBN: 978-9355380821, Khanna Book Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 4. 3D Printing & Design, Dr. Sabrie Soloman, ISBN: 978-9386173768, Khanna Book Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 5. The Big Book of Maker Skills: Tools & Techniques for Building Great Tech Projects. Chris Hackett. Weldon Owen; 2018. ISBN-13: 978-1681884325.
- 6. The Total Inventors Manual (Popular Science): Transform Your Idea into a Top-Selling Product. Sean Michael Ragan (Author). Weldon Owen; 2017. ISBN-13: 978-1681881584.
- 7. Make: Tools: How They Work and How to Use Them. Platt, Charles. Shroff/Maker Media. 2018. ISBN-13: 978-9352137374
- 8. The Art of Electronics. 3rd edition. Paul Horowitz and Winfield Hill. Cambridge University Press. ISBN: 9780521809269
- 9. Practical Electronics for Inventors. 4th edition. Paul Sherz and Simon Monk. McGraw Hill. ISBN-13: 978-1259587542
- 10. Encyclopedia of Electronic Components (Volume 1, 2 and 3). Charles Platt. Shroff Publishers. ISBN-13: 978-9352131945, 978-9352131952, 978-9352133703
- 11. Building Scientific Apparatus. 4th edition. John H. Moore, Christopher C. Davis, Michael A. Coplan and Sandra C. Greer. Cambridge University Press. ISBN-13: 978-0521878586
- 12. Programming Arduino: Getting Started with Sketches. 2nd edition. Simon Monk. McGraw Hill. ISBN-13: 978-1259641633
- 13. Make Your Own PCBs with EAGLE: From Schematic Designs to Finished Boards. Simon Monk and Duncan Amos. McGraw Hill Education. ISBN-13: 978-1260019193.
- 14. Pro GIT. 2nd edition. Scott Chacon and Ben Straub. A press. ISBN-13: 978-1484200773
- 15. Venuvinod, PK., MA. W., Rapid Prototyping Laser Based and Other Technologies, Kluwer.

- 16. Ian Gibson, David W Rosen, Brent Stucker., "Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing", Springer, 2010
- 17. Chapman W.A.J, "Workshop Technology", Volume I, II, III, CBS Publishers and distributors, 5th Edition,2002

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | | | | | |
|-----|---|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | | No. of | | | | |
| No. | | Hours | | | | |
| | | [19] | | | | |
| | MODULE 1 | | | | | |
| 1.1 | Introduction to micro controller and embedded systems, | 1 | | | | |
| 1.2 | Introduction to Arduino and its IDE Concept of digital and analog | 1 | | | | |
| 1.2 | ports, registers, memory, timer, counter. | | | | | |
| 1.3 | Embedded C programming: Arduino data types, operators, Array, Loop, Functions. | 1 | | | | |
| | MODULE II | | | | | |
| 2.1 | Embedded C programming: Working with Serial Monitor, Pins Configuration as INPUT/OUTPUT. | 1 | | | | |
| 2.2 | Embedded C programming: digitalRead(), digitalWrite(), Interrupts, delay(),Pull-up resistors. | 1 | | | | |
| 2.3 | Embedded C programming: Interfacing a 8 bit LCD to Arduino, Running message display | | | | | |
| 2.4 | Sensor/Actuator Interface: Temperature Sensor, LDR based sensor, | | | | | |
| | MODULE III | | | | | |
| 3.1 | Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules. | 1 | | | | |
| 3.2 | Routing and Generating GERBER file | 1 | | | | |
| 3.3 | PCB Chemical etching Vs Milling techniques, PCB Chemical Etching/Milling | 1 | | | | |
| | MODULE IV | | | | | |
| 4.1 | 3D modeling, Slicing, 3 D printing | 1 | | | | |
| 4.2 | 2D design using Inkscape, Laser CAD | | | | | |
| 4.3 | Laser Cutting, 2D modelling, CNC Routing, | 1 | | | | |
| 4.4 | CNC Routing Tool familiarisation | | | | | |
| | MODULE V | | | | | |
| 5.1 | Familiarization of Google Docs, Google Sheets, Google Slides, | 1 | | | | |
| 5.2 | Google Drawings, Google Forms Google Sites | 1 | | | | |
| 5.3 | Doxygen – Overview, Installation, Getting started, Documenting the code, Markdown support, Lists, | 1 | | | | |

| 5.4 | Doxygen - Grouping, including formulas, Including tables, Graphs and diagrams, Preprocessing | 1 |
|-----|---|---|
| 5.5 | Doxygen – Output Formats, Searching, Customizing the output, Custom Commands, Linking to external documentation | 1 |

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

| No. | Topic | No. of Hours | Experiment | | |
|-----|--|-----------------|---|--|--|
| 1 | Introduction to micro controller and embedded systems, | | | | |
| 2 | Introduction to Arduino and its IDE Concept of digital and analog ports, registers, memory, timer, counter. | 3 | Simple Embedded C programs: Arduino data types, operators, Array, Loop, Functions | | |
| 3 | Embedded C programming: Arduino data types, operators, Array, Loop, Functions. | | Array, Loop, Functions | | |
| 4 | Serial Monitor, Pins Configuration as INPUT/OUTPUT, digitalRead(), digitalWrite(), Interrupts, delay(),Pullup resistors. | 5 | Embedded C programs to working with Serial Monitor, Pins Configuration as INPUT/OUTPUT, digitalRead(), digitalWrite(), Interrupts, delay(),Pull-up resistors. Implement: Water level control system. Distance measurement and Display unit. Home Automation system. | | |
| 5 | Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules. | 6 | Design any two simple circuit using Easy EDA/ Eagle/ FlatCAM Routing and Generating GERBER file | | |
| 6 | PCB Chemical etching Vs Milling techniques | 2 | Experiments with PCB Chemical Etching/Milling | | |
| 7 | 3D modeling, Slicing, 3 D printing, 2D design using Inkscape, Laser CAD, Laser Cutting, 2D modelling, CNC Routing, CNC Routing, Tool familiarization | 14 | Machining of 3D geometry on soft material such as soft wood or modelling wax, 3D scanning of computer mouse geometry surface. 3D printing of scanned geometry. 2D profile cutting of press fit box/casing in acrylic (3 or 6 | | |

| | | | mm thickness)/cardboard,D profile cutting on plywood /MDF (6-12 mm) for press fit designs |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | Familiarization of Google Docs, Google Sheets, Google Slides, Google, Drawings, Google Forms Google Sites | | Exercise for creating Google sheets, Google slides, Google forms and Google sites |
| 9 | Doxygen – Overview, Documenting the code, Markdown support, Lists, Grouping, Including formulas, Including tables, Graphs and diagrams, Preprocessing, Output Formats, Searching, Customizing the output, Custom Commands, Linking to external documentation. | 4 | Doxygen –Installation, Getting started Document the programs created for Raspberry pi and Arduino using Doxygen |
| | Familiarisation of Version control tools - GIT and GitHub | 4 | At least two programs in programming exercises must be done using GitHub |

| | | | | | | | L | Т | P | J | s | c . | Year | _ |
|-------|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------|---------|------|------|--------------|------|---------|----------|---------|
| 24HI | U L209 | | DESI | GN TH | HINKIN | IG | | | | | | 1 | ntrodu | |
| D | - 1 -1 /T/1- | : | | 1-1 41- | 1 | | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 202 | |
| | nble: Th | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ng and | | | | | _ | | | | | | | various | - |
| | ed in th | - | | | _ | | _ | | | | | _ | _ | _ |
| _ | nious and fixing problems, Prototype and testing, Design thinking and customer | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | tricity. This course helps the learners to apply design thinking approach while | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | leveloping practical solutions for real world problems. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Prerequisite: NIL Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cours | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO1 | _ | | | - | | | | ries | an | a m | ıem | ory te | chniqu | es and |
| | apply t | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 |
| CO2 | _ | | | - | | | - | | | | ex | pressi | ons to | better |
| | unders | | | | | | | | | | | . • | 1 0 | |
| СОЗ | | - | | | | _ | | | | ınn | iova | ation (| cycle of | design |
| | thinkir | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO4 | _ | | | or rea | l-world | l engir | neering | g pr | obl | ems | s b | y app | lying c | reative |
| | design | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO5 | | | | | | | ıpact o | n ev | ery | <i>r</i> day | / de | cision | s therel | oy lead |
| | and/or | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C06 | | | | | _ | | | | - | | | | ting cu | |
| | _ | | • | | | | | | | | | | perienc | |
| CO7 | Develo | p new | design | s for s | imple | produc | ts usi | ng i | bio- | mir | nic | ry to 1 | oring o | at new |
| | nature | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO8 | Solve 1 | practic | al engi | ineerin | g prob | olem th | irough | in | nov | ativ | e p | produc | et desig | n and |
| | creativ | e solut | ion | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | CO - I | PO MA | PPING | | | | | | | |
| CO | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | P | 80 | P | 09 | PO1 | PO11 | PO12 |
| CO1 | ✓ | | | | | | | - | / | , | ✓ | | | ✓ |
| CO2 | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | | | / | • | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO3 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | | | ✓ | • | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO4 | | | | | | | | | / | • | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO5 | | | | | | ✓ | | | / | • | / | ✓ | | ✓ |
| C06 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | / | • | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO7 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | | | / | , | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| | | | | - | Assess | ment I | Patter | n | | | | | | |
| | P1 | | N-4 | | | | Conti | nuc | us | Ass | ses | smen | t Tools | |
| | RIO | om's C | Catego | ry | | Class work | | | | Test 1 | | | | |
| Reme | mber | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Under | stand | | | | | | ✓ | | | | | | ✓ | |
| Λ1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

✓ ✓

Apply

√

| Analyse | ✓ | ✓ |
|----------|---|---|
| Evaluate | ✓ | |
| Create | ✓ | |

Mark Distribution of CIA

| Course Structure [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Class work | Lab Exam/ Presentation | Total Marks |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 0-0-2-0 | 5 | 35 | 10 | 50 |

Total Mark distribution

| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Marks) | ESE Duration |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 50 | 50 | - | - |

SYLLABUS

An Insight to Learning - Understanding the Learning Process, Kolb's Learning Styles, Assessing and Interpreting. Remembering Memory - Understanding the Memory process, Problems in retention, Memory enhancement techniques, Emotions: - Experience & Expression, Understanding Emotions- Experience & Expression, Assessing Empathy, Application with Peers.

Basics of Design Thinking - Definition of Design Thinking, Need for Design Thinking, Objective of Design Thinking, Concepts & Brainstorming, Stages of Design Thinking Process (explain with examples) – Empathize, Define, Ideate, Prototype, Test

Being Ingenious & Fixing Problem - Understanding Creative thinking process, Understanding Problem Solving, Testing Creative, Problem Solving, Process of Product Design - Process of Engineering Product Design, Design Thinking Approach, Stages of Product Design, Examples of best product designs and functions, Assignment – Engineering Product Design

Prototyping & Testing - What is Prototype? Why Prototype? Rapid Prototype Development process, Testing, Sample, Example, Test Group Marketing, Celebrating the Difference - Understanding Individual differences & Uniqueness, Group Discussion and Activities to encourage the understanding, acceptance and appreciation of Individual differences

Design Thinking & Customer Centricity - Practical Examples of Customer Challenges, Use of Design Thinking to Enhance Customer Experience, Parameters of Product experience, Alignment of Customer Expectations with Product Design, Feedback, Re-Design & Re-Create Feedback loop, Focus on User Experience, Address "ergonomic challenges, User focused design, rapid prototyping & testing, final product, Final Presentation – "Solving Practical Engineering Problem through Innovative Product Design & Creative Solution".

Text books

- 1. YousefHaik, Sangarappillai Sivaloganathan, Tamer M. Shahin, Engineering Design Process, Cengage Learning 2003, Third Edition, ISBN-10: 781305253285,
- 2. Voland, G., Engineering by Design, Pearson India 2014, Second Edition, ISBN 9332535051

Reference books

- 1. Philip Kosky, Robert Balmer, William Keat, George Wise, Exploring Engineering, Fourth Edition: An Introduction to Engineering and Design, Academic Press 2015, 4th Edition, ISBN: 9780128012420.
- 2. Clive L. Dym, Engineering Design: A Project-Based Introduction, John Wiley & Sons, New York 2009, Fourth Edition, ISBN: 978-1-118-32458-5
- 3. Nigel Cross, Design Thinking: Understanding How Designers Think and Work, Berg Publishers 2011, First Edition, ISBN: 978-1847886361
- 4. Pahl, G., Beitz, W., Feldhusen, J., Grote, K.-H., Engineering Design: A Systematic Approach, Springer 2007, Third Edition, ISBN 978-1-84628-319-2

Reference materials

- 1. Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation: What They Can't Teach You at Business or Design School, https://www.amazon.in/Design-Thinking-Strategic-Innovation-Business/dp/8126572698/
- 2. Don't Make Me Think, Revisited: A Common Sense Approach to Web Usability (3rd Edition), https://www.amazon.in/Dont-Make-Think-Revisited-Usability/dp/9332542864/
- 3. Design as Art (Penguin Modern Classics) https://www.amazon.in/Design-Art-Penguin-Modern-Classics/dp/0141035811/
- 4. Hooked: How to Build Habit-Forming Products ₹ 368 https://www.amazon.in/Hooked-How-Build-Habit-Forming-Products/dp/0241184835/
- 5. Emotional Design https://www.amazon.in/Emotional-Design-Don-Norman/dp/0465051367/
- 6. Value Proposition Design: How to Create Products and Services Customers Want https://www.amazon.in/Value-Proposition-Design-Products-Customers/dp/8126553073/
- 7. The Art Of Creative Thinking , https://www.amazon.in/Art-Creative-Thinking-Rod-Judkins/dp/1444794485/
- 8. Lateral Thinking: A Textbook of Creativity, https://www.amazon.in/Lateral-Thinking-Creativity-Edward-Bono/dp/0241257549/
- 9. This is Service Design Thinking: Basics, Tools, Cases , https://www.amazon.in/This-Service-Design-Thinking-Basics/dp/1118156307/
- 10.The Design of Business, https://www.amazon.in/Design-Business-Roger-L-Martin/dp/1422177807/
- 11. The Design Thinking Playbook: Mindful Digital Transformation of Teams, Products, Services, Businesses, and Ecosystems https://www.amazon.in/Design-Thinking-Playbook-Transformation-Businesses/dp/1119467470/
- 12. Thinking, Fast and Slow (Penguin Press Non-Fiction) https://www.amazon.in/Thinking-Fast-Penguin-Press-Non-Fiction/dp/0141033576/

| | LIST OF EXPERIMENTS | | | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| No. | Experiments | | | | | |
| No. | Topic: An Insight to Learning, Remembering Memory, Emotions: Experience & Expression. 1. Group discussion/ Video presentation that addresses the concepts that shall be conveyed through the following questions. a) How learning happens? b) What are the main components of Kolb's cycle of experiential learning and examples? c) What is the memory process? d) What are the different memory enhancement techniques? e) What is the need for understanding emotions? f) Identify the different ways of assessing empathy and applying them among peers. g) Assume you got a chance to teach capitals of different countries in a UKG class. Illustrate what different memory enhancement techniques you will use through a role play. 2. Each team member of the group lists your positive and negative emotions. Among team members, discuss how each one of you manage each emotions. (Like finding happiness, escaping from | | | | | |
| 2 | sadness, managing anger, Facing fear, Overcoming shame etc you can put more questions). After the discussion did you get some technique to manage your emotion in a better way? Topic: - An Approach to Introduce and Instill Design Thinking. – Class discussion based on the following questions and write down the conclusion in Work Book. a) What do you mean by designing something? What is design thinking and why it is needed? b) What are the different stages of design thinking process? c) How does the design thinking approach help engineers in creating innovative and efficient designs? d) How can the engineers arrive at better designs utilizing the iterative design thinking process (in which knowledge acquired in the later | | | | | |
| 3 | stages can be applied back to the earlier stages)? e) Describe the design thinking process using appropriate examples. Topic: - Activities on becoming Ingenious to Apply Design Thinking to Solve Real-world Problems. Take up a real-world problem and apply creative thinking design to solve them. Make a video presentation based on your work that shall include the answer to following questions. a) What is creative thinking process? b) How can you describe the process of problem solving with examples? | | | | | |

| | a) II |
|---|---|
| | c) How creative thinking process helps in problem solving? |
| | d) How to test the efficacy of creative problem solving process? |
| | Topic :- Perform Designing of an Innovative Product- |
| | i) Perform group discussion on following points |
| | a) How is engineering product design different from other kinds of |
| | design? |
| 4 | b) Where and when do engineers perform product design? |
| - | c) What are the different stages of product design? |
| | d) What are the different examples for best product designs and |
| | functions? |
| | ii) Based on the concepts learned, design an innovative product in your |
| | mind and give presentation. |
| | Topic: - Learn the Prototype Development Process and Testing. |
| | Illustrate the following concepts using appropriate tools. |
| | a) How to predict whether the design will function well or not? |
| _ | b) How do mathematics and physics become a part of the design |
| 5 | process? |
| | c) What is Prototype? Why it is needed? |
| | d) What is rapid prototype development process? |
| | e) List the different methods in which the prototype of a product can be |
| | generated and tested. |
| | Topic- Active Learning the Process of Divergent-Convergent Thinking and |
| | Designing in a Team: 1. Perform group discussion and/or other activities within a design |
| | team to refine and narrow down to the 'best design'. Create a report |
| | which specifies, how you identified and managed the following |
| | questions during the design. |
| | a) Describe how to create a number of possible designs and then |
| 6 | how to refine and narrow down to the 'best design'? |
| | b) Why differences and uniqueness of individuals arise while |
| | designing in a team? |
| | c) How to manage conflicts in a design team? |
| | d) What is the need for different ways for communicating any |
| | design such as graphical, oral, written, presentation, models, |
| | prototypes, and so on? |
| | Topic: - End User Feedback to Improve Design |
| 7 | Synthesize End User Feedback to Improve Design Solution you identified |
| | in the exercise number 6. |
| | Topic: - Develop Nature-inspired Designs utilizing Bio-mimicry, aesthetic, |
| | ergonomic and life cycle design approach: |
| 8 | i) Class discussion to understand the following concepts |
| | a) What is the significance of Modular Design, Life Cycle Design |
| | Approaches in Design? |
| | |

| | b) How does the intelligence in nature inspire engineering | | | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | designs? Give examples | | | | | | |
| | c) How do aesthetic and ergonomic challenges modify designs? | | | | | | |
| | d) How do concepts like value engineering, concurrent engineering | | | | | | |
| | and reverse engineering influence engineering designs? | | | | | | |
| | ii) Based on the understanding you acquired through discussion | | | | | | |
| | develop new designs for simple products using bio-mimicry so as to | | | | | | |
| | bring out new nature inspired designs. | | | | | | |
| | Topic: - Use Feedback to Improve Designs through Re-Design and Re- | | | | | | |
| | create. | | | | | | |
| | Get feedback of your any one of the earlier design exercises from the rest | | | | | | |
| | of the student groups and redesign accordingly. Also | | | | | | |
| | i) Answer the following questions | | | | | | |
| | a) How feedbacks can improve designs? How user experience | | | | | | |
| 9 | helps the re-design? | | | | | | |
| | b) What is a typical feedback loop in design process? | | | | | | |
| | c) What is user focused design? | | | | | | |
| | d) What is the role of rapid prototyping & testing in developing the | | | | | | |
| | final design of products? | | | | | | |
| | ii) Make a presentation to show the process of redesigning of an | | | | | | |
| | existing product based on feedbacks. | | | | | | |
| | Topic: - Applications of Design Thinking | | | | | | |
| 10 | Make presentation to illustrate that it is possible to provide innovative | | | | | | |
| | solutions for practical problems through Design Thinking | | | | | | |

| | | L | Т | P | J | S | C | Year of |
|----------|---------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------------|
| 24HUT211 | Universal Human Values-II | | | | | | | Introduction |
| | | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 2024 |

Preamble: This course helps the students to appreciate the essential complementarity between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings. The topics covered in this course are the concepts of self exploration, values and skills, happiness and prosperity, harmony in family and society, harmony in the nature and society, and ethical values needed for the life and profession of an individual. This course enables the learners to develop a holistic perspective towards life and profession & towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the human reality and the rest of existence.

Prerequisite: Universal Human Values I (Student Induction Program)

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- Evaluate the significance of value inputs in formal education and start applying them in their life and profession. [Apply level]
- CO2 Distinguish between values and skills, happiness and accumulation of physical facilities, the Self and the Body, Intention and Competence of an individual.

 [Analyse level]
- Demonstrate the value of harmonious relationship based on trust and respect in their life and profession. [Analyze level]
- Examine the role of a human being in ensuring harmony in society and nature.

 [Analyse level]
- Use the understanding of ethical conduct to formulate the strategy for ethical life and profession. [Apply level]

CO - PO MAPPING

| co | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | P06 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| CO1 | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO2 | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO3 | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO4 | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| CO5 | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |

Assessment Pattern

| Pleam's Catagory | Continu | ous Assessi Tools | End Semester | |
|------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Bloom's Category | Test1 | Test 2 | Other tools | Examination |
| Remember | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Understand | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Apply | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Analyse | | | | |
| Evaluate | | | | |
| Create | | | | |

| Mark Distribution of CIA | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Course Structure | | The | Total | | | | |
| [L-T-P-J] | Attendance | Assignment | Test-1 | Test-2 | Marks | | |
| 2-1-0-0 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 40 | | |
| | Total Ma | rk distribution | 1 | | | | |
| Total Marks | CIA (Marks) | ESE (Mari | ks) | ESE D | uration | | |
| 100 | 40 | 60 | | 3 hours | | | |

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

| PATTERN | PART A | PART B | ESE Marks |
|-----------|--|---|-----------|
| PATTERN 1 | 10 Questions, each question carries 2 marks Marks: (2x10 =20 marks) | 2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x8 = 40 marks) Time: 3 hours | 60 |
| | Total Marks: 20 | Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks] | |

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Introduction to Value Education

Right Understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility (Holistic Development and the Role of Education), Understanding Value Education, Self-exploration as the Process for Value Education, Continuous Happiness and Prosperity – the Basic Human Aspirations, Happiness and Prosperity – Current Scenario, Method to Fulfill the Basic Human Aspirations.

MODULE II: Harmony in the Human Being

Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the Self and the Body, distinguishing between the Needs of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Instrument of the Self, Understanding Harmony in the Self, Harmony of the Self with the Body, Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health.

MODULE III: Harmony in the Family and Society

Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interaction, 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship, 'Respect' – as the Right Evaluation, Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship, Understanding Harmony in the Society, Vision for the Universal Human Order.

MODULE IV: Harmony in the Nature/Existence

Understanding Harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfillment among the Four Orders of Nature, Realizing Existence as Coexistence at All Levels, Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence.

MODULE V: Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics

Natural Acceptance of Human Values, Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct, A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order, Competence in Professional Ethics, Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models- Typical, Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession.

Text books

- 1. A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1
- 2. Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, RR Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019.

Reference books

- 1. JeevanVidya: EkParichaya, A Nagaraj, JeevanVidyaPrakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
- 2. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. The Story of Stuff (Book). Annie Leonard, Publisher: Free Press (February 22, 2011), ISBN13: 9781451610291
- 4. The Story of My Experiments with Truth by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi

| | COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE | | | | | |
|-----|---|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| No. | | No. of Hours | | | | |
| NO. | | [36] | | | | |
| | MODULE 1 | | | | | |
| 1.1 | Understanding Value Education | 1 | | | | |
| 1.2 | Tutorial 1- Sharing about Oneself | 1 | | | | |
| 1.3 | Self-exploration as the Process for Value Education | 1 | | | | |
| 1.4 | Continuous Happiness and Prosperity – the Basic Human Aspirations | 1 | | | | |
| 1.5 | Tutorial 2 - Exploring Human Consciousness | 1 | | | | |
| 1.6 | Happiness and Prosperity – Current Scenario | 1 | | | | |
| 1.7 | Method to Fulfill the Basic Human Aspirations | 1 | | | | |
| 1.8 | Tutorial 3 - Exploring Natural Acceptance | 1 | | | | |
| | MODULE II | | | | | |
| 2.1 | Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the Self and the Body | 1 | | | | |
| 2.2 | Distinguishing between the Needs of the Self and the Body | 1 | | | | |
| 2.3 | Tutorial 1 - Exploring the difference of Needs of Self and Body | 1 | | | | |
| 2.4 | The Body as an Instrument of the Self and Understanding Harmony in the Self | 1 | | | | |
| 2.5 | Tutorial 2 - Exploring Sources of Imagination in the Self | 1 | | | | |

| 2.6 | Harmony of the Self with the Body | 1 |
|-----|---|---|
| 2.7 | Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health | 1 |
| 2.8 | Tutorial 3 - Exploring Harmony of Self with the Body | 1 |
| | MODULE III | |
| 3.1 | Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interaction | 1 |
| 3.2 | 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship | 1 |
| 3.3 | Tutorial 1 - Exploring the Feeling of Trust | 1 |
| 3.4 | 'Respect' – as the Right Evaluation | 1 |
| 3.5 | Tutorial 2 - Exploring the Feeling of Respect | 1 |
| 3.6 | Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship | 1 |
| 3.7 | Understanding Harmony in the Society and Vision for the Universal Human Order | 1 |
| 3.8 | Tutorial 3 - Exploring Systems to fulfill Human Goal | 1 |
| | MODULE IV | |
| 4.1 | Understanding Harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfillment among the Four Orders of Nature | 1 |
| 4.2 | Tutorial 1 - Exploring the Four Orders of Nature | 1 |
| 4.3 | Realizing Existence as Co-existence at All Levels | 1 |
| 4.4 | The Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence | 1 |
| 4.5 | Tutorial 2 - Exploring Co-existence in Existence | 1 |
| | MODULE V | |
| 5.1 | Natural Acceptance of Human Values, Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct | 1 |
| 5.2 | Exploring Ethical Human Conduct | 1 |
| 5.3 | A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order, Professional Ethics | 1 |
| 5.4 | Exploring Humanistic Models in Education | 1 |
| 5.5 | Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models-Typical Case Studies | 1 |
| 5.6 | Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession | 1 |
| 5.7 | Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order | 1 |

| CO Assessment Questions | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | 1. What does a fulfilling life mean for you? List out the top five points that | | | |
| | occur to you when you think of a fulfilling life. While making the list, please consider your entire life, not just the present stage of your life | | | |
| | (youth, middle age, old age, etc.). | | | |
| | 2. Choose any five things that you consider as human values. Now write all | | | |
| | the basic guidelines, and check if you they satisfy the basic guidelines. | | | |

(Hint: Someone may say Trust is a human value. Now check if it satisfies the basic guidelines.]

3. List your activities throughout a typical day in your life. Categorize these activities as activity for developing right understanding, activity for fulfillment in relationship and activity for physical facility (see table, below).

| Activity | This activity has time and effort for | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|
| | Right | Fulfillment in | Physical | |
| | understanding | relationship | facility | |
| Exercise, playing games | 5 | ? | 2 hrs (for | |
| (2 hrs/day) | | | health of body) | |
| Talking with friends | ? | 3 hrs (for | ? | |
| | | relationship) | | |
| Studying | 1 hr (studying | | 6 hrs | |
| | for values) | , | (studying for | |
| | | | skills) | |

Sleeping

This is just a sample list. Please make your own list

Total Time and Effort

Max 24 hrs

Find out what percentage of your time and effort is being spent for each of these three. What do you conclude from this exercise?

Find out if the following are naturally acceptable to you.

| Statement | My present thinking (beliefs) about the statement | Naturally Acceptable? |
|---|---|--|
| I want to be happy | | |
| I want to make others happy | | |
| I want to be healthy | | |
| I want to live in relationship | | |
| I want to have more than others | | |
| I want to have more than what I really need | | |
| Feeling of respect in relationship | Only if you have money, people respect you | Feeling of respect is naturally acceptable in relationship |

Can you observe that when you really try, you can refer to your natural acceptance? Note any five things that appear naturally acceptable to you. Now, verify for yourself that your 'natural acceptance' does not change with time or place. It does not depend on your beliefs and past conditionings and that it is always there. If not, would you still call it your natural acceptance? And if not, what can it be termed as in place of natural

2

| | acceptance? e.g., eating sweets. It may appear naturally acceptable. Now |
|---|---|
| | explore, whether it changes with time, place and individual or not. You will |
| | see that sometimes you like eating sweets, while sometimes; you do not |
| | feel like eating sweets. Same thing happens with place. And not everyone |
| | wants to eat sweets. Thus, it does not fulfill the criterion. It is not your |
| | 'natural acceptance'. Then what is your natural acceptance? Find it out (here, while eating sweets is your liking, nurturing your Body is the natural |
| | acceptance). |
| | 1. "The pleasures that we derive from sensations are short lived and the |
| | efforts to extend them lead to misery" -Examine and illustrate this statement with an example. |
| | 2. Explain the activities of imaging, analyzing and selecting/tasting with a |
| 3 | diagram. With the help of an example, show how are they related. |
| | 3. "If I trust everyone, people would take undue advantage of me." Do you |
| | agree? Explain. |
| | 4. "When we are assured of the intention of the other and find that the |
| | competence is lacking, we become a help to the other. When we doubt |
| | the intention of the other, we get into opposition." Explain. |
| | 1. What in your opinion, is an effective way of ensuring prosperity in the |
| | family? What programs can you undertake in this respect? |
| 4 | 2. Indicate a few feasible steps to promote harmony in the society and co- |
| 4 | existence with nature. |
| | 3. "Other than human order, the three orders are mutually fulfilling to each other." Explain with examples. Why does human order fail to be |
| | mutually fulfilling to itself and to the other orders? |
| 5 | How does right understanding provide the basis for ethical human |
| | conduct? Give two examples. |
| | 2. What are the values in interaction of human beings with the material |
| | things? Give one example of each. |
| | 3. Visualize a framework for humanistic education for children. Suggest a |
| | few ways to modify present day school education. |
| | 4. Choose any one dimension (education, heath, production, justice, |
| | exchange) of human endeavor in a society. Suggest what role can you |
| | play in the chosen dimension through the orientation you are going to |
| | have through your professional education. |
| | |